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The Bombay Chronicle

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Jawahar's Retort To Zetland

Confidential Dispatches To Whit ehall

Governors' Plans To Discredit Opposition

(From Our Special Correspondent)
LONDON, April 9

As a result of the report from Allahabad that Pt. Jawaharlal declared that Congress will not compromise despite Lord Zetland's speech, the question that is being asked here is who speaks for Congress, Gandhiji or Pt. Jawaharlal?

There are indications here that the authorities take the view that a split between the Gandhi group and Jawaharlal group sooner or later is inevitable and the Rightists will ultimately accept Lord Zetland's statement despite Pt. Jawaharlal.

CONFIDENTIAL DISPATCHES.

At the same time, it is reported the Governors' of provinces where Congress refused to form cabinet patches to London. These dispatches to London. These despatches are responsible for the optimistic attitude of the authorities here regarding the smooth-working of the constitution by minority ministries.

I understand, Governors take the view that they need not necessarily delay summoning the respective legislatures for six months as minority Ministries will come out with this programme containing such reforms as will appeal to large masses of people. It is hoped, when confronted with such programme, the Congress opposition will not table motion of no-Confidence in the Ministries as such action on their part might irritate the electorate. Thus, Government expects to win with first round of the constitutional fight with Congress. But if the Congress majority pass such no-confidence motion minority ministries will refuse to observe the convention and will not resign. These ministries will continue to function despite adverse vote.

TO DISCREDIT OPPOSITION?

Thus Government hopes to discredit the Congress opposition in the eyes of the electorate which might turn round and ask Congressmen "what a fine mess you have made now?"

This will be looked upon as second win for Government against the Congress. Of course only those who rely upon dispatches of men on the spot can take such flattering optimistic view of the Indian situation and pretend to ignore the fact that the constitution has already broken down at the first touch of reality.

Incidentally it is reported, dispatches from Governors will form the subject of discussion in the House of Commons next week.

Dictators Talking... Of Democracy!

Congress Must Carry Out Electorate's Mandate

"WE SHALL PUT AN END TO THIS BOGUS ACT"

ALLAHABAD, April 9.

Interviewed by the Associated Press regarding Lord Zetland's statement Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said:

"We will be grateful to the Secretary of State for India for his statement clarifying the attitude of the Government. It is the old patronizing and hectoring attitude, which we have been long accustomed to.

People's Mandate

We are told to take the Act or leave it. It is time that the British Government realized that we do not take this Act. We reject it with all the strength that is in us. That has been our consistent policy and that was the mandate, which we have received from millions of people in India. If there is any force in democracy we must be true to our mandate from electorate.

DICTATORS & DEMOCRACY!

It is good that the Noble Lords tell us what democracy means, but it is not customary for democracy to be interpreted by the House of Lords or Herr Hitler or Sgr. Mussolini.

Bogus Act Must End

"It is as clear as the noon day sun that our paths lie in different directions. There is nothing in common between us and we shall go along our path resolutely and with the will to put an end to this bogus Act, which has been forced down upon us"—A.P.

BOMBAY MINISTRY'S "PAPER PROGRAMME"

Taking Wind Out Of Congress Sails Seems To Be Their Motive

(From Our Special Correspondent)

"A mountain in labour has produced a mouse" was the remark of a leading Congressman, after going through the programme of the Bombay Council of Ministers that has been released for publication.

The programme is a fairly good one though it is not as radical as it was given out to be. The whole programme has been so worded that it may mean anything. The impression that one gets after going through the programme is that it is similar to the statements that are usually issued either by the Government of India or the Government of Bombay which may mean anything but what they say.

PAPER PROGRAMME.

"It is a programme of gradual development. We realise that the whole of it cannot be achieved in the immediate future but we intend to pursue it without avoidable delay" say the Council of Ministers in placing the programme before the public. There lies the hitch. It is a paper programme. That is the reason they have gone to the extent they have done. "Let us take the wind out of the Congress sails" is clearly indicated as the motive behind the programme.

CAN DO PRETTY LITTLE!

The Council of Ministers know that they will not be in their ministerial chairs to carry out the programme they have drawn up and hence the long drawn out communique. Before the Legislature meets they can do pretty little to show that they mean what they say in the programme They may even bring forth measures before the House, when the Assembly meets to put the Congress in the wrong box. But they will have no opportunity to do that. The evening of the first day of the session will see them being given notice to quit by the Governor as the vote of "No-Confidence" will have been passed.

NO DANGER TO FRANC

Finance Minister Denies "Baseless Report"

PARIS, April 9.

The weakness of the Franc (which is quoted now at 110 to the pound in London, equal to a drop of two and half francs this morning) led the Minister of Finance to deny as baseless the report that the franc would be allowed to fall below the legal limit of a 111 to the pound or that any modification of the Tripartite Agreement was imminent.

The Ministry states that the rise in the Sterling and Dollar is due to causes outside French market such as the intention attributed to Mr. Roosevelt of modifying the United States gold policy and revaluing the dollar.—Reuter.

FALL OF FRANC

LONDON, April 9.

The prevailing nervousness of the foreign exchanges are amply reflected in to-day's sharp break of the Franc from the overnight level of 107.37 to 110.62, whereafter some recovery was noticeable.

Leading foreign exchange operators are somewhat puzzled as to the underlying motive, but owing to the diffident attitude of the French control, which has done little to check the fall, the opinion is gaining ground that the French authorities may be taking advantage of the present scare in allowing the Franc to slide down lower than the legal minimum value of about 112 to the pound sterling.

It is pointed out that rising prices in France have virtually cancelled out the benefits derived from establishing the Franc at around 105.00, and therefore the present would appear to be an opportune moment for the French authorities to carry out a readjustment, especially as the blame could be laid at Mr. Roosevelt's door.—Reuter.

NO CUTTING OF GOLD PRICE

Alleged Plans Are Press Canard, Opines Roosevelt

WASHINGTON, April 9.

President Roosevelt, at a Press Conference said he knew nothing about any plan to lower Government buying price of gold. He added that those alleged plans seemed to exist primarily in Press, specially foreign Press.

Pointing out that both he and the Treasury denied knowledge of the existence of any plan to change the gold price, Mr. Roosevelt said he would not attempt to manufacture a story by discussing the situation at length.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

CHAMBERS' FEDERATION CHIEF.

NEW DELHI, April 9.

Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy vice-President of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and industry was elected president of that body for the ensuing year.

According to convention the election was uncontested.—A. P.

CHHATARI-SAPRU TALKS

ALLAHABAD, April 9.

The Nawab of Chhatari, Chief Minister of the United Provinces, came to Allahabad to-day and was closeted with Sir Jej Bahadur Sapru for two hours this noon.

It is understood that the Chief Minister had consultation regarding some problem pertaining to the Ministerial duties he has recently assumed.—United Press.

Move For Parallel Assembly In U. P.

LAKHKISANS TO MARCH TO COUNCIL CHAMBER

Minority Cabinet Must Quit, Governor Must Accede To Wishes Of Majority

LUCKNOW, April 9.

While a Unao message states that the Unao Kisan Sangh has decided to arrange a march of a hundred thousand Kisans to the Council Chamber at Lucknow, with a view to compelling the U.P. Legislators to give effect to the Congress agrarian programme, Mr. Gopinath Srivastava, M.L.A., and Mr. Keshavadeva Malaviya, M.L.A. suggest the holding of a parallel Assembly session, if Government do not call one shortly, for the purpose of arranging the attendance of two lakhs of villagers at their meeting in order to explain to them what the Congress would have done had a session been held or if the Congress were given assurances by the Governors and had formed ministries.

Minority Cabinet Must Quit

These two M.L.A's also advise the minority Ministries to quit office before it is too late. and advise Governors to do what is the only course left, namely, to accede to the wishes of the majority.—A.P.

CONGRESS TERMS ARE FINAL

ALLAHABAD, April 9.

Regarding the Constitutional deadlock and the suggestion for mediation between the Congress and Government, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru when approached said that Congress had placed all its cards on the table. He stressed the point that there was no question of their approaching Government in any way in this matter as they were bound by the conditions imposed by the A.I.C.C.

"It is for the Government" he said, "either to accept the conditions or to reject them".—A.P.

TRAM CAR SMASHED

Accident Opposite Esplanade Maidan

A serious tram car collision, fortunately not attended with any injury to the occupants, occurred on Friday evening opposite the Esplanade Maidan when a trailer car was bumped into from the rear by a double decker.

So severe was the impact that whole of the rear of the car with the driving mechanism was completely wrenched off and smashed while the rear seats, the wheels and some other parts of the car were also damaged beyond recognition.

It is believed that the double-decker car was being driven by a driver who had recently come out of the training school. He noticed a trailer car halted and while pulling up behind it, his hands slipped off the control handle and the car banged straight into the car in front.

It took over an hour to clear the wreckage from the route. The Police and Tramway Officers were on the scene making inquiries.

Sir Firoz Khan Noon Elected

LONDON, April 9.

Sir Firoz Khan Noon has been unanimously elected Chairman of the Selection Committee of the Textile Conference at Washington. Reuter.

U. P. CONGRESS TO GIVE LEAD

Ultimatum To Governor

(From Our Correspondent).
ALLAHABAD, April 9.

The opinion in Congress circles seems to be crystalising in favour of parallel legislatures to come at minority Ministries in six provinces and the Governors' refusal to call meetings of Legislatures.

It is understood that two members of the U. P. Congress Committee have given notice of the following resolution for consideration at the meeting of the Executive Council of the P. C. C. to be held to-morrow at Anand Bhawan under the guidance of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

"Whereas the Interim Ministry formed in the United Provinces is not only unconstitutional but consists of men who do not enjoy either individually or collectively the confidence of the overwhelming majority of elected members of the U. P. Legislative Assembly.

And whereas an opportunity is not being given to these elected members to express their opinion and show their utter lack of confidence in and stop the functioning of the present Ministry.

This meeting of the Executive Council of U. P. Provincial Congress Committee hereby resolves that in case His Excellency the Governor refuses to summon a meeting of the newly elected Assembly within this month, a meeting be called at Lucknow of all elected members of the Assembly for the purpose of electing a Speaker, expressing their opinion on the Interim Ministry and for such other purposes as the assembled members may decide upon."

STRONG SUPPORT.

This resolution is being strongly supported and is likely to be passed unanimously, thus giving an important lead to other provinces.

Sheikh Mushir Husain Kidwai of Gadia, member, Council of State, in a statement to the Press supports the move of parallel Legislatures. He says instead of whining at legal or illegal actions of Government or fishing for invitation again from provincial Governors or the Viceroy, what Congressmen should do is to turn the Legislative Assemblies into real democratic, representative parliaments. Of course material power is not at the moment in their hands and so the executive part of the Constitution cannot be altered by them. But the Congress President should summon or authorise the Provincial Presidents to summon all Provincial legislatures to meet at some place in each Province. The members should take the oath and elect the Speakers and Deputy Speakers. Ministers should be appointed and all forms of real democratic representative Parliament should be adopted.

BOMBAY'S NEW GOVERNOR

Earl Of Scarborough's Heir Appointed

NEW DELHI, April 9.

His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve the appointment of Mr. Lawrence Roger Lumley, at present the Member of Parliament for York to succeed Lord Brabourne as Governor of Bombay.

Lawrence Roger Lumley was born on 27th July 1896. He is the second and only surviving son of late Brig.-Gen. Hon. Osbert Lumley and Constance Eleanor, eldest daughter of late Capt. Eustace Emile Constantina, daughter of Rev. Lord John Thynne. Mr. Lumley is a nephew and heir of 10th Earl of Scarborough (aged 80) who was Director-General of Territorial and Volunteer Forces 1917-21. He married in 1922, Katharine Isobel daughter of late R. F. McEwen of Marchmont Ayrshire and has one son, born on December 5, 1932.

He was educated at Eton Sandhurst, and graduated from the Magdalen College, Oxford in 1921, was Conservative M.P. from Kingston-upon Hull. East 1922-29 served with the 11th Hussars in France 1916-18.

Viceroy's Mother's Funeral

LONDON, April 9.

The funeral of Dowager Marchioness of Linlithgow took place at Hopetown, West Lothian. Following the service at Abercorn Church, where the Linlithgow family regularly worship, the coffin was borne by the estate workers to the family vault in the Mausoleum adjoining the Church. The Duke and the Duchess of Kent were among those who sent wreaths.—Reuter.

Protest Against Expulsion Of British Missionaries From Ethiopia

LONDON, April 9.

The British Government is taking up strongly in Rome the question of expulsion from Abyssinia of six British missionaries, members of the Bible Churchmen's Missionary Society, who were expelled from Abyssinia in Easter. A demarche has already been made by the Ambassador at Rome. The missionaries, Dr. Lioneggurney, Mr. and Mrs. Mackenzie, Mr. David Stokes, Mr. Cuthbert Dawkins, and Miss Doris Benson received notice that they would be expelled a week before good Friday and they applied to Marshal Graziani for extension of time. This was refused and according to Dr. Bartlett, President of the Missionary Society, they were told that if they did not leave within seven days they would be forcibly expelled.

It is alleged Italians shot three of the missions leading Ethiopian converts and banished between 40 to 50 students from various towns and villages.—Reuter.

MORE SPANISH GOVT. VICTORIES

MADRID, April 9.

It is claimed that Government troops captured the Military Hospital at Carabanchel after a violent air bombardment. Following up the advance, Government then took Cerrodealdomovar. Mount Carabitas, dominating the University City, is now threatened.—Reuter.

BITUMINOUS COAL INDUSTRY

Agreement On U. S. Guffey-Vinson Bill

NEW YORK: April 9.

A joint conference of the House of Representatives and the Senate reached an agreement on Guffey-Vinson Coal Bill, an early enactment of which is now assured. The Bill provides for the stabilisation of Bituminous coal industry.—Reuter.

HELPING U. S. TENANT

Five-Year Programme With 695 Millions Outlay Agreed Upon

NEW YORK: April 9.

The Agricultural Committee of the House of Representatives has agreed to a five-year programme to assist the tenant and farmers involving a total outlay of 695 million dollars. The Bill in general follows Government's recommendations but represents a compromise on the latter's more far-reaching scope.—Reuter.

LANSBURY TO MEET HITLER

RUGBY: April 9.

Mr. George Lansbury, M.P., will leave London on Monday for Berri, it is understood he will have a meeting with Herr Hitler. During his visit he will be the guest of the British Embassy.—B.O.W.

JAWAHAR BACK IN HARNESS

ALLAHABAD, April 9.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, attended the office of the All-India Congress Committee for the first time to-day, after his recent illness.—United Press.

SARDAR IN BOMBAY

Will Visit Karnatak Next Week

BOMBAY, Friday.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the Congress Parliamentary Committee, arrived in Bombay on Friday morning from Wardha.

He will stay in Bombay for about a week before he proceeds to Karnatak in connection with the meeting of the Gandhi Seva Sangh.

The Sardar will in the meanwhile attend to the work on hand, namely, instructing the Congress parties in all the eleven Provinces regarding the work that has to be done by them. Special attention will of course, be paid to the work and programme of the parties in the six provinces where the Congress parties are in majorities.

TABULATED ADLETS
Low-Cost Advertisements
INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS under the heading "Automobile", "Bicycles and Motorcycles", "Books and Magazines", "Cameras and Optical Goods," "Dressmaking", "Employment Agencies", "Educational", "Household Furnishings", "Jewellery", "Machinery and Equipment", "Musical Instrument", "Miscellaneous", "Patents", "Radio", "Real Estate", "Situation Vacant", "To Rent", "Travel" "Typewriter", "Wanted Items", etc. are inserted at the rate of ONE ANNA per word and the minimum charge being Re. 1 for 16 words. When special heading is desired Annas four extra will be charged per line.

REDUCTION: Until further notice for all bona-fide tabulated adlets advertisers, the following concession is allowed, provided the total number of insertion required in one week is ordered at a time and cash payment is made with the order:

Once in a week ..... Full rate
Thrice and over in a week...25 per cent

HOW TO REMIT MONEY: All postal orders should be made payable to "The Bombay Chronicle" and crossed. The advertiser should send the Receipt Coupon, with the letter containing Tabulated Adlet advertisement All money orders should bear the signature of issuing officer and the stamp of issuing office. Crossed cheques are accepted and should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" but insertion of the advertisement will be withheld until cashed. Registered post should be used when currency notes and stamps are sent for payment

NAME AND ADDRESS: Every bona-fide advertisement should bear the name and address of the advertiser in spite of not being necessary for publication.

HOW TO SEND REPLIES: Replies to advertisements should be addressed carefully as follows: "Advt. Box No....., "The Bombay Chronicle". Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. To prevent mistakes and to avoid misdelivery the Box No. ..... should be written very distinctly and as the specimen shown above.

BOX NO. When Box No. is given to the advertisements of private nature the five words "Box No.... ....." "Bombay Chronicle" will be charged for

REDIRECTING REPLIES: For redirecting replies to our Mofussil advertisers no extra charge is made.

LOCAL ADVERTISERS: Can collect replies addressed to their Box No..... by producing Cash Receipt at the "Bombay Chronicle" office during working hours, between 11 a.m. to 6 p.m

RESERVED RIGHTS: The management reserves the right to revise any advertisement or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

UNCLAIMED REPLIES: After 30 days all unclaimed replies will be destroyed.

LOSS IN TRANSIT: "The Chronicle" does not assume any responsibility for replies lost or mislaid in transit

REPETITION IN "SENTINEL": Tabulated Adlets appearing in "The Chronicle" will be charged at half the price if inserted in the "Sentinel" same day.

To ensure prompt publication of your Tabulated Adlets, cash payment strictly in advance is necessary.

1. PERSONAL.

I will not be responsible if any debts incurred by my son M. J. Daniel.—J. A. Daniel. (8056).

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted cultured match for young Sikh gentleman cosmopolitan views, employed Lloyds Bank. Lahore. Apply Box No. 8055, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a suitable match for a Vaish Agrawal girl aged 17 years polite, humble, healthy fair complexion and expert in household affairs. Apply Munshilal Maheshri 210, Suraj Bhavan, Matunga, Bombay 19. (8064).

9. SITUATIONS VACANT

Salesman to Secure Orders for an every-day household necessity. Bright prospects for really energetic persons. Apply Box No. 2641, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Applications for the post of an Organiser on salary basis. Apply to the Branch Secretary, Empire of India Life Assurance Co., Ltd., Chowta Bridge, Surat. (7989)

Wanted Insurance Expert in Life, Fire as Manager. Apply with testimonials, salary, to: The Jubilee Insurance Co., Ltd., P. O. Box No. 228, Mombasa, (Kenya, B. E Africa). (8011).

Wanted experienced B.T.'s. Apply personally to the Principal, Marwari Commercial School, Gazdar Street, Girgaum Road, Bombay 2, before 15th April, 1937. (8042).

Wanted a (middle-aged) Superintendent for a Vegetarian Hindu Students' Hostel, Bombay. Lodging, Boarding free. Applications with copies of testimonials and pay expected will be received till 15th April, 1937. Apply Box No. 8012, "Bombay Chronicle".

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Services of well experienced fast Stenotypist available mornings 10-11. Rs. 20. Apply Box No. 8059, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted immediately Loco Foreman for Light Railway. Salary Rupees seventy, free quarters. Apply Asiatic Service Bureau, Ismail Bldg., 381, Hornby Road. (8066).

Wanted a B.A. (Sanskrit Hon.), B.T., and an undergraduate knowing Drill and Drawing. State experience and salary. Apply Box No. 8048, "Bombay Chronicle."

9. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a smart typist with general office experience. Bengali or Madrasi preferred. Salary Rs. 40 according to qualifications. Apply stating references, Box No. 8053, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Commercial Artist with original ideas, good at Lettering, Portraits, Designing and advertising Layouts. Salary Rs. 60 to 70 p.m. Apply in person with certified specimens of original work. Alisons and Co., 12, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay. (8069).

To trace many commonplace details of modern life and to understand how we reached our present condition, we must turn to the primitive races, who lived much earlier than 6500 B.C. How chest, leather, box, etc., most ancient of domestic articles were used by peoples of bygone centuries was shown in the "Deluge-Myth" of Babylonians of 2100 B.C. "That a chest was constructed to contain 'Very-Wise,' his wife, and his sons, together with animals." Then again, at Deir-el-Bahri, gazelle hide of several colours, stitched together was discovered. This, it is mentioned to be a remarkable mosaic leatherwork, used as funeral tent of Queen Isi-em-Kheb of XXIst Dynasty, dated 1050 B.C. Herodotus wrote about the wide use of leather goods among the ancient peoples of Asia and Europe. In Cordova, Norwich, etc., magnificent and expensive form of wall-hangings from the skins of goats and calves, were manufactured. Now, it is unthinkable because of our refinement with advance of civilization that anyone could have used even as late as 1750 A.D. lady's shoe made of leather as drinking cup. From the stand point of utility, leather is unbreakable, but from aesthetic point of view the use of lady's shoe for drinking indicates somewhat questionable taste among the 18th Century peoples of Europe. The use of leather for many household articles is illustrated by the best known example of flagon called "black jack," common during the 17th and 18th Centuries. In this period,— — — — —however, socially elite used not boxes made of leather or satin, but those set with pearls, diamonds, ivory and so on, as, for instance, the boxes of Louis XV, Marie Antoinette, and others amply support our statement. To-day, as times have changed, very few think of using anything but well-made leather goods for domestic purposes. Such articles as trunks, hand bags, shoes, belts, gloves, etc., can easily be bought and sold daily through the widely read Classified Columns of the "Chronicle."

9. SITUATION WANTED.

An experienced, energetic and honest teacher and businessman wants employment as a tutor, guardian or travelling agent with a consolidated allowance or pay or correspondent clerk. Apply to Box No. 2680, "Bombay Chronicle."

Competent, energetic and young Parsee gentleman with 18 years of experience as assistant steward in European-Shanghai Club seeks employment anywhere in India. Best references. Will furnish security. Willing to accept reasonable salary. Please write to Box No. 2685, "Bombay Chronicle."

Experienced Parsee youth, well-conversant with Accounts work, correspondence and general office routine, seeks employment in Bombay or mofussil as accounts clerk. Willing to work out-door if necessary. Excellent testimonials. Will accept any reasonable salary Please write to Box No. 2703. "Bombay Chronicle."

To Increase Sales
Use "Chronicle"

An experienced advocate with 10 years' Secretariat experience seeks suitable employment as Secretary, office assistant, personal secretary to legislative members. Please write to Box No. 2782. "Bombay Chronicle".

Very influential, honest, hard-working former businessman, widely travelled in India, now seeks job of salesman with any reputable business concern or manufacturer either locally or in upcountry. Will accept reasonable salary. Best references. Please write to Box No. 2789, "Bombay Chronicle".

Undergraduate stenographer, 8 years experience, good correspondent, thorough knowledge of accounts, office routine seeks employment, reasonable salary. R. Ramanarayanan, 17 Bhoj Terrace, Vincent Road, Matunga, G.I.P.

Ex-Service man can work in any capacity—electrician, store-keeper, clerk, yarn testing master, salesman, cashier, etc. Any reasonable salary will be accepted. Excellent references furnished. Please write to Box No. 2727, "Bombay Chronicle".

9. SITUATION WANTED.

Extensively experienced Stenographer with first-class European references, knowing Book-keeping, desires permanent situation in good concern. P. A. Risbud, 6, Dnaiwadi, Thakurdwar, Bombay, No. 2.

Eleven years experienced gentleman desires suitable Shorthand Typist Post in Engineering, Attorneys or Commercial Firms. Mr. T. K. Surati, Room No. 50, 3rd Floor, Bhangwadi, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, No. 2.

Smart, young, experienced Stenotypist, knowing Accounts. Prepared to go anywhere. Low remuneration. V. Sivaramakrishnan, C|o Mr. K. N. Rama Iyer, Postal Appg. Dept., Irwin House, Bombay.

A B.Com. Advanced Accountancy and Auditing—Optional; German Second language; 30 Speed in Typewriting. G. R. K. Murty, C|o Y. S. Rao, B.A., M.L., Vakil, James Street, Secunderabad, (Deccan).

Wanted situation by experienced shorthand typist with knowledge of Engineering and Machinery business. H. J. Soneji, Dalmia Building, Matunga, Bombay.

An active young man of excellent character and references, knowing many modern languages seeks employment as a clerk or rent collector. Ready to work outside Bombay also. K. G. Salian, 28, Manohardas St., Fort.

Situation wanted by England-returned Agriculture and Forestryman. Good business organising capacity. Write to Box No. 2761. "Bombay Chronicle".

Fourteen years' experienced Inspector of Co-operative Societies, knowing correspondence and accounts works seeks employment Apply to Box No. 2713. "Bombay Chronicle."

Young and experienced Cashier wants position as accountant with reputable firm. Write to Vrijlal D. Mankad, Nagarchakla, Jamnagar.

Dyeing, Bleaching, Finishing and Mercerising Master desires suitable post. Sound practical and theoretical knowledge in Cotton, Silk, Wool, Course and Fine. Expert in Chemistry, erection and organisation. Knowing weaving also. Best results guaranteed. Terms moderate. Dorabji Khursedji Daruvala, Opp. Podders Blocks, Meher Villa, Besant Street, Santa Cruz, B. B. and C. I. Rly.

12. TO BE LET.

To let for Gujarati Hindus: 4 Rooms Blocks at Modi Building, Chowpatty, Rent Rs. 100 and Rs. 105, p.m. Inquire on premises. (8019)

To Let premises suitable for factories at Mahim, Sion, Kurla, admeasuring about 13,000, 9,000 and 45,000 sq. yards, respectively, with or without structures. Rent reasonable. Apply Dara Kooka, Chhoi Silk Mill Office, 361, Hornby Road, Opp. Flora Fountain, Fort. (8010).

Lonavla—To let for Hindus only, airy, furnished bungalow for Rs. 400 for the season. Also two cottages for Rs. 100 each. Apply Box No. 8060, "Bombay Chronicle."

13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET

To Let—Excellent situation, eminently fitted for shop which was lately occupied by Marcks and Co., now by Hoar and Co., at Esplanade Road, from 1st May 1937. Apply Secretary, Haji Zenal Abedin Shirazee Trust, No. 95, Ash Lane, Fort. (8014).

FOR SALE

To be sold one Talkie Cinema in working good condition with up to date furniture at a good centre. Apply Box No. 8044, "Bombay Chronicle".

For sale on goodwill, running Dairy in good situation, with machinery and furniture or required expert man for management. Apply Box No. 8037, "Bombay Chronicle."

For Sale—Santa-Cruz East of Railway Half mile from station—a property comprising 12836 sq. Yards land with two two-storeyed bungalows and outhouses. Apply Box No. 5177, "Bombay Chronicle."

LEATHER GOODS

Keys, locks, parts for all trunks, luggage. Seasame lock service. Zipper, repair. Reasonable charges. Apply to Box No. 2798, "Bombay Chronicle". Private enterprise.

DAIRY REQUISITES

For Sale—Milk Separator Crescent Incubator, Apply to Box No. 2777, "Bombay Chronicle".

BOOKS AND MAGAZINES

"Conch Shell" Right side means wealth, all kinds of happiness Ponchaji Wimbridge, Slater Road, Grant Road. (8008)

Wanted—Ellis' Psychology Of Sex similar books, Carrington publications. Art books photos. Murray's Oxford English Dictionary. Ency. Brit. 14th edition. Apply to Box No. 2839, "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted—Military Engineer Services Handbook Vol. II (Architecture) and Vol. IV (Elec. Mech. and Water Supply). Secondhand copies of either or both accepted for full original price. Write to Box No. 2769 "Bombay Chronicle"

DEALERS WANTED

To handle tea consignment. Best quality tea in original packing at very reasonable price Only dealers should write for supply straight from the plantations. Write to Box No. 2579 "Bombay Chronicle."

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Rare, Old Indian and Foreign coins, available at moderate prices. List free. Box No. 8047, "Bombay Chronicle."

Sexus Paste, best contraceptive jelly. Gelotube, best venereal preventive. Write for Catalogue. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (7954)

EDUCATIONAL

Do you want to learn Shorthand, Typewriting or Accountancy: Please inquire at Kalkadevi Shorthand and Typewriting Institution. Established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas. Success guaranteed. Fees moderate. Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay (8040).

73. AGENTS WANTED.

The Mutual Life Assurance Corp., Ltd., paying unheard annual bonus Rs. 62-8 on Whole Life and Rs. 60 on Endowment per Rs. 1,000 requires Chief District Agents everywhere on liberal commission and handsome allowance. Persons experienced and can guarantee business need apply Post Box No. 50, Baroda. (5237).

AGENCIES WANTED

Old established European Madras Textile Firm are willing to act as Sole Agents for Madras Presidency for Indian Mill producing piecegoods, Cotton Yarns. Excellent opportunity for extending Mill's turnover. Apply Box No. 5726, "Bombay Chronicle."

MACHINERY AND TOOLS

25 Horse-power Ruston C. C. Crude Oil Engine, Rs. 1,300 quick sale. Station delivery, Dinshaw, 47, Appollo Street. (8054)

SUMMER TOURS.

Kashmir and Darjeeling, Escorted Tours from May 6th to June 5th, Rs. 175 to Rs. 350 (all inclusive) Chinoy & Co., opp. Lloyds Bank, Fort, Bombay. (8024)

NAME TAPES

Woven names, save laundry losses, identify clothing and linen. The permanent, safe, economical method of marking. Write to Box No. 2781, "Bombay Chronicle" for particulars.

Wanted Canvassers for sale of Coffee Powder. Apply Box No. 8067, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a lady M.A. or B.A., to teach mathematics and a B.A., strong in General Knowledge to teach High classes in the Kanya Maha Vidyalaya, Jullundur City. Knowledge of Hindi essential. (8063)

Wanted Organisers and Chief Agents for Gujarat, Rajputana and Central Provinces. Liberal terms. Apply Kaiser-i-Hind Insurance Company, Ltd., 11, Bank Street, Bombay. (8061).

Applications are invited from L. C. P. & S. Lady doctors for five Female dispensaries in the Thar Parkar district in the grade of Rs. 100—5—200 with free quarters. All the Lady doctors will have to attend cases, when necessary, outside headquarters, for which work there is a prescribed scale of fees. Private practice allowed subject to certain conditions fixed by the Board. In addition benefit of Provident Fund Rules is also allowed. Applications in their own handwriting to reach the President District Local Board, Thar Parkar, Mirpurkhas, on or before 25th April, 1937. (5191).

TO
ALL THOSE WHO
ARE UNEMPLOYED

"Chronicle" in order to assist all those who are without employment requiring full time or part-time positions, offers to insert an advertisement in the Tabulated adlets columns, FREE OF CHARGE provided the unemployed are married, have been out of job for one full year, and have experience at anyone trade or profession for five continuous years. Only three names will be accepted for free advertisement in any one class of work.

The management reserves the right to revise or refuse any advertisement without assigning any reason for doing so.

Wanted 3 Indian Overseers for Road Works in British Somaliland Protectorate in the near future on temporary appointments on agreement for one year with possibility of extension. Salary Rs. 200 p.m. free second class passages. Apply in writing with copies of certificates to Messrs. Cowasjee Dinshaw & Bros., Agents: Br. Somaliland Protectorate. 121. Medows Street. Fort, Bombay No. 1. (8046).

Wanted two energetic young men, must be graduates of Bombay University to do outdoor calling as representatives. Apply stating salary required to Box No. 2656. "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—A whole time Governess and Tutoress to teach all school subjects for a girl in an Indian accomplished family, with prospects for a continental tour with the girl. Boarding and lodging free. Apply till April 15, '37, with photo and copies of testimonials and minimum pay acceptable, etc., to Box No. 8034. "Bombay Chronicle."

M.T.B. College, Surat—Applications with testimonials stating age, qualifications, experience and minimum salary are invited so as to reach the Principal before the 1st May, 1937 for the posts of Professor (Lecturer) in (1) Gujarati, (2) Persian, (3) Ardhamagadhi, (4) History and Economics and for the posts of Demonstrators in Biology, Physics, Chemistry (preferably an M.Sc., with Inorganic Chemistry) and a duly qualified Physical Instructor. to be appointed from the beginning of the next term. (5219).

Golden opportunity for the educated unemployed. To represent a leading purely National Indian Life Office. Liberal terms of commission recently revised. Apply personally or write to: The Tropical Insurance Co., Hornby Road, Fort. (5236).

9. SITUATION WANTED.

Artist, expert Photographer, poster painter, and photo-finisher seeks employment in Film Studio, terms salary or contract. Apply Box No. 8059. "Bombay Chronicle."

Young Parsee seeks job of clerk, typist or salesman. Well experienced. Will furnish excellent references. A good all-round cricketer too, having played well-known cup matches. Apply Box No. 2774, "Bombay Chronicle."

Chief Clerk and Accountant with excellent references seeks situation. Has experience of oil business. Served as Manager of sports club. Please write to Box No. 2695. "Bombay Chronicle."

Ayurvedic doctor with twelve years' experience in the profession seeks any position. Prefer to act as family doctor to some influential families in Bombay or work in any charitable institution. Apply to Box No. 2616 "Bombay Chronicle."

Young man with 6 years' experience in business lines seeks situation on reasonable salary. Desire position with any reliable firm or manufacturer as canvasser, representative or commission agent. Apply to Box No. 2764, "Bombay Chronicle".

European with good references, seeks a post as Advertising Representative in a Newspaper or as a Canvasser with a Job Press. Well experienced in the Printing trade. Reply to Box No. 2762, "Bombay Chronicle".

Efficient Stenographer with five years' experience in a Semi-Government and Commercial offices seeks situation. Willing to accept any reasonable salary. V. S. Sarang, J. K. Building, No. 1, 1st floor, Room No. 14, Gamdevi, Bombay 7.

BOX NUMBER ADS

Reply by letter to the "Chronicle" Office will be placed at once in the Box of the Advertiser.

For Mofussil and Local, see the information on Tabulated Adlets.

Rs. 100 REWARD

Will be paid by the "Chronicle" for information leading to the arrest and conviction of anyone obtaining money fraudulently through Tabulated Adlets published in its columns.

AD-WRITING ASSISTANCE

"Chronicle" maintains an Adwriting Department to help you word your Tabulated Adlets to secure the best results

There is NO CHARGE for service.
Time: 11-30 a.m. to 1-30 p.m.

CONVENIENCE

A Tabulated Adlets Ad-Viser is near you as your telephone. If not and if you prefer, a "Chronicle" man will call at your home or office in the Fort Area only or advice will be given by Post.

IMPORTANT

All Tabulated Adlets from our Mofussil patrons should reach our Office at least one day prior to the date of publication. And in order to correctly insert the advertisement "Chronicle" requests that the matter should either be typewritten or written in block-letters to avoid mistakes.

OUR SERVICE

Every day of the year except Sundays and Public Holidays our Office is open to receive your Tabulated Adlets and to give you service during office-hours from 11 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Call "Chronicle" Ad-Viser—Telephone 22037
or you are invited to come to Chronicle office,
Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.

Rate one anna per word.
For discount .... See Information.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

CAMERA EQUQIPMENT

Wanted—To buy Pathe Baby and 16 m.m. Projectors of Bolex preferred also films. Apply Box No. 2749 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—Offers for 16 M.M. Movector projector and Movex 3.5 Cine Camera, as new Highest offer secures. Apply Box. No. 2765 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—A 3 1/2" x 2 1/2" Revolving back reflex with f2.7 or f3.5 lens and preferably with a telephoto lens. Must be in very good or almost new condition. Reply stating condition of the outfit and price wanted to Box No. 2793 "Bombay Chronicle".

HORSES & PONIES

For Sale—Query Palm Chest. Aust. Mare 15.1 hands winner in Australia. Comfortable Hack, good looker, broken to stick and ball, believed sound. Owner shortly going Home on leave. Apply to Box No. 2752 "Bombay Chronicle".

Chestnut Waler Mare Rose Marie handsome plays Polo fast jumps well, handy. Saddlery complete. Bay Stud Bred. Gelding Echo perfect hack, handsome fast handy saddlery. Both animals no blemishes certificated sound. Bargain to good homes only as owner going on leave. Apply to Box No. 2785 "Bombay Chronicle".

RADIOS

For Sale—Two "His Master's Voice" Radiograms (1935-36) with Short-wave Adapters, offered at Rs. 250/- and Rs. 425/- Write to Box No. 2755 "Bombay Chronicle"

Scott or McMurdo Silver 1937. All wave Radio set made specially for India after receipt of your order and shipped direct from America to you. Supplied under guaranteed service. Apply to Box No. 2787 "Bombay Chronicle"

Phillips All-wave Radio 335A For A.C. current. Tested by Philips 23/3/37. Selling Rs. 180/-. Apply Box No. 2744 "Bombay Chronicle"

WEARING APPAREL

Lovely Silk, Creamy White, 9 yds. x 27". Complete for 3 shirts or 6 blouses. Post Free. Apply to Box No. 2759 "Bombay Chronicle".

4 New Chickon Camisoles new Peach Pink Silk Bed coatec, trimmed Ecru lace, Soft Salmon Pink Silk Dress, Cape and pleated frills —tall figure, Crepe-de-chine Swagger Coat with cape—small figure, Pink Broche new slimming Corsets, Pale Pink Satin Slip Silk Union dress, Wedge-wood blue and white spot, trimmed kilted frills with sleeve evening—tall figure, Brown and fawn silk dress with sleeves. Apply Box No. 2763 "Bombay Chronicle".

SPORTING GUNS

Wanted — Winchester Repeating Rifle .22 in good condition. Also Telescopic Sights for same. Apply to Box No. 2746 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—A .405 Winchester Repeating Rifle, takedown model, little used and deadly accurate, in perfecct condition. Apply to Box No. 2802 "Bombay Chronicle".

STAMPS, ETC.

Wanted for Cash. Complete Set Jubilees, Jipex sheets, N.2 Exhibition, Mint Empire commemoratives. Especially Sierra Leone 1933, Falkland Isles 1933. Either singles or sets. Write stating price to Box No. 2758 "Bombay Chronicle".

TYPEWRITERS

American Factory Rebuilt Typewriters in all sizes at bargain prices. Write to Box No. 2691 "Bombay Chronicle".

American Factory Rebuilt Remington and Underwood Typewriter, 160/- These machines equal New in appearance and action. Write to Box No. 2737 "Bombay Chronicle".

JEWELLERY

For Sale—Two Fine Emeralds of extraordinary size and several antique curios, very old collection. rate attractive, quick transaction. Apply to Box No. 2748 "Bombay Chronicle"

HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCES

For Sale — Refrigerator—H.M.V.— Medium Size—Rs. 400/- Carpets crockery, glassware, kitchen utensils, etc reasonable. Apply to Box No. 2779 "Bombay Chronicle".

OFFICE EQUIPMENT

All-Steel Shelving Ronco Cabinets, office furniture, Partition, etc. every article a bargain. Apply to Box No. 2753 "Bombay Chronicle".

AUTOMOBILES

Morris Eight 4-door Saloon, mileage 9,300. European owned, new battery. Rs. 1,900. No. brokers. Apply to Box No. 2754, "Bombay Chronicle".

Morris 8 H.P. Tourer, taxed end. December, new paint, hood, upholstery, carpets, magnificent engine, new tyres. Absolute bargain. Apply to Box No. 2770, "Bombay Chronicle".

Sale—Gloria-Triumph, 1934 Saloon Car. One owner. Excellent condition, economical. Fine looking. Apply Box 2799, "Bombay Chronicle".

1936 Morris Saloon, Series 11, 18 h.p., for sale, Calcutta. 7000 miles, new Rs. 5,800 for Rs. 3,250, going on leave must sell. Apply Box No. 2788, "Bombay Chronicle".

For Sale—1935 Model Baby Ford— Engine and appearance like new mechanically guaranteed, absolutely sound. Even plugs not touched. Original tyres like new. Very sparingly used by owner Engineer driver, 35 miles per gallon. Lots of spare fittings and tools. Price Rs. 1,500. Apply to Box No. 2683, "Bombay Chronicle".

KNITTING SUPPLIES

Over 500 thrilling colours, combinations. Fashion columnists. Economical knitters raving over our famous novelty yarns. Imported for discriminating knitters. Begin knitting your winter garments now. Cashmeres, Tweeds, Zephyrs, etc. Re. -/8/- an ounce and up. Apply to Box No. 2800. Bombay Chronicle".

MUSIC & ART.

Knake Baby Grand Piano in excellent condition. Apply Box No. 2722, "Bombay Chronicle."

HOUSE DECORATIONS

For Sale—A large tiger skin winter coat, mounted snarling, same cub 7 feet, recently shot. Apply Box No. 2666, "Bombay Chronicle."

HANDBAGS

Art embroidery—Beaded, spangled, Petitpoint bags, dresses repaired. Bags framed, lined. Rhinestoning embroideries, etc. Work undertaken, by expert lady returned from abroad. Apply to Box No 2676, "Bombay Chronicle"

JEWELLERY

For Sale—Owner not wishing to retain really beautiful platinum mounted seven diamond cluster ring with diamond shoulders. Apply to Box No. 2730, "Bombay Chronicle."

MENDING AND WEAVING

Invisible reweaving moth holes, tears, burns in garments. Shine removed. Expert workmanship undertaken by widow. Pay according to work. Please write to Box No. 2711, "Bombay Chronicle".

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion	.. Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.. Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.. Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.. Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

WANTED

PEOPLE desiring small loans and can give reasonable security. Apply ASIATIC BANK, LTD., Rahman Building, Churchgate Street. Fort, Bombay.

1.

NOTICE.

Applications are invited for the post of a Dental Surgeon in the Nawanagar State Medical Department. Applicants should state their qualifications, previous experience and minimum pay expected. Copies of testimonials and certificates if any should be submitted.

P. M. MEHTA,
M.D.M.S., F.C.P.S.,
Chief Medical Officer.
Nawanagar State.

5th April, 1937.

5715.

Legal Notices.

TRADE MARK CAUTION.

OGDEN'S "GUINEA GOLD" CIGARETTES.

The following undertaking has been given to Arcadian Tobacco Company Limited, Calcutta, by Zenith Tobacco Co., Ltd., and Messrs K. John & Co., Bombay, in respect of LONDON "GENUINE GOLD" Cigarettes manufactured and sold by them:—

59, Apollo St.,
Bombay, 31st March, 1937.

Messrs. Arcadian Tobacco Co., Ltd.
Calcutta.

Dear Sirs,

Re: OGDEN'S GUINEA GOLD CIGARETTES.

We refer to your Attorney's letter to us No. C/3119, dated the 13th March 1937 and our reply to your Attorneys dated 18th March 1937 on the above subject and the subsequent interviews we had with your Solicitors and as a result of the negotiations, we beg to record the following agreement arrived at between us:—

The name "Genuine Gold" and the packet complained of by you was supplied to us by Messrs. K. John & Co. of 20, Mirchi Gully, Bombay. The Cigarettes manufactured by us under the name Genuine Gold and packed in packets complained of by you were so manufactured and packed under order of Messrs. K. John & Co.

In consideration of your having agreed not to take any legal proceedings in respect of the manufacture and sales of cigarettes under or bearng with the name "Genuine Gold" and/or in packets complained of by you, we hereby undertake that we will not at any time hereafter manufacture, sell, offer or expose for sale or otherwise deal with any where in India, Burma and Ceylon any cigarettes under or bearing the name "Genuine Gold" and/or packed in packets or cigarette papers complained of by you or under any other name similar to the name Guinea Gold or in any other packets or cigarette papers similar to the packets and cigarette papers used by you in respect of your Guinea Gold cigarettes.

We declare that we have not in our possession any cigarettes bearing the name "Genuine Gold."

If any such cigarettes and/or packets are returned to us by any customer or customers, we hereby undertake to destroy the cigarette paper bearing the name "Genuine Gold" and the packets complained of by you.

You are at liberty to publish this undertaking.

We shall not also use the Tins, as per specimens label attached.

Yours faithfully,
For Zenith Tobacco Co., Ltd.,
(Sd.) G. V. PATEL.

For & Behalf of K. John & Co.,
20, Mirchi Gully, Bombay. I join in this undertaking and express regret for having had the cigarettes manufactured and packed in the tins packets and cigarette papers complained of.

For K. John & Co.,
(Sd.) V. C. PATTANI,
Principal.

WARNING is hereby given that proceedings will be taken against any person dealing in or selling the said LONDON "GENUINE GOLD" Cigarettes.

CRAWFORD BAYLEY & CO.,
Attorneys for
Arcadian Tobacco Co., Ltd.

5234

Public Notices.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

CITY ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT
(Works Branch).

NOTICE.

TENDERS for the work of providing storm water drains with accessories along Queen's Road between Lohar Street and Thakurdwar Road will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on TUESDAY, the 20th April, 1937.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Forms of tender, specification, etc., will be issued on payment of Rupees 5/- to any one deputed to receive them by the Dy. City Engineer, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.

Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 7th April, 1937.

5228

THE EAST INDIA COTTON ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE EAST INDIA COTTON ASSOCIATION, LIMITED, will receive applications for the following two alternative proposals for letting on lease the Basement of the New Cotton Exchange Building under construction at the junction of Kalbadevi Road and Sheikh Memon Street, for a Safe Deposit Vault to be equipped:—

(1) by the lessee at his own cost,
(2) by the Association.

The Strong Room will have a floor area of about 3300 sq. ft.

It is estimated that about 9000 lockers can be provided for in the Vault. In the case of the lessee equipping the Deposit Vault the Strong Room Doors will be provided by the Association.

Applications should reach the undersigned on or before the 30th April 1937, stating the terms, rent period of lease etc. Further particulars regarding plans etc., can be had from the Association's Architects, Messrs. Sykes Patkar & Divecha, 24-26 Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.

By Order of the Board,
C. M. PARIKH.
Secretary.

Taj Building,
Hornby Road, Fort,
Bombay, 2nd April, 1937.

5197.

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 425 of 1934.

GOPALDAS POOJNA & Others. ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
SUNDERLAL, son of Radhakissen & others .. Defendants.

PURSUANT TO DECREE Absolute for Sale, dated 20th June, 1935, the following immovable properties will be sold in two lots by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on TUESDAY, 20th April, 1937, at 3 p.m. (S.T.).

LOT NO. 1:
DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY SITUATE AT BALAPUR, ZILLA AKOLA.

Land admeasuring about 8 Acres together with a Ginning & Pressing Factory thereon and bounded on the East by No. 96, on the West by the river, on the South by Government Road and on the North by Survey No. 92.

LOT NO. 2:
DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY AT KHIDKHIYA.

The share of the Defendants in the property known as Shrilal Anantlal Ginning & Pressing Factory bearing Survey No. 92 situate at Khidkhiya Tehsil, Harda District Hoshangabad, together with all the messuages tenements bungalows, sheds, out-houses and factory with wells, etc., standing thereon.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. KANGA & CO., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at Yusuf Building, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 9th day of February, 1937.

G. R. KHAIRAZ,
Offg. Commissioner.

5173

Public Notices

G. I. P. RAILWAY

ISSUE OF CHEAP RETURN TICKETS

With effect from 1st April, 1937, Cheap Return Tickets will be issued between the following points:—

BOMBAY, BYCULLA and DADAR
TO

	1st Class. Rs. a.	2nd Class. Rs. a.	Inter Class. Rs. a.	3rd Class. Mail. Rs. a.	Ordy. Rs. a.	Available for
JALGAON ...	54 6	27 3	17 0	7 11	7 3	12 days.
AKOLA ...	72 6	36 2	22 13	10 5	9 14	18 „
AMRAOTI ...	81 2	40 8	25 10	11 12	11 6	18 „
NAGPUR ...	87 3	43 10	27 15	12 15	12 9	30 „
JUBBULPORE	100 11	50 6	32 7	15 3	14 13	30 „
BHOPAL ...	87 6	43 11	27 15	13 1	12 9	30 „
GWALIOR ...	121 10	60 13	39 6½	18 12	18 6	30 „
CAWNPORE ...	132 3	66 2	42 15	20 7	20 1	30 „
SHOLAPUR ...	58 15	29 8	18 7	8 4	7 13	12 „

Tickets will be issued in both directions.
No break of journey is permitted on these tickets.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS on percentage basis are invited for the construction of Buildings for SETH LALDAS PARBHUDAS KOTHARI SANATORIUM at Juhu.

Copies of Tenders and specifications could be had at Rs. 5 and plans inspected at the office of the undersigned during office hours.

Tenders are returnable on 14th instant at 4 p.m.

The owners do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

Messrs. MASTER, SATHE & BHUTA,
Chartered Architects,
34-38, Hamam Street, Fort,
Bombay.

5211.

M. S. "TAIJIN MARU."

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above steamer are hereby informed of her arrival here on 8th April, 1937, from Japan via ports en route and requested to present Bills of Lading for counter-signature without delay. Applications for survey should be made in writing to the undersigned within 7 days after discharging and prior to removal of cargo from the Landing Shed.

N. MATSURA.
Manager.
Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ARDESHIR FARDOON IRANI and RUSTOM KHODADAD IRANI have contracted with our clients the Purchasers for the absolute sale to them of the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim or interest to or in the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, inheritance, use, trust, gift, maintenance, possession, mortgage, lease, lien, charge or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, Whiteaway Laidlaw Building, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, as otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims (if any) and the same will be considered and treated as having been absolutely waived and abandoned.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the leasehold tenure together with the tenements, messuages or houses thereon situate at the junction of the Colaba Road and 2nd Pasta Lane at Colaba, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 720 square yards or thereabouts but according to the Survey Register 804 square yards or thereabouts and according to documents 912.31 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's New No. E6/16666 and New Survey No. 2Y/9564 and Cadastral Survey No. 355 of Colaba Division assessed by the Bombay Municipality under A Ward No. 463 (1) (2) (3) and 464 Street Nos. 30 and 2, 28, 26 and 22-24 and bounded, on or towards the North by the property of Premkooverbai daughter of Jethabhai Javerchand, on or towards the South by the 2nd Pasta Lane, on or towards the West by the property of Mathuradas Kanji Dwarkadas and on or towards the East by Colaba Road and Tram lines.

Dated this 8th day of April, 1937.

NATVARLAL & CO.,
Attorneys for the Purchasers.

5231.

FOR DAWOODI BOHRAS ONLY

Candidates desiring admission from Std. I to VII English at the Trust's Institution, the Darul Iquamatil Hussoniyah, DHOLKA, and those desiring scholarships of this Trust for higher education have to submit their applications so as to reach the Trustees on or before the 15th May and 15th June next respectively, on Trusts' forms to be supplied on payment of annas eight. Applications received later cannot receive attention.

TRUSTEES,
The H. A. D. Charities Trusts.
Nanjee Building,
17, Elphinstone Circle,
Fort, Bombay.

5235

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 313 of 1935.

KANJI NATHOOBHAI ... Plaintiff.
vs.
ANANDRAO MARUTI. Defendant.

WHEREAS in pursuance of a Warrant of Sale of immovable property dated 12th October, 1936, the Sheriff has been directed to sell by public auction at the instance of plaintiff all the right title and interest of the defendant in the property situate at Parel village admeasuring 316 square yards or thereabouts bearing Collector's New Survey Nos. 3, 3A, 4, 5, 5A/36 Collector's New Nos. 16803, A/16815, A/16803, 16815 Cadestral Survey No. 295 of Parel Sewri Division and Municipal F Ward No. 2671 Street No. 73-75.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having rights in or charges or claims on the abovenamed property (other than claims involving an objection to the attachment or seeking the removal of the same) that they should on or before the 1st day of May 1937 lodge in my office affidavit verified by oath or solemn affirmation of such rights claims or charges.

Dated this 31st day of March, 1937.

E. A. KHAIRAZ,
Commissioner.

5238.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 2534 of 1928.

KAIKHUSROO MANEKSHAH TALEYARKHAN and another. ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
KALIANJI VARDHMAN and others. .. ... Defendants
To
NARSEY VARDHMAN,
the 3rd Defendant.

PLEASE NOTE that an application will be made by the Plaintiffs before the Hon'ble Sitting Judge in Chambers at the High Court, Bombay, on FRIDAY, the 16th April, 1937, at 11 a.m. (S.T.) for an order authorising the Commissioner of the High Court for taking accounts to sell the properties mentioned in the Decree Absolute for sale herein, without any reserved bid or at such a reduced reserved bid as may be fixed by the Hon'ble the Chamber Judge and for further and other directions and costs.

Dated this 22nd March, 1937.

CAPTAIN AND VAIDYA,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

5233

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

HIGH COURT
O.O.C.J.
Suit No. 1501 of 1936.

VASSONJI LALJI & Ors. ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
MEGHJI HIRJI JANGEALLI & Ors. ..... Defendants.

SALE OF A VALUABLE PROPERTY AT DONGRI STREET

OFFERS ARE INVITED in sealed envelopes for purchase of the property at Dongri Street on the Improvement Trust land, known as Plot No. 21, admeasuring 823 square yards or thereabouts bearing New Survey Nos. 3172, 3178, 3181 and Part of 3183 in the books of the Collector of Bombay and Municipal B Ward Nos. 4197-99, 3632, Street Nos. 177-30-34, 32-34 and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 37/1721 of Mandvi Division. The offers must reach the undersigned by or before 15th April, 1937. The undersigned is not bound to accept the highest or any offer, but the offers should be open to acceptance by the Court Receiver by 30th April, 1937. For particulars etc. apply to the undersigned.

A. G. DESAI,
First Assistant to
the Court Receiver
High Court Bombay,
Maneckji Wadia Bldgs.
125, Esplanade Road, Fort.
Bombay, 23rd March, 1937.

5132.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Court Receiver in Suit No. 1629 of 1936 in which Bai BIBIBAI, widow of Habib Juma, and others are Plaintiffs and MAHOMED YUSUF HABIB JUMA and others are the Defendants has agreed to sell the land and premises belonging to the Estate of the late Habib Juma described in the Schedule below.

Any person having any claim or interest by way of sale, mortgage, gift, inheritance, lease, lien, share, or otherwise in the said property or any part thereof is hereby required to give notice thereof to the undersigned at their Office at Central Bank Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim or interest as aforesaid.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO

ALL that piece of land of the Fazandari tenure with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate on the West side of Narayen Dhuru Street, in the Island and Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay and containing by admeasurement one hundred and seventy-one and one-ninths square yards or thereabouts but one hundred and fifty-one square yards according to the Cadastral Survey Register for the Town and Island of Bombay be the same a little more or less and bearing New Survey No. part of 1280 and Cadastral Survey No. 1246 of Mandvi Division and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under B Ward No. 907 and Old Street Nos. 50-52-54 and 56 and New Street Nos. 42-44 and bounded, on or towards the North by the property of Cassam Mitha, on or towards the East by the said Narayen Dhuru Street, on or towards the South by the property of Tarmahomed Hassam and on or towards the West by the property of the Halai Memon Jamat.

Dated this 8th day of April, 1937.

LITTLE & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

5722

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

Estate of MUNCHERJI RUSTOMJI RANJI alias RAIWALA.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of the abovenamed deceased who carried on business as General Merchant at Mahableshwar in the Satara District and died at Bombay on 17th July, 1936, and Probate of whose Will and Codicil having effect throughout the Presidency of Bombay was granted on 2nd April, 1937, to Sorabji Muncherji Ranji and Hormasjee Bomanji Bardi both of Bombay are hereby required to send in their claims to the said Executors at the office of their undersigned attorneys at 14K, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, within one Calendar month from the date hereof at the expiration whereof the said Executors will hand over the assets to the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.

And all persons indebted to or holding any securities or property belonging to the said deceased are hereby required forthwith to pay the amount owing by them and/or to deliver up the said securities or property as the case may be to the said Executors at the said office of the undersigned.

Dated this 9th dav of April. 1937.

MERWANJI KOLA & CO.,
Attorneys for the Executors.

5232

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.

Telephone No. 24927.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE JEWELLERY.

Messrs. Gandhi & Co., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on Friday the 16th day of April 1937 at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at their Auction Rooms at No. 72, Medows Street, Fort, by order of Messrs. Benjamin Chhatrapati & Co., Attorneys for Messrs. Ganeshmal Sobhagmal, the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Rajendrakumarsinghji Rajkumarsinghji, the deceased and his heirs, the Mortgagors:—

1. Pearl necklace set with diamonds.
1. Surpech set with diamond with Latkan.
1. Kulgi set with diamond.

TERMS: 25 per cent Deposit.

SALE THIS DAY.

AUCTION SALE OF ALL THE MACHINERY, TYPES AND FURNITURE OF THE FEDERAL PRINTING AND ADVERTISING CO. LTD.

Messrs. Gandhi & Co. Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction this day Saturday the 10th day of April 1937 at 2-30 P. M. (S.T.) at the Provincial Co-operative Institute Building at No. 9, Back House Lane, Fort, by order of Messrs. Ramanlal & Himatlal, Attorneys for the mortgagee Mr. Motilal Ramkoomar, carrying on business in the name of Messrs. Deokarandas Ramkoomar and on account and at the risk of the Federal Printing and Advertising Co. Ltd.

1. Quad Dem Cylinder machine of Payne & Co. 2 Electric motors, Platen Printing Press Komet of 10"x15" size, Chandler & Price Press size 12"x18" Wire stitching machine, Cutting machine, a big lot English, Hindi and Gujarati types, one lot of papers, Press and Office Furniture, etc.

Terms:—25 per cent Deposit.

SALE THIS DAY.

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES AT KHARI BANDRA.

Messrs. Gandhi & Co. Auctioneers will, under instruction from Messrs Ghulamally Noorani & Co. Attorneys for Mr. Gafoor Mangtoo, the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Jafferalli the Mortgagor, in pursuance of the power of sale reserved to the Mortgagee contained in the Indenture of Mortgagee dated 18th February 1936 sell by public Auction the undermentioned Immovable Properties this day Saturday the 10th day of April 1937 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) on the premises.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece of Land with the house standing thereon, situate at Khar, Bandra admeasuring 230 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector under city Survey No. 52 and in the books of the Bandra Municipality under No. 66.

SECONDLY:—All that piece of gawthan vacant land situate at Khar Bandra admeasuring 82 square yards or thereabouts and bearing gawthan city survey No. 54 part.

For particulars please apply to Messrs. Ghulamally Noorani & Co. Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their Office at Tamarind House, Tamarind Lane, Fort or to the Undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.,

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from the Party concerned, Messrs BENNETT & CO. will (TO-MORROW) SUNDAY, the 11th April, 1937, at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction at Barodavala Bungalow, Altamount Road, Cumballa Hill, valuable household furniture such as dining tables, chairs sideboards, drawing room Chesterfield suites, drawing-room cabinets, writing tables, show-cases, almyrahs, dressing tables, card-tables, wooden bedsteads, crockery and glassware, a big lot of curios, French vases and clocks, very rich porcelain vases, bronzeware, old Chinaware, fans, baths, sinks, basins, E. Shades, lamps, pictures, etc.

Catalogues are ready and the property is on view.

BENNETT & CO..

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO PERSONS DESIROUS OF INVESTING IN A SOUND BUSINESS CONCERN.

Sale by the undersigned of

(A) The Goodwill of the business in respect of provision and General Stores carried on by Shirinbai Merwan Irani and Motibai Behram Irani under the name and style of B. K. IRANI, at Shop Nos. 4 to 6, E Block, Sitaram Buildings, Market Road, (near Crawford Market).

(B) together with its stock of tinned provisions, patent medicines, perfumery and general stores in great variety including Lightfoot-cold storage installation complete with motors, engine, plant and machinery, furniture, one electric slicing machine, one cheese slicing machine, frigidaire-show-case with compressor, frigidaire-fish-cooler, Neon electric signs, National Cash Register and all other articles and things belonging to the said business and lying at the said shop premises

and

(C) The outstandings of the business as appearing from books of account of the business.

Under instructions from Messrs. Damkewalla & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees-in possession and on account and at the risk of the above mentioned parties the Mortgagers.

The sale will take place at the premises mentioned above at Sitaram Buildings (near Crawford Market) on Friday the 16th day of April 1937 at 3-30 P.M.

The Goodwill, stock-in-trade, furniture cold storage and the outstandings will be put up in one lot.

Full particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from Messrs. Damkewalla & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees-in-possession, 361, Hornby Road, Fort, or from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE of C. Hopkins, Esquire, and others TO-MORROW (SUNDAY), at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) at Hughes Road, opp. Messrs. Hyland Co., of complete Bungalow furniture, Zunda Cabinet, Hall Clock, Remington portable typewriter, Singer Machine, Godrej "C" quality safe, Milner Safe, Steel Cabinet, Bear, Chesterfield sets, H. M. V. Gramophone, Ice Frigidaire, glassware, etc.

THE EMPIRE

Daily 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

The Great British Comedian

SIDNEY HOWARD

in

"CHICK"

A 70-Minute Tonic for depression. A film you simply must not miss!

A BRITISH AND DOMINION LAUGHTER RIOT!

NEXT TUESDAY

THE LIFE OF A GREAT HISTORICAL FIGURE!

"DAVID LIVINGSTONE"

with

the famous British Actor

PERCY MARMONT

Plans open. 'Phone 20286.

Aga Khan Hockey

"Giant-Killers" Meet Their Doomsday

LAHORE Y. M. C. A. SCORE GREAT VICTORY

With the approach of the Quarter-final rounds in the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament—the premier competition of its kind—the standard of hockey, as usual, has improved a great deal, and the games being played these days, are well worth watching, a sample of which was provided this evening, when the Lahore Y. M. C. A. Hockel Club scored a great victory over B. E. S. & T. Club, who were called by a local contemporary as "Giant-killers," when they accounted for the redoubtable Bombay Customs in the previous round. The score of 4 goals to 1 in favour of the winners speaks itself for the great game they played.

There was a remarkable disparity in the styles of play. Whereas the upcountry team gave an exhibition of some of the finest hockey ever seen in Bombay, the local team played in a manner which might bring discredit to any team. They resorted to rough tactics but against scientific hockey and team work of the visitors they could not do much. It must, however, be said that the Lahore team were also not without one or two spoilers.

The refeering was anything but satisfactory and the mistakes of the umpires might have changed the entire complexion of the game. Kicking, body-play and off-sides, the three points to be specially marked by the referees, were on many occasions neglected.

EARLY UPSET.

The visitors had hardly found their feet when a swamping raid by the B. E. S. & T. forwards put the local team one up in the second minutes, Wilkins, their centre-forward netting from close range. This early set back, however, did not unnerve the sturdy up-country people who soon got into their strides and not only drew level but established a lead. A. Latif, the Y. M. C. A. inside-left, worked up through a crowd of defenders and passed to Harbel, who dodged the opposing full-back and put the ball in one corner of the net. Hardly had the cheers died down when the same player, after a bout of beautiful stickwork, put in the second goal.

The fortunes of the game, which at one time favoured the B. E. S. and T. thus took a dramatic turn, the Lahore team having the better of the exchanges. The result of the match was put beyond doubt, when following a good solo run by Asghar, the Y. M. C. A. left-wing, the local goal-keeper was called upon to save. From the rebound, however, Latif, the Lahore centre-forward, made no mistake.

B. E. S. & T. UNLUCKY.

The B. E. S. & T. got together their resources and made sweeping raids which gave the Lahore defenders an anxious time. Gardiner, the local inside-right zigzagged his way through and capped his effort with a flying shot but he was unlucky, the ball striking the goal-post. For the remaining few minutes before interval, the local forwards were seen hovering around the Lahore ring but owing to stubborn defence by Dalgit and daring saves by Yusuf, a Punjab "Blue," they could not do any damage and were in arrears by 2 goals when the whistle for half-time blew.

VISITORS DEFENCE HOLDS OUT.

The Bombay forwards, led by Gardiner, made raid after raid, soon after the change of ends but their efforts were successfully frustrated by Mohinder, Caleb and Bali, the half-backs, who played a stout game.

The Y. M. C. A. forwards were prone to individual efforts at this stage, the result being that they could not go far into the territory of their opponents for sometime. They soon realised their mistake and started playing their usual combined and short-passing game, which proved effective when Latif, the centre-forward added the last goal, after hood-winking the opposing backs.

The local players, in their efforts to save their skin and keep the score low, started hitting out and one occasion, Caleb, the visitors' pivot and skipper, got a nasty hit on his head.

In spite of the heavy odds, the Bombay team did not give in and continued fighting till the final whistle when the score-board showed 4 goals to 1, in favour of the visitors.

RESULT:—

LAHORE Y. M. C. A. 4 goals.
B. E. S. & T. 1 goal.

THE TEAMS:—

LAHORE Y. M. C. A.: Yusuf; Dalgit and Pritam; Mohinder, Caleb and Bali; Manmohan, Harbel, Latif, A. Latif and Asghar.

B. E. S. & T.: Valentine; Menezes and Fonseca; Elliot, Spilling and Vaz; Francis, Gardiner, Wilkins, Lewis and Greed.

UMPIRES: Narporewala and H. Lyn[illegible]

SATURDAY'S GAME 5-30 P.M.

Replay between City Armed Police vs. Kirkee Ordnance.

FIXTURES.

Saturday, 10th at 5-30 p.m. City Armed Police vs. Kirkee Ordnance Sports Club.

Sunday, 11th April at 5-0 p.m. Kirkee United vs. Bangalore Indians.

Monday, 12th April 5-30 p.m. Bombay Telephone Sports Club vs. Y. M. C. A. Lahore.

Tuesday, 13th April, 5-30 p.m. Karachi Goans vs. B. B. & C. I. Railway Combined.

Wednesday, 14th April at 5-30 p.m. Parader's Hockey Club vs. Kirkee Ordnance Sports Club or City Armed Police.

THE EXCELSIOR

TO-DAY and TO-MORROW AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

Entertainment for all is provided by

GEORGE ARLISS

In one of his BEST Films.

"HIS LORDSHIP"

Playing a dual role with his inimitable artistry.

Under the patronage of HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA GAEKWAR OF BARODA

GANDHARVA NATAK MANDALI

at

BALIWALA GRAND THEATRE

SUNDAY, the 11th April at 3-30 p.m.

DROUPADI

by Mr. K. P. KHADILKAR

Booking daily from 8 to 11 a.m. and 5 to 8 p.m. at the theatre. Book in advance to avoid disappointment!

Plans open at the theatre.

Nadkarni Cup Tournament

(1937).

THE DRAW.

1st Round.

1 Bye
2 Bye
3 Bye
4 Bye
5 Bombay City April 10th.
6 Brightest Star April 10th.
7 Apollo Rainbow "A" April 12th.
8 Friends Union "A" April 12th.
9 Transit Section April 11th at 4-30 p.m.
10 Black and White S. C. April 11th at 4-30 p.m.
11 Byculla Y. Footballers April 13th.
12 L. C. Sonkoli April 13th.
13 South Kanara April 14th.
14 Byculla Blue Star April 14th.
15 Friends Union "B" April 15th.
16th Hanuman Vijay April 15th.
17 Georgian Sporting April 11th at 5-45 p.m.
18 Young Goans "B" April 11th at 5-45 p.m.
19 Velim Union April 16th.
20 Jolly Club "B" April 16th.
21 Apollo Rainbow "B" April 17th at 5-45 p.m.
22 Dewjee's Kanara April 17th at 5-45 p.m.
23 Bye.
24 Bye.
25 Bye.

2ND ROUND.

Fort Rangers F. C. April 18th at 4-30 p.m.
Colaba Star April 18th at 4-30 p.m.
Young Goans "A" April 18th at 5-45 p.m.
Kanara Young Boys April 18th 5-45 p.m.
Colaba New Rangers.
Jolly Club "A" April 17th at 4-30 p.m.
Khatau Sports April 17th at 4-30 p.m.

Details of the non-intervention control scheme have been completed.

All administrators have arrived at their posts and observers have been ordered to proceed to their stations.—Reuter.

FIGHTING VENEREAL DISEASE

Bombay Social Hygiene Council's Work

"The main objective of this Council is propaganda—the spread of knowledge of symptom and dangers of Venereal Diseases and encouragement of sufferers to come for treatment. This involves the provision of clinics by public bodies." So said Mr. G. Wiles, I.C.S., in his presidential address at the annual general meeting of the Bombay Social Hygiene Council on Friday evening at the Sanitary Institute, Princess Street, Bombay.

Proceeding the President said, "the grant from Government will enable to renew and increase our stock of pamphlets and instructive literature and to pay lecturers for giving addresses to the public in the various vernaculars." He referred to the slowness of the progress of the movement and said that the Government had at last recognised the value of their propaganda work and were making a small annual grant and both the Government and the Municipality had established clinics which were becoming increasingly popular.

President of the Council, Sir T. B. Nariman, said, in the report that the Council was a continuation of the League for combating venereal diseases. When the League started work 18 years ago venereal diseases were covered by a conspiracy of silence and local papers dreaded to print the name. To-day, he said, the Government and Municipality were extending work in this field, private medical institutions had equipped themselves to deal with venereal cases and lastly the public was growing conscious of the dangers of the disease and of its far-reaching effects. This was a proud achievement, much of which, he said, belonged to the old League, which had strong financial aid from the Government, the Municipality and the Turf Club.

PUBLIC RESPONSE.

The Council claims to have succeeded in eliciting a very definite initial response from the public in a scheme, of which they very naturally fought shy for a while. At the Municipal Clinic at Bellasis Road, started in January, 1934, and working day and night, average disinfections per month are said to be 370. Many other Centres were also started, some working both day and night, during the last two years. Special Courses were given and public lectures were delivered under the auspices of this Council.

The Executive Committee of the Council also decided to present Mr. Basrur with a Souvenir in appreciation of his voluntary services to the Council from 1927 till now.

SWADESHI MARKET

Board's New Constitution Adopted

A general meeting of the merchants and members of the Board of the Swadeshi Market was held at the office of the Bombay Swadeshi Market Board on Tuesday the 4th instant, when amongst the Board Members, Sjt. Soonderdas Morarji, Sjt. Ganpatishanker N. Desai, Sjt. Ratansi Champsi and Sjt. Dhirajlal C. Modi were present. Sjt. Soonderdas Morarji presided over the meeting. The members of the Board were introduced to the merchants and the meeting discussed and finally approved of the Board's New Constitution and the Lease Agreement of the merchants.

At the outset, Mr. Ganpatishanker Desai, while explaining the new constitution and the terms of the lease, requested the merchants to create a spirit of co-operation, and said that the Board alone, without the whole hearted co-operation of the merchants could not make the Swadeshi Market prosperous.

Sjt. Soonderdas Morarji appealed to the merchants to further the cause of Swadeshi by giving wholehearted co-operation.

Sjt. Dhirajlal Modi urged that the fixed rates and honesty would lead to increase in business.

Raja Dhunrajgirji's Party

Raja Dhunrajgirji gave a birthday party on Thursday evening at the Dhunraj Mahal. About 200 guests were invited. Among those present were the Prince of Berar, Prince and Princess Aly Khan, the Maharaja of Udaipur and several others. The guests were entertained on the terrace of Dhunraj Mahal, Apollo Bunder.

The engine and 11 wagons of a goods train are reported to have been mysteriously derailed between Durgawati and Karamnasha on the Grant Chord Line. None was injured.

DR. PATTABHI ON INTERIM CABINETS

It Is A Case Of Insolvent Taking Time To Get Adjudicated, He Says

AHMEDABAD, (By Mail)

"Minority governments in other democratic countries were preceded by a majority of government and came into existence as the result of a particular situation. But, here in India we have the unique spectacle of a constitution starting with a minority government" said Dr. Pattabhi sitaramaiya President of the All-India States' People's Federation and Ex-member of the A.I.C.C. in the course of an interview to the Press, before leaving Ahmedabad for Bombay on Monday night.

Dr. Pattabhi observed that a minority government must come into existence under extraordinary circumstances. He added "I have seen eminent Congressmen saying that this is unconstitutional, because it is not provided for in the Instrument of Instructions and is directly opposed to the instruction that Governors should send for the leader of the majority party. In this connection Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru quotes from British history instances of minority governments". At this stage the Doctor warned up and said "All this trouble is unnecessary, for the Instrument of Instructions is no doubt included in the States under Sections 13 and 53 but Cl. 2 of both these Sections comes to aid of the Governors. Therefore instead of turning the page of history, as Sir Tej has done, the Governors may simply direct their attention to Cl. 2 of Section 53 and claim their procedure as constitutional".

Concluding the interview, Dr. Pattabhi said that every unconstitutional procedure had been incorporated in the constitution and was therefore given a certain sanctity. It was just a case of an insolvent taking time to get adjudicated. "In the circumstances, it is not right for us" said Dr. Sitaramaiya, "to anticipate what Congress will do after this. It may revise its ideas of Council programme and find out some other formula or evolve new plans in other directions to achieve its declared goal."—A.P.

PLOT AGAINST KING DENIED

The "Sunday Dispatch" writes in mail week:—

A Scotland Yard official gave the "Sunday Dispatch" a categorical denial of a report spread in London recently that a Coronation Day plot against the King's life had been discovered.

The report alleged that a throwing knife and a map of the Coronation route, with other details concerning the Royal procession, had been found in a house in a London suburb, and that a man was being questioned by Scotland Yard.

"We have no knowledge of such a discovery", it was stated at Scotland Yard.

WAR OFFICE EXPLOITS NON-INTERVENTION

At various centres throughout Spain the Government has established British military observers, not merely to study the trend of the fighting, but to report on newest methods of warfare, writes "News Review" in mail week.

These secret communiques are made both to the War Office and to the Foreign Office.

It is understood on high authority that last week's dispatches stated that the fighting efficiency of General Franco's Italian volunteers is very low, and that the Italian army would not be of much use in a major European war.

WANTED DEFINITE ECONOMIC POLICY

Stafford Cripps Wishes Success To India's Fight For Freedom

DOHAD, April 9.

Sir Stafford Cripps, M.P., and Socialist leader of England, has sent the following letter to the Secretary of the Provincial Congress Socialist Party, Gujerat, in connection with the forthcoming Provincial Gujerat-Kathiawar Congress Socialist Conference, to be held at Dohad on April 24th and 25th next.

"I am delighted to hear that the second Provincial Gujerat Congress Socialist Conference is being held at Dohad and I send my very best greetings and every wish for its success.

"I realise the tremendous task you have before you in teaching the masses and in building an organisation amongst the peasants and workers, but I am certain that the empty philosophy of National Independence cannot free the Indian people from their age-long servitude, unless it is associated with a definite economic policy to give them economic freedom, both from British Indian capitalist landowners.

"At the present time, the working class of the world is struggling towards this freedom and the fight that you are carrying on so gallantly in Gujerat is an important part of this struggle and must, I am sure, eventually be crowned with success."—United Press.

MINIMUM SALARY FOR MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES

The Secretary Municipal Workers' Union writes:—

The Bombay Municipal Workers' Union that has been agitating for some time past in the direction of establishing a standard of minimum living wage for the Bombay Municipal (menials) workers has issued a statement on the report of the Municipal Commissioner, that has been just published.

The Union congratulates some of the members who had the courage of dissenting from the Municipal Commissioner and have urged for the acceptance of Rs. 30 as minimum living wage. When men like the Commissioner of Police himself have urged that a minimum standard must be established, it is absurd on the part of the Municipal Commissioner to have decided the proposal for minimum living wage at Rs. 30 as being fantastic. The Labour Office, of Government of Bombay, has proved that a Bombay (menial) workers must at least get the above wages simply to enable him to live.

It is highly gratifying to note that some of the members of the Bombay Corporation are accepting the plea for justice to the low paid workers

DO NOT MISS SECOND INSTALMENT

(LAST 12 REELS)

A Startling and Amazing Drama of Mysterious world Under the Ocean

REPUBLIC PICTURES'

UNDERSEA KINGDOM

Starring—World's Strongest MAN RAY "CRASH" CORRIGAN

with

LOISE WILDE, MONTE BLUE, JACK MULHALL, LON CHANEY (Jun.)

MOST MARVELLOUS SERIAL EVER PRESENTED

AT

THE GLOBE

TALKIES — SANDHURST RD.

Time: 5-15, 8, 10-45.

Saturday, Sunday and Holidays at 2-45 p.m.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL

ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Fagan Vad 14, 1993
Muslim: Mohurrum 27, 1305
Parsi: Avan 7, 1306
Hightide: 11-16 23-30
Lowtide: 4-51 17-13
Sunrise: 6h 26m
Sunset: 6h 55m

S. S. Strathnaver with mails due to sail at 1 p.m.

H. E. The Governor's annual inspection of the Bombay Divisions of St. John's Ambulance Brigade Overseas, at Elphinstone High School, 5 p.m

Monday, April 12.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

Tuesday, April 13.

Released Prisoners' Aid Society: Annual General meeting Corporation Hall 6-15 p.m.

Wednesday, April 14.

Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.

BAHUJAN VIHAR BUDDHA MANDIR

There will be 'Pravachan' in Marathi at 8-30 a.m. to-morrow (Sunday).

POSTAL NOTICE

Registered and unregistered mails for Australia per s.s. 'Ormonde' via Madura and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Tuesday the 13th instant.

PARENTS' DAY AT BANDRA

The Parents' Day of the G. I. P. Railway Boy Scouts' Troop, Bandra, will be observed at the Bandra Town Hall. Dr. D. V. Clayton will preside. Mrs. Clayton will distribute prizes.

ANNESLEY ROAD WELFARE CENTRE

The Bombay Municipal Boy Scouts' Association Annesley Road Welfare Centre will celebrate its First Resident's Social to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.). Mr. Shantaram A. Shete will preside.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE SOCIAL GATHERING

The College Annual Social Gathering of the Davar's College of Commerce will be held to-day (Saturday) at Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Public Hall at 4 p.m Sir Homi P. Modi will preside and Lady Modi will distribute prizes.

MATUNGA ATHLETIC CLUB

The Weight Lifting Competition at the Matunga Athletic Club will be held on the premises of the Club, Bhimbdiwala Building, Matunga, G. I. P. today (Saturday) at 4 p.m. Mr. S. A. Brelvi will preside and distribute the trophies.

MUSICAL ART SOCIETY

The 55th general meeting of the Musical Art Society will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. at the People's Jinnah Hall, Vithalbhai Patel Road. A programme of vocal music by Bai Mogubai Kurdiker has been arranged after the meeting.

SLIDES SHOW AT GHATKOPAR

Under the auspices of Ghatkopar Gramya Udyog Mandal, a programme to show slides of Village Industries is fixed on Saturday night 10th instant at 8-30 p.m. in the hall of Jain Onshadhshala, when occasional lectures also will be delivered in the festival of the National Week.

AMUSEMENTS

OF THE DAY

EXCELSIOR—"His Lordship". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

REGAL—"One in a Million". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

EMPIRE—"Chick". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CAPITOL—"We Who are about to Die" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

OPERA HOUSE—"Prem Kahani". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.

PATHE—"God's Country and the Woman". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. To-morrow morning show at 10 a.m.

WELLINGTON—"Forward March". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.

CENTRAL—"Tukaram". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.

MAJESTIC—"Sundari". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.

WEST-END—"Lure of Gold". Time as usual.

MINERVA—"Atma Tarang". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.

IMPERIAL—"Kulvadhu". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 3 p.m.

PLAZA—"Awakening". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-15 p.m.

GLOBE—"Undersea Kingdom". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.

KRISHNA—"President". Time as usual

ROXY—"Ma". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m

A. I. JOURNALISTS' ASSOCIATION

The annual general meeting of the Journalists' Association of India will be held at 107 Esplanade Road, Fort, on Saturday April 10 at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) to elect office-bearers.

P. J. HINDU GYMKHANA

The 43rd annual general meeting of the members of the P. J. Hindu Gymkhana will be held at Kennedy Sea Face to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.)

MOSQUITO BREEDERS

List of places in Bombay City where Anopheles stephensi, the Malaria carrying mosquito, was detected breeding during the week ending March 3, 1937.

Nesbit Road, No. 48 (Aga Hall), Fountain.

RAM MOHAN ENGLISH SCHOOL

The Old Students' Union, Ram Mohan English School: The Union will celebrate its 9th annual social gathering to-day (Saturday) at 8 p.m. in the Bombay Theatre, when Mr. P. W. Wagh, Corporator will preside.

COMMERCE STUDENTS' ASSOCIATION

A social gathering of the Past and the Present students of the Government Commercial Classes, Bombay, will be held to-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the Elphinstone High School Building, Cruickshank Road, Bombay.

"MOSQUITO NUISANCE"

Under the auspices of the Medical Association, Bombay North, a public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) in Pathare Kshatriya Hall, Dadar (B. B. and C. I. near Dhuru Hall) to consider the nuisance caused by the breeding of mosquitoes on this side of Bombay.

Mr. K. F. Nariman will preside.

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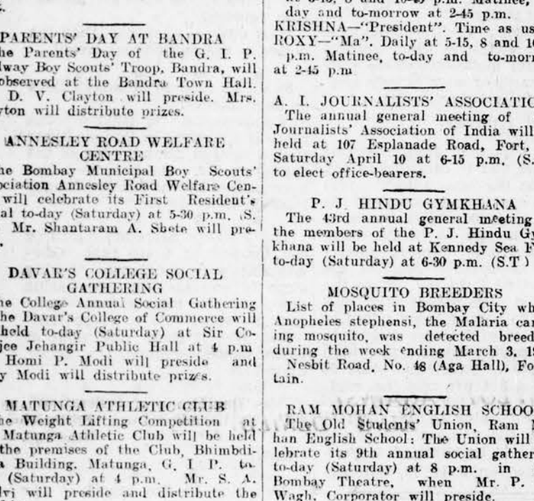

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FILM ACTRESS WITHDRAWS SUIT

Settlement In Sultana Case

On Friday afternoon, when the Sultana-Lalji case was called on before Mr. Justice Blackwell at the High Court, a settlement was announced which brought to a close the proceedings in this sensational case.

Mr. K H. Vakil, counsel for the film-actress, stated that his client did not want to proceed with the suit, and that she agreed to have the suit dismissed.

Mr. Somji, the defendant's counsel, then intimated that under the agreement the defendant did not press for costs of the suit and had dropped his counter-claim.

His lordship passed a consent order in terms of the settlement

PLAINTIFF'S CLAIM.

The plaintiff Sultana is a well-known film actress. Her claim was that in 1930 when she was living at the Taj Mahal Hotel, she was married to the defendant, Yakoob Hussainbhoy Lalji, in the presence of a Kazi and two witnesses. The marriage was alleged to be by a contract which, according to her, was signed by the defendant who also signed another contract promising to pay her Rs. 5 lakhs as dowry.

The plaintiff further stated that some time after the marriage the defendant left her, and, therefore, she filed this suit claiming a declaration of legal marriage with him and also claiming Rs. 5 lakhs by way of dowry and further sums for maintenance under the alleged agreements.

The defendant contested the suit on the ground that the contract and agreements were void in law as he was forced to sign them under the threat and coercion of the persons who were present there.

ARYA SAMAJ LECTURE

At the Matunga Arya Samaj Mandir, Pandit Shyam Sharmaji and Pandit Oghleji will deliver a public lecture on "Mind and Bhajan" to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.).

WELLINGTON TERRACES SOCIAL COMMITTEE

The third annual social gathering of the Wellington Terraces Residents will take place on Saturday, the 10th of April at 9 p.m. (S. T.) at the Sir Chunilal Mehta Hut.

COMMERCE STUDENTS' ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the Association, Mr. A. R. Ramchandra, of the Sydenham College of Commerce, Bombay, will deliver a lecture on the "Indian Companies (Amendment) Act" to-day (Saturday) at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Government Commercial Classes Cruickshank Road, Bombay.

MADAME SOPHIA WADIA'S LECTURE

Under the auspices of the Buddha Society, Madame Sophia Wadia will deliver a public lecture at 9-30 a.m. tomorrow (Sunday) at 'Ananda-Vihara' in Nair Hospital Compound, near Bombay Central Station on "Paramitas: The Way of Virtue."

THE ST. JOHN AMBULANCE BRIGADE OVERSEAS

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay will carry out his last annual inspection of the Bombay Divisions of St. John's Ambulance Brigade Overseas today (Saturday) at 5 p.m. at the Elphinstone High School.

In addition to the inspection and prize distribution by His Excellency, a series of first aid and nursing displays will be carried out.

GIRGAUM DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE

There will be a public meeting under the auspices of the Girgaum District Congress Committee to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at Sikka Nagar, Vithalbhai Patel Road.

Smt. Lilavati Munshi will preside.

Speeches will be delivered on the 'National Week' by Sjts. Ganpatishankar Desai, B. R. Dhurandhar, Sorab Batliwala, Gajendranath Sherman, Y. K. Khadilkar and others

SUNDAY AND AMAS

The Secretary, A. I. S. A., Bombay Branch writes:—

Most of the markets remain closed on Sunday. Some remain closed on Amas.

It is a lucky coincidence that Amas falls on Sunday during this National Week.

Visit the Khadi Bhandars on this Sunday and pay your humble tributes to the Martyrs of the Jallianwala Baug.

We too on our part, offer you our entire stocks mainly at cost price.

'G' WARD DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE

The National Week was inaugurated in Dadar by Mr. B. G. Kher, at a largely attended meeting held at Kshatriya Union Club Hall, on Tuesday night.

The Sub-Committee has chalked out the following programme of meetings in the Ward: Saturday April 10, Dharavi. Sunday April 11, DeLisle Road. Maidan. Monday April 12, Fergusson Road and Tuesday April 13, Gandhi Maidan.

A special effort will be made for enrolling Congress members on Saturday.

On Sunday morning a Prabhat Pherry will be organised by the Committee. It will start from the Committee's Office at 6-30 a.m. and will pass through Portuguese Church Street, Gokhale Road, Lady Jamshedji Road and will end at the Kshatriya Union Club Hall, where the Flag Salutation Ceremony will be performed.

After the Flag Salutation a batch of Congress workers will go to the Bazar for selling Khadi Hundis and enrolling members

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN).

To-day's meeting of the Vile Parle Municipal Board is to consider a letter of the Collector, Bombay Suburban District, who has now written to the Municipality asking them to consider certain objections which appear to him to exist in regard to the construction of the bridge to be financed by a local gentleman.

Some of the objections are that the proceedings, leading to the acceptance of the donor's offer found a place in the Municipality's agenda in circumstances which were likely to prevent all concerned from giving full consideration to an obviously controversial matter. The other objection was that the gift of the bridge appeared to be dependent on a condition which seemed liable to react unfavourable on the revenues of the Municipality.

This bridge controversy it will be recalled caused a lot of stir in Vile Parle and Andheri. The main cause was that the people of Vile Parle wanted a bridge to be constructed over the railway lines, and the Board not being in a position to do so, after due consideration accepted the offer of a Marwari gentleman on certain conditions made by him.

One of the conditions was the site for the building of this bridge was chosen by him, which the people thought quite unsuitable. The section of citizens that protested went so far as to collect Rs. 7,500 for the construction of a bridge at a central place.

Finding that situation had been created in which the Municipality would have to incur maintenance charges in respect of two overbridges annually the other section of the citizen asked the Collector to intervene into the matter.

The Collector has thus replied as above and his reply is to be considered by the Board to-day.

SCOUTS FANCY DRESS PARADE.

To-day all roads lead to the Bandra Town Hall for the 20th G. I. P. Railway Boy Scout Troop, Bandra, is to celebrate the success of the Troop in winning the Trophy at the recent Khandala Rally.

There is to be a Grand Fancy Dress Parade in which most of the G. I. P. Railway and the Bombay Suburban Cubs, Scouts and Rover troops are to partake. A grand display this is to be, and prizes for the most effective, original and humorous costumes are to be given which I understand has kept all scouts busy.

Starting at 7-30 p.m. a long programme is to be gone through. Piano Duets, Spanish Dances, Scouts Display, Camp Fire and Talk to Scouts and parents by Mr. C. H. Tyrell are some of the items on the programme.

This function is to be presided over by Dr. R. V. Clayton, Principal Medical and Health Officer, G. I. P. Railway ond District Commissioner G. I. P. Railway Boy Scouts Local Association, and Mrs. Clayton is to distribute the prizes . . . a grand affair this, worth your evenings programme.

Then at 9-30 p.m., a Grand Gala Dance is to be held at the Town Hall in aid of the G. I. P. Railway Troops.

VILLAGE INDUSTRIES DAY

Congress House Dinner

The dinner that has been arranged by the A.I.V.I.A., Bombay Office, at the Congress House at 6 p.m. on Sunday, the 11th inst. will provide one of the most entertaining events of the day's celebration. The menu of the dinner is a simple but attractive one. All the articles used will be village products sought to be popularized by the A.I.V.I.A. The method of cooking will be such as to obviate any need for the flame to have direct contact with the food. This adds to the flavour of the food. This style of cooking is also favoured as it maintains the nutritive value of the articles of food, whether cereals or vegetables, that are cooked.

Those desirous of participating in the dinner are requested to purchase their tickets by Saturday evennig and to be in their seats before 6 p.m. on Sunday the 11th.

Young Reformers' Depressed Society

The Secretary of the Young Reformers Depressed Society writes:

The above Society was founded about four years ago by Dr. V. R. Bhoosrath at Nesbit Road, Mazagaon to help the poor Harijans of that locality. It has been conducting one day and one night school and the Bombay Municipality gives an annual grant of Rs. 60 to the night school only and hence the Society has to look up to the public for patronage. In aid of the schools a charity show "Chandidas" of "New Theatres" fame will be given to-morrow (Sunday) at 9-30 a.m. at the Krishna Cinema, Charni Road when Dr. E. Moses the Mayor of Bombay will preside. The public are requested to attend the show and thus help a deserving cause.

THE SOUTH INDIAN SANGEETHA SABHA

There will be a musical entertainment by Chittoor Subramania Pillai—Vocal, Marungapuri Gopalokrishna Iyer—Violin and Palani Subramania Pillai—Mridangam at 4-15 p.m. on Sunday the 11th inst. at the Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Hall, near King's Circle, Matunga.

REDUCTION IN KHADI RATES.

During the National Week, Khadi will be sold at reduced rates upto the 13th inst at Khadi Bhandar, Bajaj Wadi, Station Road, Santa Cruz. Residents are requested to take advantage of this opportunity and help the poor spinners and weavers.

PUBLIC MEETING AT NORTH BROOK STREET

"C" Ward Congress Secretary writes:—

Under the &auspices of Bhuleshwar District Congress Committee a public meeting will be held today (Saturday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at Kumbharwada, North Brook Street. Sjt. Nagindas Master will preside and Messrs. Ganapatishanker Desai, Yusuf Meherally, Gajendranath Sherwan, Yashwant Parulekar, Sunderdas Morarji, Rairam Trivedi will address the meeting.

As there will be a magic lantern show at 8 a.m. at Bullion Exchange Hall.

Conference Of Suburban Workers

The secretaries of the Suburban District Congress Committee write:

A conference of the Bombay Suburban District Congress workers will be held to-morrow (Sunday) in Chhawani Building, Ghodbunder Road, Vile Parle.

The Conference will begin at 9-30 a.m. and it will discuss various schemes with a view to strengthen the Congress work in the district. The dinner will be at about 11-30 a.m. (S.T.)

Sheth Jamnalal Bajaj and Shrimati Janaki Devi will be present at the Conference.

Worli East Indian Association

The Secretary writes:—

The East Indian Catholics of Worli village have organised an Association to promote local interests such as the village uplift, solving un-employment among the village youths, free education and other helps to the poor, education in hygiene and other useful subjects.

The Association hopes to discourage the people of the village from spending money for useless purposes, lowering of the Dowry system among its populace and other extravagant habits of the people. The Association will have its own reading room, library games and other recreation for its membes. The Association also hopes to establish contact with other associations of similar type.

The office-bearers of the Association are:—

Mr. P. L. Louis (Landlord) President.

Mr. P. Rodrigues (Indian Postal Department) Secretary.

Mr. John Kinney Treasurer.

Bombay National Guards

The Secretary writes:—

An informal meeting of some of the members of the Bombay National Guards will be held tomorrow (Sunday) morning at 5 F. Tarabaug Estate at 9 a.m. All the members of the Managing Committee as also the invitees are requested to be present in time.

TELANG'S "BIN" CONCERT.

Under the auspices of the North Kanara G. S. B. Sangh and the Kanara Saraswat Association, Mr. Mangeshrao Telang, the well-known scholar and musician of Karwar, will give a performance on the "bin" at 9 p.m. tonight (Saturday) in the Saraswat Association Hall, Alexandra Road, Gamdevi.

PUBLIC MEETING AT WAKOLA

Under the auspices of the Santa Cruz Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held in connection with the National Week, at Wakola, in Bhomaji Sheth's Wadi, to-day (Saturday) at 9-0 p.m. (S.T.) Sjts. Gokulbhai Bhatt, Purshottam Kanji and Gangaben Patel will adress on the occasion

NATIONAL WEEK AT VERSOVA

A public meeting will be held at Gandhi Chowk, Versova to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. when Sjt. Bala Saheb Kher, Wandrekar, Songaonker, Gokulbhai Bhatt, Kakubhat and Ramnikrai Mehta will address the meeting. Dr. Dandekar will preside.

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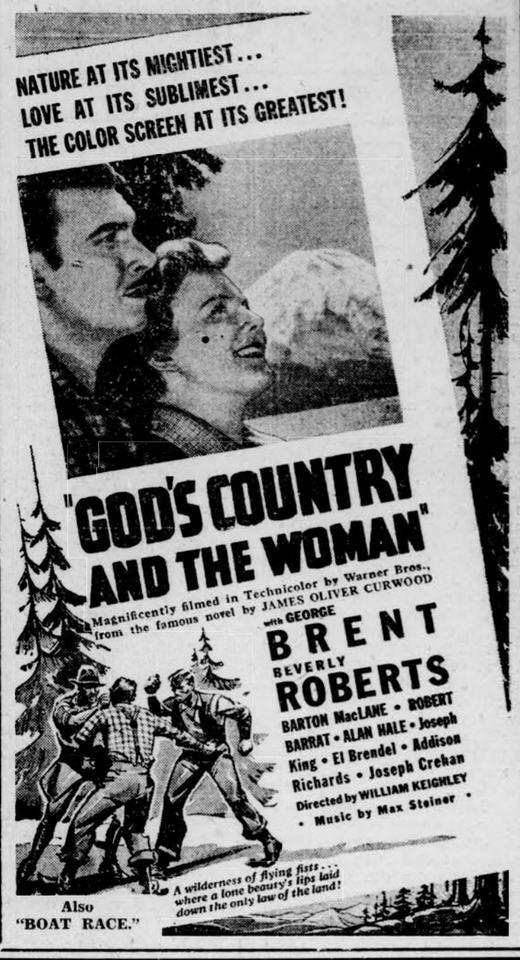

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, APRIL 10, 1937

CONGRESS WILL NOT BUDGE

Lord Zetland's speech in the House of Lords on the Constitutional deadlock in India will not surprise many. The uniformity of the replies given by six Governors to the demand of the Congress made it clear that the replies were suggested by a common higher authority. Nor are Government likely to bend willingly and soon to public opinion. However, Lord Zetland's speech helps to clarify Government's position and to minimise speculation about the immediate future. With regard to the assurance demanded by the Congress he expressed the British Government's view thus: "The Governors could not give within the framework of the Constitution the assurance which was asked and Mr. Gandhi was in error in asserting that they could. But he would add that even if the Constitution admitted a pledge of this kind being given, the giving of it would have involved a grave breach of faith with the minorities and others in India who were promised the measure of protection against arbitrary rule of the majority afforded by special responsibilities of the Governors and the powers conferred on them of making the safeguards effective." In other words, Governors will not give the assurance asked for even if it is constitutionally possible to do so. So long as that is the attitude of the Governors, it is useless to discuss the constitutional aspect of the question. But a word should be said about Lord Zetland's reference to Gandhiji in this matter. Instead of saying in a gentlemanly way that he does not accept Gandhiji's view, he impertinently remarks that Gandhiji's statement "appeared explicable only on the assumption that he had never read the Act and the Instrument of Instructions or the Report of the Select Committee or that if he had done so, he had completely forgotten them when he made his statement." It is not Gandhiji's habit to express any view without studying really necessary materials, though he could not possibly be aware of the various motives behind the Governors' safeguards. The example about minority interests given by Lord Zetland may for the first time reveal to Gandhiji's mind the dangerous possibilities of the Governors' powers being used to pit one community against another.

Flimsy Defence

As was to be expected, Lord Zetland supports the conduct of the Governors in forming minority Ministries. And his defence is the flimsy one urged by the Ministries themselves, that the King's Government must function at all times. This plea and several others have been exploded by many legal luminaries in India like Sir Syed Wazir Hassan and the two ex-Advocate-Generals of Bombay, Mr. D. N. Bahadurji and V. F. Taraporewala. Probably Lord Zetland will say that these men have not studied the Government of India Act. However, we shall see how long the minority Ministries will last. Lord Zetland himself contemplates the possibility of their being censored by the majority party, when he says, it will be again open to the latter to form a Ministry "in accordance with the universally accepted practice under the system of responsible Government". Lord Zetland looks only on one side of the system. Where is the system of responsible Government if a constitutionally irresponsible Governor is at liberty every now and then to interfere with the Ministers?

Eyes Turned To The Masses

Lord Zetland will stoutly deny that he has banged the door against any settlement with the Congress. For has he not said that, if Gandhiji or any other representative of the Congress confuses his error and wishes to see the Viceroy, the latter will be gracious enough to see him? Lord Zetland or the Viceroy will have to wait rather long before Congress makes any overtures in a penitent mood. Everything said by Government and their supporters only strengthens the Congressmen's view that the assurance demanded by them is indispensable. They believe, with many others, that it is possible for the Governors to give it. However, they do not like to carry on an endless controversy on the legal aspect. They need the assurance and must have it, with or without a change in the Constitution. Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru suggests a Constitutional Conference and trusts prestige will not prevent any Party from participating in it. Congress has never stood on mere prestige. It stands on principles, in the present case, on its minimum demand of a satisfactory assurance. We do not think any good can come out of a Conference like the one suggested by Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru. But the Congress will gladly participate in any responsible conference to state and defend its demand. But the demand itself the Congress cannot compromise. The Congress is not nervous about the present deadlock, which only helps its policy to wreck the Constitution. As Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru says, "we shall know how to deal with this and every situation, for the initiative lies with us so long as the masses are with us, and we are true to our mandate. But our eyes must always be turned to these masses and not to legal quibbles, and the test of every action must be that it has increased the strength of the masses."

A Poor Approximation

The Bombay Ministry has at last published its programme. But we doubt if it will satisfy even the small groups the Ministers represent or are supposed to represent. It is obviously an attempt to approximate the Congress programme, but a poor attempt, indeed. It is extremely vague even when some definiteness is essential. What is the value of the solemn declaration that the Ministry accepts the aim of free and compulsory education "within a reasonable period" and that "a beginning in that direction will be made at an early date"? Prohibition is to be realised "within a period of time"! That is something, coming from Sir Siddappa Tottappa Kambli, but was it inconvenient to give any indication of the period? However, one need not probe deep into the programme as the Ministry itself cannot but be short-lived.

The Ministry is aware of its shaky position but justifies its existence "only as an alternative to the Proclamation under Section 93 of the Government of India Act." The use of that Section would have been more straightforward than the present deception. Dr. Ambedkar asks the Ministers "to consider whether they would not be held guilty of deceiving the Governor should they fail to produce the necessary majority." But the Governor himself might have known better. The Ministers say that "where necessary they will approach the legislature with well-considered schemes for their acceptance." If they care for the legislature, why not convene its meeting straightway to see whether their programme is acceptable to it?

A VINDICTIVE ACTION

The forfeiture of Sardar Sardul Singh Caveeshar's "Jagir," which has been enjoyed by his family for the last four generations, on account of his political activities, will create a great deal of public amazement, if only because the order of forfeiture has been issued within a week of the inauguration of the much-vaunted Provincial Autonomy. We are not aware for what particular heinous crime the Sardar has been made to suffer. Personally he is too disciplined a soldier of the Congress to deplore the sequestration of his patrimonial property, which, after all, was a gift of Government. On the other hand, we are confident he will cheerfully submit to the sacrifice. But we wonder, if Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan and his ministerial colleagues are incapable of comprehendnig the simple fact that such graceless and vindictive actions lead to a gratuitous exacerbation of public feeling. Or had they no voice at all in this matter?

NEW INSURANCE BILL

Need For More Protection To Policy-Holders, Agents And Indian Companies

(By MANIBHAI DESAL.)

IV.

On a perusal of the main features of the New Insurance Bill enumerated in the first article and of the review of some of them in the second and third articles, the reader must have seen that the Bill as a whole makes a great improvement in the existing law and is chiefly intended for the following purposes:—

(1) Protection of the interests of the policy-holders.
(2) Checking the growth of mushroom companies.
(3) Ensuing the working, on sound lines, of the existing companies.

Thus clauses relating to the supervision of companies by the Superintendent of Insurance, registration of insurers, submission of returns, disclosure of information, prohibition of rebates, reservation of deposits as security for policy-holders, abolition of the managing agency system, fixing the valuation basis for life assurance companies, etc., are quite welcome, as designed to fulfil the one or the other or all of the above purposes.

Policy-Holder's Right to Representation

But granting this, one must say that the Bill does not go far enough, especially in the matter of safeguarding the interests of the policy-holders. For instance, no mention is made anywhere in the Bill about the representation of the policy-holders, on the board of directors. True it is that the prospectuses of many companies provide for some sort of representation by the policy-holders but that is only by way of grace, even if it is not a farce.

Now in an insurance company, the contributions made by the share-holders, to the total funds of the company grow less and less in proportion to the assets accumulated out of the premiums, etc., received from the policy-holders, as the business of the company goes on increasing year after year; and in the long run the share-capital of a company forms only a small part of the total assets of a company. This will be amply borne out by the figures of respective funds of the big companies doing business in our country. It is, therefore, but meet that after the initial stage of a company is over, the policy-holders do get a progressively increased control in the management of a company. It is the policy-holders' right. The greater their stake in a company, the higher must be their right to supervise its operations. A new clause may therefore be inserted in the Bill which would suitably give effect to this right of the policy-holder. This would give a sense of added security to the policy-holders and the faith of the people in life-insurance would consequently grow. Besides this, it is also desirable that a provision, requiring a company to disclose the surrender value and the loan value on its policies be embodied in the Bill.

Agent's Problems

Next come the interests of the agents. But the Bill, though it rightly provides for the protection of the interests of the policy-holders, does not say a word about raising the status of an agent and ensuring his welfare. The only provision which affects them directly is in regard to licencing of agents. But it is not clear whether it will, if at all, improve his position.

The agent is, so to say, the life-blood of a company and upon the proper conduct of his calling depends to a large extent the future of this business. While, therefore, the Bill is in the process of being remodelled, questions relating to the training of agents, control over the companies in the selection of agents, their organisation and efficiency, provision of provident fund for them, etc., must be thrashed out and suitable provisions inserted in the Bill, which will, in effect, raise the dignity of the profession and safeguard their interests.

Equity To Earn Renewals

The question about their renewal

(Continued on page 18 Col. 5)

Indian Railway Policy

Evils Of Company Management

By A Student Of Railway History

British companies constructing and managing railways in India have been able to obtain special consideration and favourable terms from Government, at the expense of India. This began right in 1849, when the first proposal to build railways in India was mooted in England. With only one solitary exception, this state of things has flourished down to the present moment, as is proved by the fresh lease recently given by the Government of India to the M. & S. M. Railway Company and the B. N. Railway Company in spite of the universal and persistent Indian demand for the last twenty-two years, that railways should be managed by the State.

Notable Admission

Before the Select Committee of 1884, Sir James Campbell asked General Richard Strachey: "Is it not the case, as regards all the railways which have been undertaken by private Companies and that have failed to pay, the Companies almost invariably have come back to Government and obtained more favourable terms? Is it not the case that the Port Canning Railway being a total failure, Government was obliged to take it over; and is it not the case that even as lately as the concession to the Bengal & North-Western Railway, when it was found that the shares did not go off, they came back again and secured more favourable terms from the Government?"

The General replied: "As regards the Calcutta & South-Eastern line, as it is called, under the terms of the contract, the Secretary of State was bound to pay them back their capital, and he simply acted up to the terms of that agreement. After having paid them a great deal of money under the guarantee, I quite admit it was a most unsatisfactory arrangement. The Bengal & North-Western Railway was a different thing. It is quite true that the promoters of that Company found that they had burnt their fingers. It did not go off on the market as well as had been proposed, and the Government was induced to agree to give up the share of profits in excess of 6 per cent., which had been revised under the original contract, but it had produced absolutely no result, the shares of the Company are in precisely the same condition as they were."

"Heads I Win...."

In answer to another question, General Strachey said that the Companies were acting on the 'Heads I win, tails you lose' principle.

While the old Guaranteed companies obtained important and valuable concessions in the terms of their contracts, which they did not deserve, they did not yield at all on any terms which were adverse to the Government of India. In his masterly survey of the working of the Indian railways, Pandit Chandika Prasad gives several examples of the terms obtained by the Companies, which on their very face appeared most unreasonable.

He writes, "Under the revised terms made in 1870 in the contracts with the Guaranteed Railway Companies, a moiety of the excess of net earnings over the interest charges for each half-year ending 30th June and 31st December taken "separately" was paid to the Companies as their share of "Surplus Profits," but in calculating the total surplus for division, the Secretary of State was able to place against the net earnings, stated in rupees, one rupee only for every 1s. 10d. of the guaranteed interest which he had paid in England by remittance from India at the market rate of exchange. The share falling to the Companies was, therefore, in excess of a true moiety of the actual surplus, if any, after meeting the sum which the Secretary of State paid as interest charges.

"In any 'half-year' during which the net earnings fell short of the interest charges, the deficiency was borne *wholly* by Government. But calculating the profits for each half-year separately, the Companies when they saw a prospect of surplus profits in one half-year, and not in the other half-year of the same year, were encouraged under their contracts to confine as much as possible of their expenditure to the bad half-year, since the lower expenditure in the good half-year increased their dividends, while the increased expenditure in the bad half-year did not affect their minimum return guaranteed by Government."

Surplus Profits

The Pandit has prepared a table, as an illustration for the year 1893-94, which shows prominently the effects of the totally unreasonable terms in the contracts, under which surplus profits were declared half-yearly, by converting the sterling interest for the purpose of this division at the fixed exchange rate of 1s. 10d. per rupee. "Thus the G. I. P. received as surplus profits during the year the sum of Rs. 29,27,370, while the Government, although nominally entitled to share equally with the Company sustained a loss of Rs. 41,84,090. During the second-half of 1893, the net earnings fell short of the guaranteed interest, and Government had to make good the deficiency and to bear also the loss by exchange on interest paid in England. The B. B. & C. I. Railway Company received Rs. 24,81,690 as surplus profits, while the actual surplus according to the State was only Rs. 2,29,880."

The meaning of the above in a few plain words is that surplus profits were made out where they did not exist, or were largely augmented where they did exist

Rate Of Interest

Pandit Chandika Prasad writes: "The State had to continue to pay interest at the guaranteed rate until the contracts terminated, the last one in 1908, and it was consequently unable to obtain any advantage from cheaper money and the improved credit of the country: that is to say, where the State could raise money at 2½ or 3 per cent. to pay off loans raised at higher rates of interest, it had to continue paying interest at a high average rate, which in 1893-94 averaged 4 3/4 per cent. on capital raised by the Guaranteed Companies, and owing to the fall in exchange, the amount of rupees which had to be remitted to Eng-

(Continued on Page 13, Col. 5.)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

"IMPERIAL SPIRIT"

It was the repetition of an old story when Sir Jagdish Prasad replied to a question on the South African Bill for the prohibition of the employment of Europeans by Asiatics. He gave the usual assurance that Government would spare no efforts to safeguard the interests of Indians. That has been said by Government spokesmen times without number and yet the condition of Indians in Imperial colonies is growing worse every day. Newer and more humiliating restrictions are being placed on them while the Government of India are content with occasional verbal protests. The situation provides a lesson in the ethics of Imperialism. It is doubly amusing in such circumstances to find the special correspondent of the local Anglo-Indian journal piously talking of "Imperial spirit" and "fraternal commonwealth of mutual understanding"

CHINESE PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

The current issue of the Information Bulletin which is regularly issued by the Council of International Affairs of China is devoted to a survey of the Chinese Public Administration. Herculean efforts are being made by the Nanking Government to place the public administration on the soundest possible lines, for after all it is the day-to-day working of Government which determines its success or otherwise. General Chiang Kai-shek has taken care from the very beginning not blindly to copy the Western administrative systems but to develop the best in the indigenous forms of governance. The "New Deal," which the National Government is trying to effect, embraces the educational, the economic and agricultural and the defence spheres. In each of these fields, Government has chalked out a programme of reform, which is already well-advanced. The establishment of the Commission on Administrative Efficiency in 1923 assured the proper functioning and co-relating of the various administrative agencies. Particular care is taken regarding the appointment and training of public officials, and many of the universities have a course of public administration in their curriculum. The result of all this is already evident in the improved morale and new spirit of responsibility of public servants and the Nanking Government may well compliment itself upon the improvements effected.

MR. BIRLA ON SOCIALISM

Mr. G. D. Birla's presidential speech at the All-India Organisation of Industrial Employers, breathes an air of realism, which will be widely appreciated throughout the country. He pleaded that there can be a reconciliation between the two systems. He particularly appealed to his fellow-capitalists to do their duty by the society, and not to be scared away by the cry of Socialism. He aptly pointed out that "the greatest danger to the system of capitalism is not from Socialism or Communism so much as from our own selves'. It is to be hoped that these broad-minded views will be pondered over by Indian capitalists, and that considerations of their own enlightened self-interest will prompt them to co-operate with the Socialists for the economic welfare of the people.

SCOTCH IT

The Working Committee of the All-India States People's Conference has adopted a resolution citing some excellent reasons why the Princes should not join the Federation and appealing to them at least "to delay their accession till British India finds itself in a position to work the Federal Constitution in a spirit of co-operation." Altruistic reasons will not, we fear, appeal much to the Princes in general. But their self-interest itself lies in their keeping aloof from the Federation. It seems possible, however, that under strong pressure from high quarters many Princes have gone too far to back out of the Federal schemes. In any case the people of India, including the States people, should do everything possible to prevent the very inauguration of the scheme.

NEMESIS

The "Journal of Commerce" is not an organ of pacifists. Yet in its recent issue it gives a grave warning to the war-mad nations against the Nemesis that may overtake them if they persist in piling up armaments. Says the journal: By increasing public debt, lowering the standard of living and cutting down foreign exchange resources, the ability of a country, particularly a relatively poor one to wage war is impaired in some respects by the very piling up of armaments now going on". This should come as a sobering thought to those apostles of Mars who are never tired of advocating building up of armaments as a guarantee of peace and security.

"THE RANI OF JHANSI"

Author's Apology

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

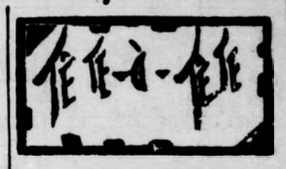
Sir,—In continuation of my letters of February 25 and March 6, regarding the historical play, "The Rani of Jhansi", recently referred to in your columns, would you be kind enough to allow the publishers and myself the hospitality of your journal in order to make an announcement with regard to the book, which as you doubtless know was published as far back as 1933, when it was extensively reviewed in India?

As objection has now been taken to certain passages in the dialogue, and especially to the lines on P. 49—inserted purely for dramatic effect and for which there is not the least historical justification—with which the noble lady closes her appeal to Major Ellis, we the undersigned, being the author and publishers of the book, are anxious to express our sincerest regrets for any pain which may have been caused to the brother and nephew of the Rani (of whose existence we have just heard for the first time) by the publication of the words in question. In making this submission of deep regret, however, we expressly repudiate any charge of having intentionally or knowingingly or in fact defamed the noble lady, for whom we have the most genuine regard and esteem —as must be obvious to everyone who has read the book; and we would like to stress the fact that the work has been widely acclaimed as praise-worthy vindication of the heroic Maratha Princess who died in tragic circumstances about eighty years ago.

To further emphasise how greatly we deplore any hurt that we might unintentionally have given by the use of the words complained against, we have decided not to issue any more copies of the book until the text has been suitably revised in keeping with the afore-mentioned objections, or to sell any translation or other rights in the work till such revision has been effected.

Thanking you for your kindness in giving publicity to this letter.
—Yours etc.,

PHILIP COX
GEORGE ALLEN & UNWIN, LTD.
Governing Director.
41 Museum Street,
London, March 12.



WITHOUT COMMENT

"It is the view of many that the Government of India Act of 1935 establishes a Parliamentary system of popular government or, to use the technical expression, a system of ministerial responsibility. But this is a mistake".
—Doctor Ambedkar.

* * *

Speaking in the Punjab Assembly, Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan "admitted the fact that he was a matriculate".

And thereby many doubts are set at rest

* * *

Defending his action in accepting the ministry, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta claimed that he was following "the policy of Tilak".

NIL NISI BONUM, Mr. Minister. Why malign the dead patriot?

* * * *

Believe it or not, Bori Bunder has at last heard it "stated that the President of the Board, Mr. M. A. Jinnah, has received notice of a motion to disapprove of the action of Mr. Rahimtoola in his having agreed to be on the Council of Ministers."

But isn't it dangerously rash of Bori Bunder news-purveyors to give publicity to such a premature rumour?

It is only a week ago that the notice of the motion was given!

* * * *

Shall we read in Monday's issue of Bori Bunder:—

"Confirmation is lacking but there is a rumour in Bhendi Bazar that a motion disapproving of the action of Mr. Rahimtoola has been passed by the Muslim League Parliamentary Board."

* * * *

The Finance Secretary assured the Council of State that "Government were constantly taking steps to increase the purchasing power of the masses but there were no short-cuts to prosperity."

And even if there are, none of them passes through the Upper Chamber!

* * * *

"More Dry Fruits of Federation"
'Statesman' Editorial Headline.

Nuts!

* * * *

According to the report of the Motor Vehicles Insurance Bill incidence of death by motor accidents in India is far in excess of any other country in the world.

Which just shows you what a nuisance these pedestrians are!

* *

Telephone traffic in Calcutta is said to be greatly on the increase.

Buzz up, Bombay!

* * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS
(By The Junior Colleague, Of Course*)

(1) A deputation of liquor shopowners and toddy licensees will shortly wait on Sir Siddapa Tottapa Kambli congratulating him on his spirit-ed defence of total prohibition.

(2) Mr. M. A. Jinnah has sent a telegram congratulating Mr. Rafi Ahmad Kidwai on his uncontested election to the U. P. Assembly.

(3) Following his declaration that he would "lead the life of a student and a hermit", Mr. Jamnadas Mehta has decided to go into the wilderness and learn the A.B.C. of Imperialistic-cum-Paramountic bureaucracy.

(4) The forthcoming session of the Muslim League has been postponed to suit the convenience of the Fakir of Ipi who has been offered the non-permanent presidentship.

*

Village Cop: "The burglar has escaped, sir".

Inspector: "But didn't you put a guard at all the exits?"

V. C.: "Yes, sir, but he escaped by the entrance".

Snell On Need Of Mutual Concessions

Bridge The Gulf That Has Arisen, He Pleads

Lord Snell, speaking on the debate raised by Lord Lothian's request for information as regards the circumstances in which leaders of the Congress had refused to accept office, said that "he did not feel that it was the question of language, because Mr. Gandhi knew hte English language as well as they did. It was lack of knowledge with regard to how democratic processes worked".

He asked Indian leaders to reflect upon the point that democracy by its very nature was difficult to work. It was so easy for dictators but when you had to take the whole people with you the proces was slower and more difficult.

He felt as one who on the Round Table Conference and on the Joint Select Committee with his colleagues, did what they could to satisfy the legitimate hopes of the Indian people that they had some right to ask them to accept their experience as a reasonable basis on which they could work.

On the other hand concessions could not be all on one side. Government had got a try to build a bridge between these two peoples, and he felt the Vicerov could do much.

Nobody knew better than he the difficulties involved in shaping the act.

He did not ask the Viceroy publicly to invite Mr. Gandhi to come and see him. Things were not done that way, but the Viceroy could remove the misapprehension and clear away some of the fears. He could perhaps give some kind of general assurance and that all would be helpful.

Zetland An Expert

Nobody knew better the psychology of the Indian people than Marquess of Zetland. So the Government were really well equipped at present to undertake the work that might be fruitful beyond all their expectations.

"We do not want to say anything about the reservations, except that we made it clear in our minority report that success of provincial Governments will be shown just so far as such power has not to be exercised. We consider that powers given to Governors must be adequate, but they should essentially be emergency powers to be used only where a breakdown threatens and not to be a part of the ordinary operation of the Government.

Surely some kind of an assurance of that kind if conveyed to the Indian people will be helpful at present.

I hope that the Indian people will think again and see if they cannot arrive at some understanding with regard the working of this Act.

Lord Snell concluded that he did not think it sufficient that explanations should be given by Government or books placed on Indian libraries. He believed what was needed in India more than all else was that the people, who were accustomed to work democratic machinery in their own country and knew its frustrations as well as its advantages should be able to come in personal contact with Indian people and give them the assurances they ought to have.

"The Indian people take upon themselves an unenviable responsibility and won't be forgiven by future generations of Indian people if they don't work this constitution for what it is worth, while at the same time hoping for future enlargement.

In that work of pacification our party will be privileged to give any assistance we can." Speaking for myself and party it has always been our hope and belief that the Indian people, instead of despondence, would loyally agree to work the constitution as far as it went and in the minority report we have specifically made that plea.

Stiff Attitude

Lord Snell continuing said that Labour Party occupied the same position to-day, but the question arose in the difficulties with which they were faced what should be done. Difficulties had to be surmounted in some way very quickly.

He confessed that he was disappointed at the fact that Lord Zetland offered so little encouragement on the positive side of the question and that his suggestions were not vivid enough to capture the imagination of the Indian people.

Lord Snell did not believe that a stiff correctitude of that kind was appropriate to the difficulties they had to face "merely to say 'here is the constitution, take it or leave it' will not help us to bridge the gulf which has arisen.

We have to remember that the people with whom we are dealing —a people possessing great pride, who are easily appeased and even more easily hurt and they are apt to take at the face value good many of the admonitions addressed to them.

It is all very well for His Majesty's Government to give stern and lofty advice to the members of the Labour Party We listen to them patiently. We bleed under the stripes given to us but we get accustomed to them. We know His Majesty's Government and though we are afflicted, we pick up and start on our work, as though nothing had happened. I cannot help feeling that this is what the Indian people should do".

Reservations Piled On

Lord Snell added "but Government should remember that this dissatisfaction went far outside the ranks of the Congress.

People like the Rt. Hon. Srinivasa Sastri did not dissent from what was proposed without having some real understanding behind them. Let us consider the psychology of the Indian people. They confessedly are disappointed with the Act. They saw reservation after reservation piled up and on the other hand there were almost no promises for the future. Words "Dominion Status" were too horrid to be used. If the Government had been bold enough to say frankly and openly "at the end of all this, some time or other —but we cannot say just now when—, it will mean full Dominion Status". Indian people would have taken it and been satisfied with it and accepted the details as on the way to Dominion Status, but in fact the Government had done very little to reassure them, and the present attitude of the Indian people towards the Act was the measure of their distrust.

In our work with each other we live mostly by faith and behind it all we have the living faith in the decency of the other fellow. That is what we have to develop in India itself.

Be Resolute

Lord Rankeillour said he did not see that either Lord Zetland or the Viceroy could have acted otherwise than they did, and as long as they resolutely maintained and asserted that the constitution with powers it still gave them, he believed and hoped that they would have the support of even those who were most bitterly opposed to the Act.

The debate closed.—Reuter.

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Venereal diseases (Acute or Chronic) within 10 days.
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Scrofulla and Consumption cured within 20 days.
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HOW BURMA WILL WELCOME JAWAHAR

RANGOON, April 9.

In connection with the forthcoming visit of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Congress President, to Burma, the Burma Provincial Congress Committee has decided to form a Reception Committee which will make arrangements for receiving the President on arrival, taking out a procession, and presenting him with an address of welcome at a mass meeting to be held for the purpose.—A. P.

PORTBOU BOMBED

PERPIGNAN, April 8.

Eight bombs were dropped at Portbou on the railway and Church. A large house was struck. The extent of the damage is not yet known.—Reuter.

MINISTERS' SALARY

Govt. Bill Likely To Be Passed

LONDON, April 8.

It is generally expected that the Government's Bill for the provision of salaries of Ministers of the Crown will be passed in its present form.

The Parliamentary Labour Party yesterday decided to move an amendment which merely demands that an inquiry into the respective duties of Ministers should precede revision. It urges that the existing anomalies should be removed, that there should be rationalisation without any increase in the aggregate cost to the State, that there should be equality in the salaries of the Cabinet Ministers plus allowances for legitimate expenses, that pension for the ex-Prime Ministers be agreed to in principle, and that an allowance for the Leader of the Opposition be also agreed to in principle.

Newspapers anticipate that when this measure is passed there will be demand for revision of the salaries of the members of Parliament who at present receive £400. It is stated that among all the parties there is a general feeling that the figure should be raised to £600.—Reuter.

TOKIO-ENGLAND FIGHT

LONDON, April 9.

The "Divine Wind," the Japanese aeroplane on a goodwill flight from Tokio to England, arrived at Croydon at 15/26, completing the flight from Tokyo in three days 22 hours and 14 minutes.

The official time returned is 94 hours eighteen minutes. The excitement aroused by Pilot Iinuma and his companion Tsukagoshi's great exploit was evidenced by the presence of a great crowd to welcome them. The Japanese Ambassador and prominent airmen were at the aerodrome, while nearly the whole of London's Japanese colony had assembled, waving their national flag. Bouquets from Japanese societies were presented by little girls, and the airmen, who were very happy, though fatigued, were garlanded with flowers. The only long rest during the whirlwind dash was at Athens last night. A message was immediately conveyed from the Under-Secretary for Air congratulating them on the "splendid record" they established.

Interviewed by Reuter the airmen said that the first day was the worst of the whole trip. The main trouble was in crossing the mountains of Indo-China. The weather was not too good while crossing India.—Reuter's Special.

JAPAN PRAYS FOR SUCCESS OF FLIGHT

"Divine Wind" Encounters Simoom In Arabian Desert

TOKIO: April 9.

"We suffered terribly from simoom when flying over the Arabian Desert" said Iinuma, pilot of the "Divine Wind" cabled "Asahi Shibun". "We felt dog-tired but the impressive national support and the encouragement given on our departure from Tokio warmed our hearts and injected fresh vigour into our bodies and minds. We are determined to hold out". The average speed from Baghdad to Athens was 320 kilometres an hour.

Prayers are being said in Japan for the success of the flight, which has excited the greatest enthusiasm throughout the country.—Reuter.

MERCY DECREE FOR CAPTIVES

Spanish Govt.'s Offer To Loyalist Combatants In Rebel Ranks

VALENCIA: April 9.

A "Mercy Decree" promising to respect the lives of all combatants in the Insurgent ranks who are captured or surrendered has been issued by the Council of Ministers.

The decree applies to Spaniards and foreigners.

The preamable states that Government are aware that such persons have been trapped in the Insurgent territory at the beginning of the uprising and were "compelled to enlist in Insurgent ranks by methods of brutality and terror".

It is evident that there remained in the Insurgent territory multitudes of men loyal to the Republic.

"Notwithstanding the huge number of assassinations" only proper tribunals, which may pronounce sentences which facts justify are empowered to deal with such persons. Every Insurgent fighter who voluntarily came to Government ranks would be subject to inquiry. If allegiance to the Republic is proved, Government will recognise for them all the positions and honours they previously enjoyed in Civil and Military life.—Reuter.

HEAVY REBEL CASUALTIES

VALENCIA, April 8.

Six hundred insurgents dead were found on the battlefield at Villaharta and also valuable war material.—Reuter.

NORWEGIAN WARSHIP FOR SPANISH WATERS

OSLO, April 9.

The Government have asked the Storting (Norwegian Legislature) for a vote of credit to send a warship to Spanish waters owing to the frequent seizures of Norwegian commercial vessels.—Reuter.

Further Rebel Losses

VALENCIA, April 8.

The Government has ordered the immediate enlistment of all classes belonging to the naval contingents of 1928-1929 and 1936 and the infantry of 1929-30 and 1937.

Meanwhile it is reported, that the Government forces advanced nearly two miles south of the Empo river on the Aragon front, where it is stated, the insurgents retired without offering resistance leaving many dead and huge quantities of war material.—Reuter.

Famous Musician Dead

LONDON, April 9.

The death has occurred of Sir (William) Henry Hadow, famous musician, who was editor of "Oxford History of Music".—Reuter.

RUDE TREATMENT TO JOURNALIST

Alleged Behaviour Of Sergeant Condemned

POONA: April 9.

The Poona Press Reporters' Association at a special meeting held this evening condemned the alleged rude behaviour of a police sergeant at Bombay towards a Press reporter on his professional duty. —United Press.

Agenda Before Bureau Of Sugar Conference

LONDON, April 8.

The Bureau of Sugar Conference deliberated on the questionnaire, believed to deal with the regulation of exports and production of exporting countries which will be submitted to the plenary meeting later

The capacity of individual free markets and question of increased quantities of colonial Empire sugar as well as question of quotas and stabilisation of prices remain to be solved.

Suggestions that the Conference will deal with world economics are discredited in well-informed quarters.

The Sugar Conference communique corrects yesterday's communique and says it should have read "countries enjoying preferential treatment" instead of "colonies".

The communique says the Conference to-day examined a note prepared by the Bureau consisting of a number of principles whereon work will be based and also containing a list of questions which will be studied. The Bureau meets to-morrow.

"Reuter" understands that the atmosphere throughout the week was entirely friendly. Some delay occurred through some delegates not being quite prepared to state their countries' case, while the production figures of certain countries are still being received by the Conference officials.

The Bureau of the International Sugar Conference has appointed a small Sub-Committee consisting of the President, M. Spinasse of France, and Mr. Norman Davis, of the United States, to formulate a basis of agreement. It was agreed that the Committee might ask Dr. Colijn for assistance.

It is understood that the questionnaires from the Bureau cover the whole ground of sugar production policy and the countries concerned will be asked to reply as early as possible. The delegates also will be asked to explain certain points regarding the internal policy of their countries and to give views on the quotas.—Reuter.

MUSLIM SUPPORT TO CONGRESS

Move To Hold Conference At Allahabad On May 8

ALLAHABAD, April 9.

At a meeting held to-day at the residence of Mohammad Alfruuqi at Allahabad, it was decided to hold the first conference of the Muslims of United Provinces in support of Congress, on May 8th and 9th next, at Allahabad.

Maulvi Bashiruddin of Etawah will preside at the Conference.

It is decided that all Muslims enrolled as primary Congress members can participate in discussions of the conference. The enrolment has already been started.

Further particulars can be had from Dr. K. M. Ashraff, All-India Congress Committee Office, Allahabad.—United Press.

GOVT. FORCES ADVANCE

Important Positions Dominating Of Huesca Captured

BARCELONA, April 8.

A communique states that the Government continued their advance in the Huesca sector, repulsed all insurgent counter-attacks and captured important positions from where the Government are able to dominate all roads into Huesca from the east.—Reuter.

SILVER STABILISATION AGREEMENT MAY NOT BE RENEWED

WASHINGTON, April 9.

The Four-year International Silver Stabilisation Agreement, expiring this year, has served its purpose and may not be renewed declared senator Pittman last night.

He added: The chief purpose of the agreement was to assure India's silver currency was not debased or dumped on the world market. British authorities lived up to the agreement and the emergency has now passed.

Territorial Army's Record Strength

LONDON, April 9.

The Territorial Army recruits during March exceeded by 6,397 the record for any month since the Territorial Army was reformed at the end of the war, announced Mr. Duff Cooper in a speech at Manchester.—Reuter.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

ery for facilitating the settlement of trade disputes.

(d) to investigate the whole question of unemployment and other social insurances.

(e) to find out what other ameliorative measures could be secured for the working classes.

VII HOUSING PROBLEMS.

(a) Provision of houses by the joint efforts of Government and municipalities.

(b) Protection of tenants against the unfair treatment of landlords.

VIII—POLITICAL OFFENCES.

To examine the cases of political prisoners and detenus with a view to releasing as many of them as practicable.

IX—PUBLIC HEALTH PROBLEMS.

To consider measures to improve the public health of the Presidency particularly in rural areas and to extend medical relief; health officers in all districts to advise the local bodies and the latter case by openiny new dispensaries or by adopting the system of subsidy to private practitioners and increase the number of trained nurses and midwives.

DEFINITE PROPOSALS TO COME

The Ministry will endeavour to give immediate effect to those of the above-mentioned measures which can be undertaken without further examination. It will investigate the possibility of how best to give effect to the other measures outlined in the above programme and, where necessary, it will approach the legislature with well considered schemes for their acceptance.

The loss of revenue and the increase of expenditure involved in carrying out this programme would be several crores a year. Steps will have to be taken to finance these measures. The Ministry does not intend to resort to borrowing except for carrying out measures of capital

(Continued on page 8 Col 1)

"Interim" Ministers "Lead Us To Swaraj"

"As Anxious As Anybody Else To Replace Govt. Of India Act"

PROGRAMME INCLUDES CONSIDERATION OF RELEASE OF POLITICALS

We are perfectly aware of the serious limitations of the Government of India Act 1935 and we are as anxious as anybody else to replace it by a full and thourough going measure of self-Government or Swaraj. In the meantime we have framed a programme based on development of mass welfare in the Presidency, state the Council of Ministers laying down the policy in broad outline inviting the Congress and other parties to co-operate with them at any stage.

Free and compulsory primary Education, Remission of Assessment in Land Revenue, relief of Indebtedness, measures to achieve prohibition are some of the items included in their programme.

The ministers also promise to examine cases of political prisoners and detenus with a view to releasing as many of them as practicable.

The following statement giving the programme of the Council of Ministers, Bombay, is published for general information:—

The following, in broad outline, is the policy which the Council of Ministers propose to pursue. The Ministry will readily welcome and even invite the co-operation of the Congress and other parties, if they are willing to accept this policy at any stage hereafter. The Ministry is aware that a coalition is not at any time the best form of Government, but in exceptional circumstances, and only as an alternative to the Proclamation under Section 93 of the Government of India Act, it is perfectly legitimate to organise a coalition ministry. The inherent risk of a coalition ministry will, however, still remain. But an enlightened policy, resolutely pursued even in such conditions must lead to beneficial results, and it is with this hope that we have taken the responsibility of office. Our programme, while fairly complete, is not exhaustive; some of it is capable of immediate enforcement; the rest will require investigation and even legislative sanction. The acceptance of office on the basis of this programme is a step which no real servant of the public could shrink from undertaking.

"LEADING TO SWARAJ"

We are perfectly aware of the serious limitations of the Government of India Act, 1935, and we are as anxious as anybody else to replace it by a full and thoroughgoing measure of self-government, or Swaraj. In the meantime, and as leading to it, we have framed the following programme:

Our policy may be expressed in one sentence. It is to develop the welfare of the masses of this Presidency. The programme shows in brief the measures and policy which we consider best designed to achieve this end. It is a programme of gradual development. We realise that the whole of it cannot be achieved in the immediate future, but we intend to pursue it without avoidable delay. Many of the measures will require careful investigation and the passing of legislation, and side by side with the introduction of these measures of amelioration there will have to be devised ways and means of financing them.

I. EDUCATION.

(1) It is the accepted aim of the Ministry to introduce free and compulsory primary education all over the Presidency within a reasonable period. A beginning in that direction will be made at an early date. In the meantime, measures are under contemplation to explore the possibility of spreading literacy and preventing stagnation and waste.

(2) Special scholarships for the children of the Scheduled, Intermediate and Backward classes and Muhammadans on a more liberal scale than at present will be provided.

II. LAND POLICY

(1) Remission of assessment in proportion to the fall in prices of agriculaural produce since the last Revision Settlement.

(2) To bring under cultivation land which is cultivable but now remaining as waste.

It is understood that a large area of such cultivable waste land is available. Plots will be given to landless agriculturists either free of occupancy price or at reduced occupancy price according to the character of the land. It is hoped that this will provide means of livelihood for a considerable number of people and that the pressure on the present holdings will be substantially relieved.

Any systems of land tenure which can be shown to operate harshly on the cultivator to be investigated with a view to giving such relief as may appear to be necessary.

(3) RELIEF OF INDEBTEDNESS.

The Ministry attach great importance to the devising of a scheme of debt redemption, making all just deductions, disallowing compound interest and applying the rule of dam dupat. In all cases, the rate of interest allowed must be reasonable. The Ministry desire to present legislation, which while providing greater security to the creditors for the recovery of the reduced debts, will further lighten the burden on the peasants by making the rates of interest more in consonance with the market conditions and with the peasants ability to pay.

(4) To place the system of land revenue assessment on a statutory basis.

(5) IRRIGATION.

To appoint a committee to investigate

(i) the feasible expansion of irrigation in different districts, and how far the various minor irrigation schemes worked out by the Special Officer Mr. Lowsley could be introduced particularly in scarcity areas,

(ii) whether water rates can be reduced,

(iii) what steps should be taken in case of lands and villages damaged by water-logging.

(iv) the feasibility of permitting the use of tail-waters from hydro-electric schemes for agricultural purposes.

(6) ROAD DEVELOPMENT.

To appoint a special officer to prepare a balanced programme of road development works including feeder roads.

III. CO-OPERAIVE MOVEMENT.

The Ministry will consider how far the extension of this movement is possible and give effect to such improvements as may be practicable.

IV. FORESTS.

The Ministry are considering the report submitted by the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee with special reference to the following concessions to agriculturists in the vicinity of forests:

(a) The use of stones and forest products for building and household purposes.

(b) The use of water from streams and rivulets in forest areas.

(c) Other concessions which might be useful to agriculture and agriculturists.

V. PROHIBITION.

Prohibition being the ultimate goal of this Ministry measures will be proposed for realising it within a period of time.

VI. RELIEF TO INDUSTRIAL AND OTHER LABOUR.

While devoting attention to the growth of industry and expansion of employment the Ministry will, to secure industrial peace, adopt the following measures:—

(a) to consider and devise mbachinery for fixing living wage and limitation of working hours ffffffff fffffffff zzzz

(b) to secure wider recognition of trade unions within the Province

(c) Establishment of a machin-

(Continued In Col. 5)

PRACTICAL ADVICE ON BIRTH-CONTROL

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VERONACO'S BIRTH CONTROL AND HYGIENIC CLINIC.
Davar House, opp Kitab Mahal Hornby Road, Bombay.

Muslim League Protests Against Interim Ministry

MADRAS, April 7.

At a meeting of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League Parliamentary Board, Madras Presidency, held last evening under the presidency of Mr. M. Jamal Mahomed Saheb, President of the Board, the following resolutions were unanimously passed:—

"While affirming the policy of the All-India Muslim League to work the Provincial Scheme of the New Constitution for what it is worth and to take all steps necessary to safeguard the interests of the Muslim community, this meeting of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League Parliamentary Board of the Madras Presidency records its emphatic protest against the formation of the interim Ministry by His Excellency the Governor of Madras in as much as His Excellency has thereby ignored the Legislature and in as much as such a procedure is neither contemplated by the Government of India Act or the Instrument of Instructions or in any way, conducive to the evolution of responsible Government.

"This meeting of the Working Committee of the Board resolves that Khan Bahadur P. Khalifulla Sahib, a member of this Board, who has been elected to the Madras Legislative Assembly on the ticket of this Board, should be asked to explain his action in accepting a place in the interim Ministry.—"United Press.

10 CRORES TO BE RAISED

(Continued from Page 1.)

expenditure. They intend to introduce these measures gradually and in such a way that a balanced budget will be maintained. They will place definite proposals before the legislature in due course.

Taxation On Races, Entertainments And Luxuries, Also Cuts In Salaries

(From Our Political Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Cabinet spent in all seven hours on two different days discussing the draft prepared by Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, the Finance Minister.

With minor alterations and without any change in principle the programme was acceptable to the Governor as also to all the ministers.

ADDITIONAL TAXATION

It would appear that Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, who was very firm regarding the inclusion of this item on the programme, had to explain that there was no immediate danger, of either their losing the money or the class of people accustomed to drink being immediately deprived of their peg and soda.

His programme sought to have gradual prohibition in the whole Presidency, and it would take a long time before Bombay was 'dry'.

Regarding the revenue, Mr. Mehta is stated to have assured the Cabinet that it would be his job to find the money that would be lost through prohibition.

The Cabinet is stated to have then agreed to that item on the programme on two conditions, firstly that it will be gradual prohibition and secondly that Mr. Mehta will find fresh avenues of taxation amounting to about five crores.

The addition of one-and-half crores was to increase the Excise Police which would become necessary if bootlegging and illicit manufacture of liquor were to be stopped.

Immediately after the programme is published, which will be either this evenng or to-morrow morning, Sir S. T. Kambli will be required to get busy. He will have immediately to order the removal of such liquor and toddy shops which are adjacent to any mosque, temple or mandir or two hundred yards away from them. This applies not only to Bombay, but to the whole Presidency.

He will also have to instruct his subordinates that there shall be no increase of liquor or toddy shops in future. When fresh auctions of licences take place, the number of shops shall be cut down gradually.

The programme approved by the Cabinet, it is stated, can be fully implemented and the Presidency will be able to reap the benefit within the life-time of the present Legislature, provided it has the support of the Legislature and provided also the Governor does not interfere.

NATIONAL BUILDING PROGRAMME

Of the ten crores that has to be freshly raised, five crores will be alternative to the Excise revenue. The other five crores will be necessary for introduction of compulsory primary education all over the province, reduction in land tax and other things.

It is stated that the Finance Minister will submit his first budget to the Legislature in June end, containing benefit to the extent of a crore of rupees for the peasants.

Extra taxation and reduction of taxation cannot be given effect to before the whole thing has been discussed by the Legislature and approved by it.

It appears that the ten crores will be raised in the following way:—.

Extra taxation on Racing and other entertainments.

Fresh taxation on all luxurious hotels in the city, night clubs, if there are any; and all other forms of luxurious amusements.

Cuts in salaries of Government servants. Those salaries will be cut which can be touched by the Finance Minister under the Act. Those who are getting 200 and less than that will not be touched. Those who may have to undergo cuts in salaries will be those drawing salaries between 200 and Rs. 2,000. The others, the Finance Minister has no power to touch.

Even the cut will be on a graduated scale, those getting less having to forego a lesser amount, and those getting higher salaries having to forego a good slice of it.

POLITICAL PRISONERS

The immediate effect of the publication of the programme will be that the different departments will set about getting out old records of political prisoners; organisations which have been declared illegal; properties that have been confiscated during the Civil Disobedience Movement and the securities of printing presses and newspapers, which also have been confiscated.

It will take about a month before political prisoners are released unlawful organisations declared lawful and confiscated property returned. The Cabinet, it is stated, will have to go through individual cases before they decide.

It will not be a wholesale release of politicals and wholesale return of all properties confiscated, as it might be brought home to the Cabinet that in certain cases, that the release or return of property is not called for in view of past records of individuals or organisations.

The programme accepted by the Cabinet, is more or less the same drafted by Mr. Jamnadas Mehta on the 29th of last month, for approval by Sir Dhunjisha Cooper, excepting for some minor changes.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, it is stated has asked for a free hand and wholehearted co-operation from his colleagues in implementing the programme in case there is interference or there is a change in policy or programme Mr. Mehta will resign and get out.

Deputy Speaker

CALCUTTA: April 9.

Three Muslims contested the Deputy Presidentship of the Bengal Council.

Mr. Hamidul Huq Chowdhury was elected with 28 votes.

The first to congratulate Mr. Mitra was the Maharaja of Santosh.

The Premier Mr. Fazlul Huq said that Mr. Mitra would be able to harmonise the Congress and bureaucracy, the Progressive and Non-Progressive Parties together and then the time came to lay down the reins of office, they would be able to congratulate him on having achieved a most difficult task

Mr. Mitra made a suitable reply and the Council was prorogued.—A. P.

Stabbing Affray

In a stabbing affray that occurred at Bhuleshwar on Friday night one Jung Bahadur was stabbed on the face. The man received a deep gash and he was removed to the Hospital.

The alleged assailant is reported to be one Bhagia who had a quarrel with Jung Bahadur some days ago at a water tap. This man saw Jung Bahadur reclining on his cot and is alleged to have inflicted the stab wound. He disappeared from the scene as an alarm was raised.

WORKERS' DELEGATES

N. T. U. Federation Gives "At Home" To Those Sailing For Japan

The Provincial Committee of the National Trades Union Federation was "At Home" at the Servants of India Society's Hall on Friday, to Messrs. Chelvapathy Chetty, G. D. Karkare, B. D. Ichhaporia and P. C. Chowna, who are sailing for Japan by s s "Anyo Maru" to-day (Saturday) to attend as Indian Workers' Delegates to the Second Session of the Asiatic Labour Congress to be held at Tokyo on the 17th, 18th and 19th May 1937.

Mr. S.C. Joshi, President of the Bombay Provincial Committee of the National Trades Union Federation welcomed the guests and read a message received from the Hon. Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta wishing the Delegates "bon voyage" and success at the Conference.

Messrs. Karkare and Ichhaporia, on behalf of the Delegates thanked Mr. S. C. Joshi for having accorded them a welcome.

Mr. N. M. Joshi M.L.A. addressed the Delegates informally.

The Delegation leaves Bombay at 2 p.m. to-day and will be joined by Mr. S. C. Joshi who sails from Colombo on the 24th and by Mr. R. R. Bakhale who is now attending the Washington Tripartite Textile Conference.

JUTE STRIKERS' GRIEVANCES

Deputation Waits On Bengal Minister For Labour

CALCUTTA: April 9.

A deputation consisting of Mr. Niharendu Dutt Majumdar, Mr Sibnath Banerjee and Mr. A. S. M. Zaman M.L.A.'s, three secretaries of the Strike Committee and nineteen workers waited this morning on Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, Minister of Commerce and Labour in connection with the Jute Mills strike Mr. A. Hughes, Secretary to the Department, was also present.

The grievances, which had given rise to the present strike, were laid before the Minister. It was pointed out by the deputation that now that the hours have been restored again and prices gone up the cut in wages should also be restored. As regards other demands, including the alleged humiliating method of medical examination of women workers by men doctors, they urged an enquiry by an independent Board, on which representatives of workers, employers and the Government should be allowed to sit.

After discussion the Minister said that the Government would consider their demands and before coming to any decision he would meet the Strike Committee representatives again.

It is understood on behalf of the Strike Committee the suggestion was made that the calling off the strike would be favourably considered, if the cut was immediately restored.—A. P.

ARYA MARRIAGE BILL

DELHI: April 7.

Mr. Ghanshyam Singh Gupta, M.L.A., and President of the International Aryan League has issued the following statement to the Press:—

The Arya Marriage Bill, which was unanimously passed by the Legislative Assembly on the 20th of March last, has also been passed unanimously by the Council of State to-day. Not only as the sponsor of the Bill personally but also as the head of the International Aryan League (Sarvadeshik Arya Pratinidhi Sabha) on behalf of the Arya Samajic world, I have to offer my thanks and grateful appreciation to the gentlemen, both officials and non-officials in both the houses who have helped in the passage of the Bill through the Legislative Assembly and the Council of State. I feel grateful to the Hon'ble Mr. P. H. Sapru who took the trouble of moving the Bill in the Council of State.

The Bill has served to remove doubts as to the validity of intermarriages current among Arya samajists. The demand for such a legislation was an old one, dating from the time of the Muttra Centenary celebrations in the life-time of Swami Shradhanand.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

sections of the Act and of the Instrument of Instructions, but it would have been inqnitely more valuable if this useful work had been followed by a gesture of peace, an offer, which without derogating in any way from the prestige and dignity of the Government, might resolve the deadlock and set Provincial Autonomy in this and other provinces on the road to success. We believe it to be the sincere desire of the people of India that such a gesture should be made".—United Press.

PLEA FOR GENUINE STATESMANSHIP

Govt. Must Reverse Their Usual Procedure Urges Mrs. Naidu

NEW DELHI, April 9.

"If a heathen might quote Christian scriptures I should like to remind Lord Zetland that the letter killeth but the spirit giveth eternal life" said Mrs. Naidu when interviewed by the Associated Press on Lord Zetland's speech in the House of Lords.

She added that so often in the past pledges and proclamations in relation to India had been violated in spirit that on this occasion. Should Government sincerely desire the co-operation of the Congress, it would be an act of genuine statesmanship to reverse their usual procedure and do a little violence, if necessary, to the mere letter of these Constitutional texts for the sake of the large and far-reaching issue involved. Such an initial gesture would be both wise and dignified on their part and would evoke. I have no doubt, the right response from the national leaders.

Mrs. Naidu, who is still keeping indifferent health, will stay in Delhi for sometime under medical advice.—A.P.

POPULAR INSURANCE COMPANY

Patker Opens Branch Office At Hornby Road

Mr. S. S. Patker, ex-Justice of the Bombay High Court, declared open on Friday evening, the branch office of the Popular Insurance Co., Ltd., on the Hornby Road, opposite Petit Library, before a large gathering of distinguished guests.

The Managing Director of the Company, who came down to Bombay for the function, in requesting Mr. Patker to declare the branch office open, said that every patriotic Indian looked forward to the advancement of Indian aspirations. The safeguarding of her political and commercial interests, the development of her industries and resources were now matters of supreme importance. The speaker referred to the Indian Insurance Bill before the Legislative Assembly and hoped that the Bill, as it stood, would not be passed into law as there were certain clauses in it which would adversely affect the younger Life Offices. He, however, felt confident that when the Bill was passed into law it would prove beneficial to the cause of Indian Insurance and indigenous Life Offices in particular.

NEED FOR UNITED FRONT

Mr. K. S. Ramachandra Iyer, welcoming the opening of a branch office in Bombay, congratulated the company on the quick progress it had made during the short span of time. He said that the Insurance Bill was mainly meant for the protection of indian companies and it did not, at the outset, matter whether it was for the younger or older companies. It was essential for the younger as well as the older companies to put their heads together and present a united front. There was no use quarrelling among ourselves, when the foreign companies were moving in the matter and were looking out for ways and means to nullify the effect of the Bill.

Mr. S. S. Patker in declaring the branch office open felt confident that the Company would advance the cause of Indian Insurance. It was absolutely necessary for the younger and the older companies to work together for the development of indigenous insurance, which was making comparatively slow progress. He appealed to the public in general and Karnatakis in particular to support the Company, which had proved to be an organisation with great potentialities.

The guests were then treated to light refreshments.

"ZETLAND IS NOT FOR PEACE"

But "Viceroy Should Take Initiative To Meet Congress Leaders"

MADRAS, April 9.

"Lord Zetland is not for peace; this is the impression his statement in the House of Lords is bound to leave on the mind of the Indian public. If he represents the attitude of His Majesty's Government correctly, they are singularly unmindful of the realities of the Indian situation, and contemptuous of Indian opinion as it has unmistakably manifested itself," says the "Hindu," commenting on Lord Zetland's statement.

Concluding the paper says that the Government's "non-possumus" attitude amounts to bare-faced flouting of the will of the people clearly expressed in the elections. It is inspired by a manifestly false sense of prestige as will be seen from the flimsy pretext Lord Zetland has put forward for turning down the suggestion that the Viceroy should take the initiative for meeting the Congress leaders with a view to ending the present impasse.—A. P.

SOWING SEEDS OF REVOLUTION!

Congress Attack On Punjab Assembly Salaries Bill

ADJOURNMENT WITHDRAWN

LAHORE, April 9.

In the Punjab Assembly to-day the President fixed 2-30 p.m. for consideration of the adjournment motion to discuss the position of agriculturists in the province following the recent disastrous hailstorm.

Other adjournment motions to discuss the prevailnig tension and the failure of the Government to solve the problems thus created were either withdrawn or rejected.

The debate of the Bill for fixing the President's salary at Rs. 36,000 yearly was taken up.

The Congress moved a reduction of his salary to Rs. 6,000 yearly.

Mr. Krishnagopal Dutt, the mover, asked: Are we to be squeezed dry by our people. I tell you that you are sowing the seeds of revolution. The people cannot afford to pay salaries 343 times their own "per capita" income"

WITHDRAWN

The Congress adjournment motion was withdrawn after an hour's discussion in the course of which the mover urged the grant of at least Rs. 50 lakhs as "Takavi" loan to afford relief.

The Premier assured the House that all possible relief, including revenue remission would be granted. A sum of one lakh of rupees was already being distributed and the Government was taking the most sympathetic view of the disaster.

SALARIES' BILL

Discussion on the Speakers' and Deputy Speakers' Salaries Bill was resumed. After rejecting all amendments, the House agreed to Rs. 36,000 yearly for the Speaker and Rs. 6,000 for the Deputy Speaker.

The Premier next moved the addition of a new clause to the Bill that the expenditure on the salaries of the Speaker and Deputy Speaker, the expenditure charged on the Revenues of the Punjab, thereby ensuring that the salaries of those who shall not be discussed on the floor of the House.

A Congress member raised an objection that no new clause could be added at that stage.

The President deferred a ruling on the point and the House adjourned till Monday.—A.P.

ZETLAND'S STATEMENT IS UNCONVINCING

Govt. Must Accept A.I.C.C. Formula, Says Satyamurti

MADRAS, April 9.

The nationalist press is unanimous in condemning the statement as offering no solution to the present impasse.

Mr. Satyamurthi, M.L.A. interviewed by the Associated Press said that Lord Zetland's justification of Interim Ministries is laboured and unconvincing. The King's Government cannot be carried on by people, who own no responsibility to anybody.

Questioned about the suggestion of Sir Tej Bahadur regarding the convening of a Constitutional Conference to handle the situation, Mr. Satyamurthi said that he did not believe that such a Conference would lead them anywhere unless the Government themselves were willing to negotiate with the Congress on the basis of the formula of the A.I.C.C.

Concluding Mr. Satyamurthi said: "We await the future with confidence, because we know the electorate and the people are behind us. We challenge the Government to prove otherwise".

Sir A. P. Patro interviewed by the Associated Press said that Lord Zetland's statement was disappointing and based on a misunderstanding of the actual position in the country.—A.P.

AMATEUR ASTRONOMERS LEAGUE

Under the auspices of the Amateur Astronomers League, to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the Terrace of Prag Lila Mansion, No. 63, Pedder Road, (three minutes from Kemp and Co.), Mr. Padam S. M. Godrez will deliver in English, a public lecture, with illustrative explanations of gazing the Stars and identifying the Constellations.

LOGIC WON'T SOLVE DEADLOCK

'M. G's' Plea For Meeting Between Viceroy And Mahatma

LONDON, April 9.

"The Manchester Guardian" says that some gesture is needed besides words and there is one gesture, which inevitably has occurred both to the British and Indians; that would be a meeting between Mahatma Gandhi and the Viceroy.

A comparison of the statements of Mahatma Gandhi and Lord Zetland shows that there is a misunderstanding somewhere and the misunderstanding will not be cleared up by either side repeating, however explicit and logical the language used, its own side of the case.

The meeting between Lord Halifax and Mahatma Gandhi may not have done all the good that was hoped for but the situation would have been worse had it never occurred. There is a reasonable chance that such a meeting now would avoid strengthening the barrier between the British and Indians in India which it was the purpose of the Act to weaken.—Reuter's Special.

"TEST OF GOOD FAITH"

LONDON, April 9.

In a leader headed "Test of Good Faith" the "Times" says it still remains to be seen whether in fact the Congress formula for acceptance of office was or was not based upon misunderstanding relevant to sections of India Act and of their reassertion in the Instrument of Instructions.

At first sight it seems improbable that Mr. Gandhi could have misunderstood or misread relevant State papers. It is even more improbable that he failed to read them. It may be that in attempting to find a formula comprehensive enough to cover political attitudes of revolutionary Nehru and reformists Rajagopalachariar he attempted the impossible, but whatever explanation there is to his proposal and his subsequent statement, it is obvious, his request for understanding cannot be entertained for an instant in its present form.

Escape From Deadlock

Meanwhile a way should be sought to escape from the deadlock. If there has been a real misunderstanding, it is certainly desirable that it should be removed as soon as possible and no legalistic considerations should prevent the meeting nor, if the condition laid down by Lord Zetland is fulfilled.

Are the preliminary formalities incidental to such a meeting or vital importance? What does matter is that any conversations that may take place should be constructive and that they should be undertaken with the object of finding a way out from the present 'impasse' but emphatically not to further a repetition of impossible demands.

All depends on the intentions of Congress leaders. If they wish to shirk office and avoid a situation in which they would be called upon to fulfil their election pledges, a meeting of the sort suggested will be valueless except to confirm the belief that Mr. Gandhi and his colleagues are only paying lip service to the ideal of responsible Government.—Reuter.

DEADLOCK TURNED INTO QUARREL

"Zetland Has Closed Door On Compromise In Cabinet Formation"

NEW DELHI, April 9.

Lord Zetland's eagerly awaited speech has been avidly seized on and dissected here.

The official opinion is that he has authoritatively clarified the situation.

While agreeing with this view, Congress leaders do not conceal their bitterness. One leader, interviewed by the "Associated Press", said "It is an unsympathetic and tactless utterance." Other prominent Congressmen also condemn the speech and considerable resentment is felt regarding Lord Zetland's references to Gandhiji.

Congress opinion can be summed up as follows, "Lord Zetland's speech has effectually closed the door to compromise, and the actual deadlock may now be transformed into a quarrel between the Government and Congress."

Moderate opinion regrets the tension wich will follow, and interprets Lord Zetland's speech as a sign that British policy in India is stiffening.—A. P.

"FRANK APPEAL TO CONGRESS," SAYS "HERALD"

LONDON: April 9.

The "Daily Herald" says the British Government have made a very frank appeal to Congress to take office in the six Provinces, where it has won the election, it would be churlish to doubt its sincerity and it shows how very far Government has moved in recent years. If Government changed so much it is because public opinion in this country has changed and changed, perhaps, more than the Congress realises.

"There are few who are not ashamed of the reluctance of the British Government to give India her freedom and do not wish sincerely for Congress to take office and achieve success. The hesitations of Congress will be readily understood and yet, if Congress cannot now escape from imprisoning the memories of the past the outlook is black for the India it serves. Congress may not trust the Governors' assurance that they will support Ministers and not frustrate them, but even so isn't it much the best course to try to grasp the great opportunities of office?

"Even if the Governors should be obstructive, Congress will lose nothing; indeed, it will gain fresh strength as the true representative of the Indian people".—Reuter.

"DAILY TELEGRAPH" ON STATEMENT

LONDON, April 9.

Quoting Mr. Gandhi's statement that there was no intention of laying down a condition whose acceptance would mean the slighest abrogation of the constitution, the "Daily Telegraph" says: "if, as we are bound to assume that was honestly and unequivocably spoken, he ought not to hesitate about drawing back when it is shown that the condition laid down would abrogate the constitution in one of its most vital particulars, namely, the protection of minorities.

Since the Governors cannot, within the framework of the constitution, give the assurance which Mr. Gandhi had framed after deep and long cogitation and since Parliament alone can alter constitution, but has no intention of doing so, the position must resolve itself as best it can.

If it has arisen mainly from genuine misunderstanding, Lord Zetland's frank explanation should powerfully contribute towards its removal.

In the meantime the King Emperor's Government in India must be carried on.

To describe it as Mr. Gandhi has done as being the rule of sword in six provinces is not to be excused by a charitable explanation of misunderstanding. It was a complete misstatement.

"MORNING POST" ON ZETLAND'S STATEMENTS

LONDON, April 9.

The "Morning Post" says one of the chief merits of Lord Zetland's statement is that it clarifies the present issues between the British Government and the Congress.

If we look back on the history of the Congress Party we see at once how little encouragement there is in fact for the expectations of such self-deceiving idealists as Lord Lothian and his friend who have so much bemused themselves and the credulous public.

It seems to us that the British Government would have done better to have faced with the music by instructing Governors to declare a breakdown under Section 93 of the Act and resumed the old system of administration. We say this with full sense of the dangers impending both on the North West Frontier and in lower India.—Reuter.

RESOLVE THE DEADLOCK

"Madras Mail" Pleads For Govt. Gesture Of Peace

MADRAS: April 9.

The "Madras Mail" concludes its leader "Lord Zetland and the deadlock" this evening with the following appeal:—

"What is now needed is a sincere desire for a settlement, a determined effort to find a solution of the present problems. The supreme value of Lord Zetland's statement is that it should bring to an end the profitless discussion of the meanings of certain

(Continued in Col. 6)

INDIA'S SYMPATHY GOES TO SPAIN

Jawahar On Fascist Trend In British Foreign Policy

MESSAGE TO SPAIN-INDIA COMMITTEE IN LONDON

The following is the full text of Pt. Jawaharlal written speech read in London at a demonstration organised by the Spain-India Committee at the Kingsway Hall yesterday.

"I gladly associate myself with the demonstration organised by the Spain-India Committee at the Kingsway Hall. Spain and the tragedy that is being enacted there dominate our thoughts today whether we live nearby, in the other countries of Europe or in far India. For this tragedy and conflict are not of Spain only, but of the wide world, and on what ultimately happens in Spain depends the future of so much that we value. Most people realise now that the Spanish war is no longer a Spanish affair, or a civil war between different groups of Spaniards. It is a European war on Spanish soil or, more correctly, an invasion of Spain by Fascist forces and mercenaries from abroad. And so in Spain, these rival forces fight for mastery, fascism and anti-fascism, and democracy, crushed in so many countries of Europe, fights desperately for life.

FASCISM AND IMPERIALISM.

"The issue as between Italian fascism and German Nazism, on the one hand, and Spanish democracy on the other, seems to be clear enough, and I suppose that most people in England, who stand for democracy and freedom, sympathise with the Spanish people. But many of these very people are perhaps not so clear, when they consider the policy of the British Government in regard to Spain. And when they go a few steps further and think of the relation of British Imperialism to India, all clarity disappears

BOTH BLOOD BROTHERS.

"And yet the real lesson of Spain is that fascism and imperialism are blood brothers, marching hand in hand, though they may have their faces averted from each other, or may even come into occasional conflict with each other. Englishmen see, more or less, the democratic side of their Government functioning in the domestic sphere, and they conclude that elsewhere also their Government has this democratic background. But the whole foreign policy of British Government during the last four years has shown that the forces that move it have nothing to do with democracy; they are friendly to the development of the Fascist Powers, though they have half-heartedly, and unsuccessfully tried to check this development occasionally when it seemed to threaten British imperial interests. That is the story of British policy in the Far East, in the shameful betrayal of Abyssinia, in the intrigues of Central Europe, and in the face of non-intervention in Spain, culminating in the open avowal of Fascist Italy that will continue to send its armies to crush the people of Spain.

MERE JUGGLING WITH WORDS.

"Many people are bewildered by the seeming inconsistencies and contradictions of British foreign policy, and yet there is no real inconsistency. The inconsistency is in the minds of those who imagine that the democratic background of British domestic policy governs foreign policy also; or sometimes, there is inconsistency in the utterances of foreign ministers and other politicians who juggle with words to delude the public into reconciling these contrary tendencies and policies. In the field of action, British foreign policy has pursued consistently and unhesitatingly the path of rapprochement with Fascism. All the horror of Spain has not diverted it from its set purpose, the recent blood-curdling massacres in Addis Ababa have not affected it in the slightest degree. Even fear of endangering Britain's international position by the growth of Fascist powers in North and Central Europe and in the Mediterranean has not resulted in a marked variation of that policy.

ITS TWO FACES.

"Why is this so? Because essentially imperialism and fascism are close of kin, and one merges into another. Sometimes imperialism has two faces—a domestic one, talking the language of democracy, and a colonial one verging into fascism. Of the two, the dominant one is the latter, and it ultimately governs larger policies. So we see that whatever Government functions in Britain, whether it is a Conservative Government or a Labour Government or a 'National' Government; in India, this Government wears a Fascist uniform.

The drift towards Fascism continues in India and the New Constitution, with all its democratic facade in the provinces, is essentially Fascist in conception and probably in action, especially in the Federal Structure. The only really democratic part of it is the larger electorate in the provinces, and this electorate has declared overwhelmingly in favour of scrapping the new Act. But the Act and the Constitution continue, and the tremendous majorities elected under this very Constitution are powerless and cannot have their way.

"Empire and democracy are two incompatibles; one must swallow the other. And in the political and social conditions of the modern world, Empire must either liquidate itself or drift to Fascism, and in so drifting, carry domestic structure with it.

"So the question of British imperialism in India is intimately related to British domestic policy and governs the latter. It seems inconceivable that there will be major social change in Britain, so long as the Empire flourishes, nor is there likely to be any marked change in the foreign policy. It seems more probable, that great changes will take place in India, resulting in the liquidation of Imperialism, and these will result in major changes in Britain. Or the two may come more or less simultaneously.

LESSON OF SPAIN

"The background of the Spanish struggle therefore is one of world conflict between democracy and the forces of freedom everywhere and Fascism and Imperialism. That is the lesson Spain teaches in her agony and through her blood and suffering. We who stand for Spain must learn that lesson in all its implications and stand equally for the ending of Fascism and Empire and all that they signify. We must pull out the root of the trouble.

"But while we argue and debate, blood flows in Spain and heroic men and women and even children fight our battles and give their lives for human liberty. Governments deny them the aid that was their due, but the peoples of the world have heard their cry for succour and have responded to it, for was not that cry of the exploited everywhere?

"We are ourselves helpless in India, and hunger and stark poverty meet us everywhere; we fight for our own freedom and to rid ourselves of the fetters. Famine and flood and natural calamity have pursued us and added to the burden of the Empire. But out of our hunger and poverty we will send what help we can to our comrades in Spain, and though this may not be much, it will carry with it the earnest and anxious good wishes of the people of India. For those who suffer themselves feel most for their brothers in misfortune elsewhere."—United Press.

LEGAL AID SOCIETY

Good Work Done

The report of the Bombay Legal Aid Society for the year ending 31st December 1936, gives an account of the increased activities of the Society in attending to a greater number of cases referred to it for legal aid.

During the year, matters calling for legal aid were referred to the Society among others, under the directions of the Chief Justice, the Mayor of Bombay and also by the Registrar, Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court, the League of Mercy, the Nagpada, Neighbourhood House, the Supervisor of the Children's Court, a Superintendent of Police and the Social workers among Harijans. Requests for legal aid were also received from places outside Bombay such as Aden, Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Deolali, Dharwar, Hyderabad, (Deccan), Hubli, Kurla, Malegaon, Mundra (Cutch), Rawalpindi, Satara and Surat. The Society was unable to render legal aid at these places as it had no requisite agency there but recommendatory notes addressed to local pleaders were given to applicants in some cases.

The matters dealt with by the Society during the year related "inter alia" to recovery of wages and other debts, pensions, workmen's compensation, provident fund and other allowances, damages for injuries, caused by motor cars; also, divorce, judicial separation, custody of infants, maintenance, inheritance and succession, appeals from mofussil Courts, defending accused persons in sessions cases, partnership and partition suits, obtaining letters of administration, and breach of copyright and obtaining discharge in insolvency.

The Society has at present 79 members, but the Committee emphasise the need for an increase in membership, so that the work may be coped with.

It is understood the Bihar Legislature will meet for the first time some time in the latter part of August next, or at the beginning of September and, not earlier. At any rate, the meeting is likely to be held at Patna.

BELIEVE IT OR NOT

Here are some strange stories from many parts of the world, by Reuter correspondents this week-end:—

The police of Pardubice, Eastern Bohemia, have discovered a thief who steals nothing but boots for the left foot.

These he alters so that they can be worn on either foot.

He was detected after making a good haul at a winter sports centre in the giant mountains, where numbers of sportsmen suddenly found themselves without a ski-boot for the left foot. Ski-boots, the man pointed out, did not need much alteration to make them wearable on either foot.

TONGUE FLEET BY LIGHTNING.

As the horses were about to start for a race at Krughersdorp, Transvaal, there was a sudden flash of lightning, and a native who was standing by the starting gate fell to the ground.

He was picked up unconscious, but revived in five minutes, alive and well—except that his tongue had been split by the lightning.

HIS SPAGHETTI MILEAGE.

Eating his way over a course of 2 1/4 miles of spaghetti in 75 seconds, Jimmy d'Auria of Buffalo, New York State, has won a spaghetti eating championship.

Jimmy, a 21 year-old newspaper seller attributed his success to his use of the "installation" method, which excludes the use of a fork and spoon and moves the spaghetti from plate to mouth without interruption.

"Besides," the winner added, "there is practically no wear and tear on the teeth."

WRIGHT OR RONGG?

In the Federal Court at Los Angeles, California, Rongg was proved right and Wright wrong.

Federal Judge Yankwich upheld Herman Rongg, who, with Luther Wright, had submitted almost identical patent claims.

"The Court holds that Wright is wrong and Rongg is right," was the judgment.

JAZZ MUSIC FOR COWS

Jazz music makes cows give more milk and eat less, according to Almon Wickard, a farmer of Greenfield, Indiana.

He installed a radio set in the cowshed so that he could listen in while milking. "I had no idea that the cows would pay any attention," he said, "but it had some surprising results."

Since he installed the radio, Mr. Wickard's cows have increased their daily output by 2 gallons, he says, adding that the animals often turn away from the manger to listen to the music, thereby eating only about half the quantity they used to do.

85 WEDS 82.

Neighbours for more than 40 years, Mrs. Olive Dusome, aged 82, has married 85 year-old Mr. Michael Desjardins, of Penttang, Ontario.

Both had been married before, but neither has had any children.

"BITTER" COLD.

It was so cold at Oregon City, Oregon, that a man's false teeth were frozen to his jaws.

Mr. Fred Weiland, aged 85, slept through the night with his mouth and bedroom window open. Next morning he had to work his jaws up and down with his hands before he could move them.—Reuter.

FOUR BURNT TO DEATH

PATNA, April 9.

Four inmates of a house—husband, wife and two children were burnt to death as the result of the house catching fire this noon, says a report just received from Jamui, Monghyr.

After the fire had subsided, their charred bodies were found, the husband and the wife embracing a child each.—United Press.

Alleged Contraband Arms Sale

MADRAS, April 9.

Mr. Obeidullah alias Mehtab Ali of Giagolia village in Sylhet District, in Bengal was produced yesterday before Mr. L. R. Venkatraman, the fourth Presidency Magistrate, on a charge of importing and offering for sale firearms.

It is alleged that the accused was a fireman on Board S. S. "Steefkirk" which touched Madras harbour in March last, and imported five revolvers and several rounds of ammunition and on March 15th, sold one of the revolvers for Rs. 65.—United Press.

Preparations are now well-nigh complete to hold the forthcoming session of the Kathiawar Students' Conference at Rajkot in the coming week, under the presidentship of Mr. Indulal Yajnik. This will be the first of its kind, after a lull of about five to six years.

The C. P. and Berar Indian Games Association is sending its Khokho and Hututu teams on May 4th to tour Maharashtra for a fortnight.

Don't Be Put Off With Worthless Substitutes!

Ask For And Be Sure You Get Genuine ZAM-BUK.

CONTAINS NO ANIMAL FAT
IS PURELY HERBAL
Zam-Buk
"RUB IT IN"
FOR CUTS · BRUISES · BURNS · SCALDS · PILES · ECZEMA · BAD LEGS · ITCH · DELHI SORES · RINGWORM · PRICKLY HEAT · ULCERS · CHRONIC SORES · BOILS · ABSCESSES · STINGS · SPRAINS · RHEUMATISM · BITES
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All Medicine dealers sell Zam-Buk at ONE RUPEE or Rs. 2-4 a box.

Agents:—Messrs. KEMP & CO., Bombay.

BOMBAY TALKIES' GREAT NEW FILM

PREM KAHANI

3rd WEEK at OPERA HOUSE

Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. To-day Matinee at 2-45 p.m.

"A BRILLIANT CAST" —"Sunday Standard".

"The picture is really splendid entertainment..... offers some delightful music..... most graceful and decorative dancing."—"Times of India".

"It is definitely first class entertainment with a fine and topical theme interwoven in its plot."—"Bombay Sentinel".

".....bears the stamp and traces of progressive outlook.....more than evidence of progressive diligence....." —"Bombay Chronicle".

It's the Tobacco that Counts

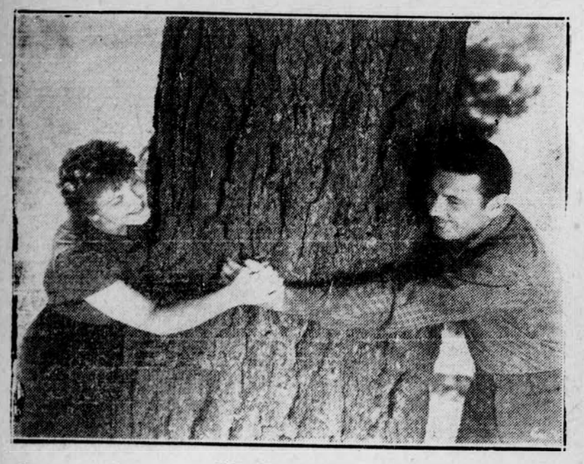
3 annas for 10

(3½ annas with coupon.)

PL/138

FILM FARE FOR THE WEEK

Sonja Henie In "One In A Million" At The Regal—"God And The Woman" At The Pathe —"We Who Are About To Die" At The Capitol—Georgee Arliss In "His Lordship" At The Excelsior—"Chick" At The Empire—"Undersea Kingdom" At The Globe



George Brent in "God's Country And The Woman" at Pathe.

"GOD'S COUNTRY AND THE WOMAN"

At The Pathe

Warner Bros., who gave talking pictures to the world, invented the screen musical and created the vogue for film biographies, have done it again. This time they have taken Technicolor and made it natural. The result is an almost unbelievably beautiful production of James Oliver Curwood's famous novel "God's Country and the Woman" which opens at the Pathe Theatre to-day.

Taking his cast, headed by George Brent and Beverly Roberts in the great woods district of Washington, Director William Keighley transferred the thrilling romance and stirring action of the novel to the screen. The millions who have delighted in the novel will get an entirely new thrill when they see this picture, for the colour photography is far more beautiful and natural than anything ever filmed and the director and players, including hundreds of real lumber-jacks used in the melee, have caught the spirit of the book and become, not merely competent actors, but living personifications of the author's characters.

Steve Russett, as played by George Brent, is the happy-go-lucky playboy partner of the Russett Lumber Co. His brother Jeff, portrayed by Robert Barrat as a rough and ready lumberman without the proverbial heart of gold, has Steve kidnapped and brought to the lumber camp in the woods after Steve has upset a crooked deal by which Jeff had hoped to possess himself of the Crown Timberlands, his biggest rivals.

Escaping from his kidnappers, Steve finds his way to the Crown Timberlands, where he meets and falls in love with Jo Barton, the capable young woman who heads the rival company, played by that fast-rising newcomer to the screen, Beverly Roberts. In an effort to save Miss Barton from the ruinous plots of his brother, Steve takes a menial job in her camp. Without her knowledge, he thwarts a good many of Jeff's plans, but when Jeff tells her who Steve really is, she fires him as a spy.

With true devotion, however, he continues to work in her interests. At last, when he almost loses his life in his efforts on her behalf, she realizes that she has found the man that she has been waiting for.

Barton MacLane gives a forceful characterization of a provocative agent in the camp.

Thrilling sequences like the felling of giant trees, the plunging of a log train over the cliff, and terrific log jams that threaten the life of the heroine, kept the audience gasping at the combination of power and beauty. Colour does not dominate the film in any way, but under the inspired direction of William Keighley, who directed "G Men" and other successes, it assumes its rightful place in the film, as a perfected technical detail which adds naturalness to the screen story just as does perfect sound equipment.

Others in the cast whose work is outstanding are Alan Hale, Vic Potel, Roscoe Ates, El Brendel, and Billy Bevan.

Sonja Heniein "One In a Million" with A Menjou at the Regal this week.

George Arliss in "His Lordship" at the Excelsior.

GEORGE ARLISS IN "HIS LORDSHIP"

At The Excelsior

This adaptation of the play, "The Nelson Touch," affords George Arliss fullest rein for his versatile art. The star plays the dual roles of Lord Duncaster, British Foreign Secretary, and Richard, his twin brother, the former a pompous and precise politician, and the latter a jolly, happy-go-lucky soul secretly despised by the august lord. It is a clever display of histrionics, amusing both on its urbane satire of political pomp and its whimsical portrait of Richard, the go-getting brother who saves England from disaster. This outstanding characterisation, together with the light-hearted story, strongly suggests a most pleasant hour's entertainment, not least, of course, for the legion of star fans.

The narrative outlines the murder of a powerful Eastern potentate by a couple of wily sheiks, and the blame which is shrewdly thrown on an Englishman, this starting a turmoil in British politics. The sheiks come to England, ostensibly to discuss terms with the Foreign Office, but really to remove the dead potentate's son, who apparently is between them and the throne. How the self-important Duncaster nearly precipitates England in a war in the East, and how this is averted by his twin, Richard, who impersonates him at the Foreign Office, and tricks the sheiks into a confession of their crime, forms the basis of the ensuing development in a crisp succession of comedy and drama and suspense.

Keyed to the comedy tune throughout the entertainment is at its brightest in such scenes as when Richard genially pulls the leg of his starchy brother, when he spends a waggish evening in the latter's bed to the consternation of the lordly better half, and when he outwits the sheiks by recording their foreign converse on a dictaphone and confronting them with it at a Cabinet meeting. These are notable specimens of the prevailing geniality, ever adorned by the famous Arliss sparkle in dialogue delivery and keen sense of droll comedy.

"David Livingstone" with Percy Marmont, Marian Spencer, at the Empire next week.

"ONE IN A MILLION"

At The Regal

With Sonja Henie, Queen of the Silvery Skates, executing dazzling dances on crystal ice and romancing with Don Ameche, Adolphe Menjou pulling another hilarious performance out of his gag-bag, Jean Hersholt more lovable than ever, Ned Sparks dead-panning his way to new laugh highs, the Ritz Brothers running amusingly amok, Arline Judge cut, captivating and comical, Borrah Minevitch and his gang playing hot rhythms on their harmonicas, and Dixie Dunbar, Leah Ray and Shirley Deane contributing beauty and hi-de-ho, "One In A Million," the Twentieth Century-Fox spectacular musical smash, opens to-day at the Regal Theatre. Set in a brilliant new world of delirious new thrills, "One In A Million" tells a story of love burning as sun on snow, sprinkled with fun, roaring as on open fire, with songs you'll remember as the year's big hits. The plot of sparkling Sonja's first screen triumph has to do with a troupe of American entertainers including the Ritz Brothers, Arline Judge, Borrah Minevitch, Dixie Dunbar and Leah Ray, in straightened circumstances who are travelling Europe under the wing of their ebullient manager, Tad Spencer (Adolphe Menjou). The troupe arrives at a Swiss resort, where they were to have put on a performance, but find that the hotel has burned down. Installing his flock instead at a little lodging house, Menjou discovers a marvellously gifted amateur ice-skater in the person of beautiful little Greta, the innkeeper's daughter (Sonja Henie), who is being trained by her father (Jean Hersholt) to win the Olympic figure skating championship, which he once held, but which was taken from him on false charges of professionalism. Amid plot complications during which Menjou nearly ruins Hersholt and Sonja's hopes by attempting to put her in a professional skating exhibition, Sonja finds occasions to give some stunning examples of her genius as a dancer on ice and of the stellar quality of her acting. Finally, through the help of a young American newspaperman (Don Ameche), who has fallen in love with her, Sonja is saved from the taint of professionalism and wins the Olympic championship.

It is exhilaratingly new and exhilaratingly different screen entertainment with the cast, the songs, the laughs, the girl and the thrill in a million. Darryl F. Zanuck, Twentieth Century-Fox Production Chief, selected Sidney Lanfield to direct with Raymond Griffith associate-producer Leonard Praskins and Mark Kelly wrote the story and screen play and Lew Pollack and Sidney D. Mitchell composed the music and lyrics of the picture's song hits. The skating ensembles were staged by Jack Haskell.

"We Who Are About To Die"—Preston Foster, Ann Dvorak at the Capitol.

SYDNEY HOWARD IN "CHICK"

At "The Empire"

We might anticipate a packed house at the Empire Theatre tonight would be in a constant state of convulsions by the antics of Sydney Howard in his latest picture, "Chick," which is showing this week.

The same old Sydney Howard—splayed feet, hands like fins, an unchanging expression of sublime idiocy an' all. For nearly seven years Sydney has been one of our leading comedians, and, judging by his hilarious performance in "Chick," that is a position he is likely to occupy for another seven years.

Like many other great funny men of the past, it is not so much what he says but how he says it. He is the supreme master of comic gesture, his elaborate handshake ruling as a classic, along with Robey's perfectly-controlled eyebrows and Stan Laurel's uncontrollable tuft of hair.

A COLLEGE PORTER

In "Chick" Sydney is seen as Chick Beane, a porter at Burford College, Oxbridge. He inherits a title, and a gang of crooks make him chairman of a worthless oil company. To keep him out of the way, they persuade him to return to Burford College as an undergraduate, to make a special study of oil. Chick in the science room has every resemblance to a bull in a china shop!

Menaced by the crooks and then the shareholders, Chick finds trouble descending in a shoal upon him gormless head. But everything comes right in the end, when mineral water is discovered in the apparently worthless land.

The story, adapted from the famous Edgar Wallace novel, presents Howard with numerous opportunities, which he unerringly turns to good account. For sheer fun this picture must rank as his best to date. The romantic interest is in the hands of Fred Conyngham and Betty Ann Davis, who prove themselves an appealing and well-matched team. The rest of the cast is headed by Mai Bacon, Cecil Humphreys, Wallace Geoffrey and Edmund Dalby.

This is one of the biggest laughs of the year—so don't miss it.

"WE WHO ARE ABOUT TO DIE"

At The Capitol

Forthright, straight—from the shoulder treatment accorded the depiction of condemned men awaiting execution in prison has resulted in the case of "We Who Are About To Die" in the production of an appealing, hearty and at times robustious screen melodrama. Here is film entertainment, not propaganda or preachment. Avoiding, on the one hand, the mawkish and sentimental attitude which has often spoiled stage and screen presentations of prison subjects, and, on the other, the opportunity afforded for over-emphasis of realistic details—with its attendant morbid result—the picture which opens to-day at the Capitol Theatre, recognizes condemned prisoners as human beings, and deals with them as such. In that, the picture-going public has benefitted by a wholesome presentation of a subject which is in itself of vital interest, but which is often presented as special pleading on one side or another. The story of "We Who Are About to Die" is not unusual. Four crooks decide to hold up the pay-clerk of an aviation factory. While one of them is sizing up the vicinity, fortune favours him by a chance encounter with one of the employees John Thompson. John who has just been fired, promises to take him back to the factory with him when he returns, on the morrow, to collect his final pay. On the way to the factory the crook kidnaps John and holds him prisoner while three other crooks use his car in their pay-roll hold-up, in the course of which a man is shot and killed, another wounded and a child is run over and killed by the escaping crooks. They now release John, and escape in their own car, leaving his parked by the roadside. Ignorant of what use has been made of it, John is trying to get his car in shape—for all the tires have been deflated—when he is surrounded by police. The fun used in the killing and other 'planted' evidence is found. John is arrested and charged with the hold-up and with the killings. Feelings run high against him, and at the trial circumstantial evidence outweighs all other considerations. He is found guilty and sentenced to hang, and sent to the State Prison to wait in 'Condemned Men's Row' to execution of this sentence. It is here that the picture becomes different from others of its sort from the interplay between the various prisoners in the Row and between them and their guards. How the convicts gradually come to believe in John's innocence, how they try to get the prison authorities to grant John the time needed to establish this innocence and what happens make the picture one of distinct novelty and of real merit. Meantime a pretty thread of romance has been established, with the fight of John's sweetheart to get official assistance for his cause. Through her enlistment of a fair-minded police investigator, an exposition of some of the recently developed police methods of crime detection are introduced. The story is carred in alternate sequences within and without the prison, so that the grim atmosphere is not too steadily to the fore. Ann Dvo-

(Continued on page 12 Col. 4)

Sydney Howard in "Chick" at the Empire from this week.

"Undersea Kingdom" at the Globe Talkies.

COLD OR HOT
HORLICK'S
GIVES DAY-LONG ENERGY AND STRENGTH FOR GROWING CHILDREN

SANTAL MIDY
The purest and the most active
CURES IN 48 HOURS
ALL SORTS OF KIDNEY and BLADDER COMPLAINTS
The capsules contain 5 drops of genuine Mysore Sandalwood Oil and usually 10 to 12 capsules are given daily in divided doses
Manufactured by GRIMAULT & C°, 8, r Vivienne, Paris

Enjoy Life to the full
An exacting climate soon takes its toll of vitality and stamina, leaving your body in a depressed and weak condition—unable to resist the dangers to which it is subjected daily.
What you need more than anything else is Phosferine Tonic Wine. It will renew your flagging energy, give you a wonderful new feeling of fitness and vitality and fortify your system against ill health.
Get a bottle today and begin to "enjoy life to the full."
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When Trifles worry You, You are run down and need
NERVINUS
This marvellous Elixir with Gold and other efficacious drugs acts as the best blood purifier and specific for general weakness, nervous debility out of youthful abuses and excesses in Life, Liver and Kidney troubles, Female weakness, Anaemia and loss of weight, Convalescence, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Brainfag. Used with an external Musk Liniment for local weakness it produces permanent effect. It removes promptly lassitude of the Tropics and can be safely used at all seasons. Is very useful after the bad effects of venereal diseases. P. K. Ram Esq., Chief Station Master, Kodaikanal Road Station, writes:—"According to your advertisement, in the "Hindu" of Madras, I managed to get one bottle of your "Nervinus" from M|S. Spenser and Co., Madras, at Rs. 5, which I used for about a month regularly. I am glad to write and tell you that your medicine has done me marvellous good and I feel quite young and energetic. Nervinus for a month's use bottle Rs. 5. Liniment Rs. 2-8. Both Rs. 7. V. P. Charges extra. If you wish to enjoy full pleasures of youthful life write now to:—BEHAR CHEMICAL WORKS, Shree Gauranga Bldgs., Bhagalpur. Bombay Agents:—P. M. ZAVERI & CO., THOMSON & TAYLOR, LTD., BELI RAM & SONS.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Friday.

Anjubai (25), working in a mill, met with a tragic death when one end of her sari accidentally got entangled in some part of a machine. She screamed and the machine was stopped. But by the time she had sustained several injuries and was removed to J. J. Hospital. She succumbed to her injuries this morning.

Death due to accidental drowning in the Mumbadevi Tank was the verdict passed by the City Coroner's Jury at the inquest held to-day on the body of an unknown Hindu, Male (35) at about 11 a.m. on Thursday.

The deceased, it was stated, used to live in the compound of the Mumbadevi temple and had no relations in the city.

A 16-year-old girl residing at Girgaum Back Road, was the victim of a stove accident.

On Wednesday last she lighted a stove to boil some water for tea. She got up to take the sugar-tin, when her sari caught fire. She was removed to the Nair Hospital, where she died early this morning.

The City Coroner to-day recorded a verdict of death due to extensive burns accidentally sustained from a Primus stove.

A squabble over money and clothes lent by a Pathan to another Pathan resulted in the stabbing of the money lender Pathan who is now lying in a precarious condition in the J. J. Hospital.

The trouble arose last night in Kamatipura, where Shaik Mahomed Allum, a sea-faring Pathan lived. He had lent some money and clothes to another Pathan, which he demanded back. The debtor Pathan got annoyed on the complainant's pressing for his things and he is reported to have whipped out a knife and inflicted serious wounds on Allum Khan.

The police being informed of the incident, removed Allum Khan to the J. J. Hospital, where he is lying in a precarious condition.

The assailant is still at large.

Yeshwant Atmaram Chavan was placed before Mr. Mathalone, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, today on a charge of attempt to commit murder of a woman.

It appears that Dhondibai with her three-and-half-years old daughter in her arm was returning home from the Simplex Mills, where she is working, during her recess hour. While walking along Victoria Garden Road, she was stated to have been set upon by the accused and assaulted seriously.

Both the woman and her child are now lying in the Hospital. The woman's condition is stated to be critical.

The motive of the assault was stated to be sworn jealousy consequent upon the accused being jilted by the woman, who had been staying with the accused for the last 11 years, as his kept mistress.

Two months ago the woman is stated to have deserted her paramour and earned her livelihood by working in Simplex Mills.

The accused was arrested last evening with a blood-stained clasp knife.

He was ordered to be remanded to custody for 14 days, pending further enquiries.

Sub-Inspector Shevade of the Prevention of Gambling Squad arrested eighteen persons in the course of two raids, he carried out last night.

The following persons were arrested, in Sadashiv Babujee Godown at Wadala:

Atmaram Ganyaji, Gopinath Ganesh Prasad, Babu Rajaram, Ganpat Raghunath, Kishue Tijanna, Prabhu Dattatray and Maruthi Jethappa.

All the accused were released on bail except the last named Maruthi Jethappa, who was ordered to be released on bail in a sum of Rs. 200 (cash Rs. 100) till the 16th instant.

Following a gaming raid in a pan shop situated at the junction of Khetwadi 1st Lane and Sandhurst Road at 7-30 p.m. last evening, four persons were arrested by the Prevention of Gambling Squad and several alleged "sutta" chits and "forecasts" and cash were seized by the Police.

The names of the accused are: Ismail Mukarib, Siddik Rahiman Memon, Nanchand Phulchand and Lallan Mohomed Hussen.

All the accused were placed before Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, to-day, and ordered to be enlarged on bail.

In the latter raid following 11 person were arrested:

Vithal Dagadoo, Sartakan Hari, Kasum Hussein Beg, Badoo Bhau, B. Shamboo (on bail) Govind Bicaji, Sadhashiv Bala, Ramji Ganoo Shad Hussein Bandoo Saheb Ratnoo Mahadu and Annaji Babu.

All the accused except one, who was released on bail are in custody.

One Brijlal alias Lala Singh Brikpalsingh was arrested at Khed Galli by De Lisle Road Police for alleged receiving of sattabets from the public.

He was ordered to be released on bail in a sum of Rs. 100, cash Rs. 50, till the 23rd inst. at the Dadar Police Court.

A heavy fine of Rs. 1,000 or in default 7 weeks' R. I. was the sentence awarded to one Ramkrishna Bhikaji Sakam by Mr. M. A. F. Coelho at the Dadar Police Court.

Ramkrishna was arrested by Sub-Inspector D. V. Sawant who had been specially authorised by the Commissioner of Police to raid suspected gambling dens without a warrant.

The accused was only awarded fine taking into consideration that it was his first conviction and the fine though heavy was paid.

After looking into two programmes bearing the same winning number, the authorities of the Red Cross Pageant held recently, came to the conclusion that there was something fishy about the whole matter.

"When I saw that there were two claimants for one winning number, I suspected that there was something fishy, and so I "phoned up Deputy Commissioner Ren, a member of the committee, who told me to refer the matter to the Gamdevi Police", said Mr. Sultan Chinoy, Chairman of the Red Cross Pageant Committee, giving evidence, to-day, before Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum.

Saban Sayed Ebrahim and Alli Peera were charged in this connection with cheating and abetment thereof by Mr Sultan Chinoy on March 31 last.

Possibility Of Duplicate Nos.

In the course of his judgment ordering the discharge of both the accused, the Magistrate observed that the Red Cross Pageant authorities were perfectly justified in referring the matter to the Police.

But the Magistrate was not in a position to say that any figure was altered. He was not also in a position to say after careful observation by a magnifying glass what the original number of the programme was.

"As the numbers on the programme were printed by printing ink in a printing press," the Magistrate observed, "there is a probability of the same number having been printed on two programmes."

Before delivering the judgment, the Magistrate humorously asked whether there was no way for the prevention of duplicate programmes in such lucky programmes.

Goa Lottery Example

Mr. D'Cunnah, the Police Prosecutor, replied that the programmes might be printed in the manner the Goa Lottery tickets were done, that was by numbering as well as by printing the digits of those numbers on those tickets.

Court: You please tell them to do so in future. (Laughter).

Mr. D'Cunnah conducted the prosecution, while Mr. Chari appeared for the second accused.

While the Police were recording the statement of a person admitted into the K. E. M. Hospital on Thursday night, another person injured walked in for treatment. He was indentified by Fazlihyder Badgul, the man admitted later as one of the assailants.

Kudratulla Barkatulla was at once put under arrest.

It was stated in the Dadar Court to-day that when Badgul and his brother were walking along Vincent Road near Appollo Cinema four ruffians attacked them with knives and sticks.

Accused was remanded till 20th instant.

CYCLIST KILLED ON SPOT

Alleged Car Collision Sequel

Motor car No. X-3681, driven by Mr. Boyce, it is stated knocked down and killed a Hindu Youth, Bhagwan Patkar (22), on the afternoon of April 5 last. The youth was an apprentice in a motor mechanic's shop.

In their evidence, two hawkers, who were on the scene, stated that the car was driven on the wrong side and that they, themselves, had to move aside in order to save their lives. All this happened in front of the Proprietory High School at Gowalia Tank Road.

The deceased who was coming on his cycle from the opposite direction, was struck by a side of the car and killed on the spot.

The police Havaldar also stated in his evidence that the car swerved to the wrong side and the left front corner of the car struck the front wheel of the cycle. The cyclist sustained multiple injuries on his head, neck and other parts of the body and died on the spot.

L. Charanji, ex-Captain, Government College, Lahore Hockey Club, a Punjab University and Punjab "Blue," who is leading the Lahore Paraders in the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament. Mr. Charanji also played for India in the Western Asiatic Games at Delhi in 1934 and is one of the best centre-halves in the country.

FREE HINDI CLASSES AT CONGRESS HOUSE

Students are coached in the Free Hindi classes conducted by the B.P.C.C. at the Congress House for Prathama, Madhyama and Rashtra Bhasha Examinations, held twice a year in February and September. Each class will be held twice a week as under.

PRATHAMA—on Wednesday and Saturday.

MADHYAMA—on Monday and Thursday.

RASHTRA BHASHA—on Tuesday and Friday.

Class hours on week days from 6-30 to 7-30 p.m. (S.T.)

For this term they will be opened on Monday, 12th April 1937.

The General Secretary in charge Estate Committee B.P.C.C. writes:

CONGRESS HOUSE: First floor of the Congress House main building which is at present occupied by the Lok. Kanyashala is to let from 1st June next. It is well ventilated. Accommodation is one big hall and eleven decent rooms. It is suitable for a school or as a residence. For rent and other particulars inquiries be made in the Congress Office.

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Prakasam's Riposte To Sapru

Congress Has Made The Best Possible Beginning

Mr. T. Prakasam has issued the following statement for publication:—

I have read carefully the text of the statements issued by Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru on the present political situation. Sir Sapru is a great lawyer who had held a high Office in the Government of India and who either as official or non-official, has been endeavouring throughout to stick to a consistent policy and programme. His opinions generally carry some weight with Viceroys and Secretaries of State. He has done some real service when he told the non-Congress groups that, if there should be a dissolution followed by another general election, the Congress might win a bigger victory in every Province and that they should not delude themselves into a false belief that they might have a chance to recover their position.

IRRESPONSIBLE AND UNPATRIOTIC.

While thanking Sir T. B. Sapru for giving such candid advice to these misguided persons who unwarily accepted these Offices in a weak moment, may I ask him to say whether these persons would have consented to become tools of Governors without any, the least support in the Legislatures if any sense of responsibility or spark of patriotism had been left in them? He talks of chance of success in any future election for these persons. If they should have had any hope of success in any future election would they have dared to give their consent to the Governors to serve as their ministers? It was only when they realised that they had no political future they agreed to extinguish it altogether.

HIS OWN PREJUDICE.

While endeavouring to be impartial, Sir T. B. Sapru could not dismiss from his mind his own prejudice against the Congress. He says that the Congress has exposed itself by the demand made by the Congress leaders even for the small assurances so clearly explained in Gandhiji's statement. He feels that looking at the question from a political standpoint the Congress leaders have made a bad beginning by refusing to form ministries. Is it a bad beginning to ask for a "gentleman's understanding," having regard to the struggle that has been going on in the country during the last sixteen years and the manner in which the pledges solemnly given have been broken.

BONA FIDE DEMAND.

Mahatma Gandhi has made it clear that the demand was not for the abrogation of any of the provisions of the Government of India Act and that it was not for over-riding any of the Statutory safeguards. I am sure Sir T. B Sapru will not contend that what is conceded for the Provinces in the Government of India Act is real Provincial Autonomy. He must agree that there is no Provincial Autonomy in the Constitution so long as it is filled with safeguards and special powers. All the argument advanced by him would hold good if there is real Provincial Autonomy in the Act and if Congress leaders were so indiscreet as to demand any assurance from the Governors. Knowing that there is nothing like Provincial Autonomy in the Act and that to carry any beneficial measure through, there is a second Party in the name of the Governor whose co-operation and support is made inevitable under the Constitution, it becomes the duty of the Congress leaders to exchange views and ask for co-operation from the Governors. If two persons representing opposite interests are called upon to work together under the Statute, is it not the duty of the Party that represents the people to ask the Governors whether they would be willing to extend their hand of co-operation in regard to such measures. There is no provision in the Act prohibiting the Governors from giving any such assurance. If a Governor is not free to give an assurance even with regard to matters left to his full discretion under the Statute he must cease to function.

Sir T. B. Sapru says that he desires to be fair and respectful to Mahatma Gandhi but still, he find it difficult to reconcile one part of his statement with the other. It has been really difficult during the last sixteen years even for the best of the lawyers to understand Gandhiji's position and reconcile his statements. Interpretation of statutes and sections might be made very skilfully by expert lawyers but it is difficult for them to interpret the doctrines or statements of a man who is above law and who is also above even the Congress on occasions.

He says that the Congress has exposed itself by its demand to the charge that it has shirked responsibility because it held out promises to the voters which it now finds difficult to fulfil in their entirety. It will not be long before our friend knows how the Congress can carry on the administration of this country even under most adverse circumstances. It is certainly difficult to argue with a gentleman who takes up the roll of an advocate of the Government, at psychological moments to interpret statutes of the British Government or the doctrines of a man like Gandhiji.

I am not one of those who regret for not accepting ministries without any single question to the partner with whom the ministers of the people have to work. We are told that we have made a bad beginning and that it has created an atmosphere of tension, hostility and frustration. All the last sixteen years have been one continuous period of tension as well as hostility. It is through such tension and hostility that we have reached the present stage. The beginning that we have made is not a bad one. On the other hand it is the best possible one that has created the biggest of the Constitutional deadlocks at the very outset and lifted the country in the estimate of the international world. Even Hitler and Mussolini are watching to-day the course of events in this country with greatest attention. But for the betrayal of the country by some of our own countrymen at psychological moments Indian freedom would have been established long ago and Indian History would have been written differently.

STAND YOUR TESTS SUCCESSFULLY

(From A Correspondent.)

What do you want for your examination—be it in the college, in business or wherever else, where a good deal of the straining of your nerves and energy is unavoidable? Here it is:—

1. A good memory for things you have learnt.
2. An increased power to concentrate the brain and the nerves.
3. A healthy system that can well resist fatigue.

It may well be said that a candidate for any examination should equip himself to be able to withstand the severe test of any such examination but the important question is: How is he to do that? He who has worked constantly during the time of training and preparation will, undoubtedly, meet his examiners with more confidence than the others who may have idled away their time. But even then, he has to be well aware of the fact that only a healthy body can have a healthy mind which can stand the ordeal of an examination in any sphere of life. Especially, hard work before the examination is likely to pull down the health of even the most robust man. The only way to keep the body and the mind in a fit condition for any severe strain and to stand the test is to see to it that as quickly as possible the lost energy is regained with the help of a rejuvenator of high repute.

There is only one tonic that reaches up to this high degree of perfection and that is "Rochetone." With its exceedingly rapid and powerful action "Rochetone" does good only and can never do you any harm. "Rochetone" is an ideal tonic of marvellous efficacy for increasing energy and vitality and is very economical to use withal. Remember, therefore, that you require "Rochetone" to be able to stand the hard test that you have to pass more than once in all your phases of life.

VILLAGE INDUSTRIES AS CURE FOR WASTE AND SLOTH

"One important waste which has, to my mind, far-reaching results is that caused through forced idleness. This is because agriculture which is often the sole occupation is not able to keep the villager busy all the year round. This forced idleness is very harmful, it changes his whole outlook on life and lowers his character in many ways. No tonic is so good as healthy and steady work all through the year, and this is denied to the average villager.'

"Industries are desirable in the village, to find employment for the people all through the year, to stabilize labour to tone up the villager in various directions and to supplement and steady his income. The large scale industries which have developed in the country—while both useful and important for the progress of the country as a whole—have helped the villager but little. On the other hand, they have adversely affected the village, tending to draw labour and brains away from the village. What is needed is the establishment of cottage industries in the village itself so as to improve the conditions of living in it."

From presidential Address of Rao Bahadur T. S. Venkatraman, I.A.S., C.I.E. at the Indian Science Congress, January 1937.

"WE WHO ARE ABOUT TO DIE"

(Continued from page 10)

rak is the only female role in the picture, John Beal, as the innocent victim, and Preston Foster as the police official, are co-featured, and are equally excellent in the leading roles. Much credit is due to the large number of well-known character men who effectively fill the minor roles in the huge cast of over forty players—and the work of whom in the prison cell-block sequences makes impressive drama. The picture was produced by R.K.O. Radio from a screen-story by John Twist, based on a novel by David Lamson, and was directed by Christy Cabanne, whose finely restrained treatment, reflects his many years of directorial experience.

"UNDERSEA KINGDOM" CAST BOASTS CHAMP ATHLETES

Second Instalment At The Globe

Last week this Repuolic serial has created a sensation in film goers. Globe Talkies is drawing crowded houses.

Famous athletes, boxers, wrestlers and horsemen flocked to Republic Pictures studio to get the he-man and exciting action roles in "Undersea Kingdom," spectacular and mysterious serial 2nd instalment of which opens at the Globe Talkies this week.

Ernie Smith, famous Southern California football tackle who won a place on the 1932 All-American team, plays "Gourck," one of the important "enemy" roles. Billy McGowan, middle weight boxing champion of Canada, Cuba, and the Southern States in 1923, who has lost only five out of 248 professional fights staged all over the country, is one of the four gladiators in the fierce arena battle to the death.

John Merton, all-round athlete of Central High School, Washington, D. C., who plays "Muloch," gladiator and enemy leader, once made exhibition dives from a 110-foot high roof beam in Madison Square Garden.

Rube Schaffer, who plays "Magma," another gladiator and fighter, was a professional wrestler for eleven years, having been the light heavyweight champion of the Pacific Coast in 1927-28, and runner-up for the Olympics American wrestling team in 1920.

Everett Kibbons, agile chariot driver in the picture, for six years was a professional heavyweight wrestler, made an undefeated tour of South America, and was United States amateur champion of his class in 1929-30.

Lane Chandler, who plays "Darius," is a six foot three inch, expert horseman who has won trophies at Pendleton and other noted western rodeos.

Leader of them all is Ray "Crash" Corrigan, whose 199 pounds and 6 feet, 2½ inches presents an Apollo physique. He has been not only a physical education instructor but is well remembered for the thrilling flying leaps through the jungle trees in the famous "Tarzan" pictures. Corrigan got his picture start by these difficult stunts.

"Undersea Kingdom" is the strange and fascinating tale of explorers whose rocket-propelled submarine is drawn by powerful magnetic rays down into Atlantis, fabled lost city beneath the sea. There the explorers, Corrigan, 13 year old Lee Van Atta, Montague Shaw, Smiley Burnette and Lois Wilde, are caught between the cross-fire of two factions warring for control of the city. Ancient charioteers, cavalrymen bearing lances, legions of swordsmen, rock-throwing catapults, and archers, are hurled against the ultra-modern scientific weapons such as Atom-guns, rocket-propelled volplanes, television spy detectors, projector machines, and fire-spurting Juggernauts. Under no circumstances, you will miss 2nd instalment of this thrilling serial at the Globe.

"Undersea Kingdom" was produced for Republic by Nat Levine

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ALLEGED BREACH OF SEC. 144

Bihar Congress Workers Put Up For Trial

PATNA, April 9.

Chandravati Devi and Ramavatar in one batch and Bindeshwari Prasad, Jagdish Prasad and Hari in another batch were put on trial to-day before the Sub-Divisional Officer Patna City, under Section 145 Criminal Procedure Code, on a charge of having brought out a procession at Moradpur and another at Dariapurgola respectively, on April 1, violating the order under Section 144 Criminal Procedure Code promulgated there.

The accused pleaded not guilty. Orders were reserved till Monday next.—United Press.

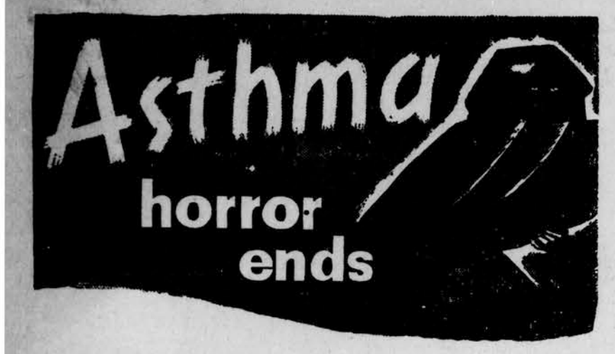
The Punjab Police have arrested a Sikh youth, Dalip Singh, and four Muslims in connection with a sensational dacoity in the house of Munshi Ram, a village moneylender of Ferozepore District.

COMPULSORY MOTOR INSURANCE

NEW DELHI, April 9.

A resolution of the Industries and Labour Department states that the Committee appointed by the Governor-General in report on the question of enforcing compulsory insurance of motor vehicles, has submitted its report.

The Governor-General-in-Council proposes taking early action to consult local Governments on the proposals of the Committee.—United Press.



'My Asthma seems to have left me entirely' writes Mrs. J. W. of Radcliffe, England.

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DEMAND CONVOCATION OF ASSEMBLIES

Roy On Need Of Capture Of Power By People

ALLAHABAD: April 9.

Mr. M. N. Roy has issued to-day the following statement to the United Press:—

"The crisis precipitated by the Imperialist intransigence has not been ended by hte formation of puppet ministries. It has become permanent.

A stable government is impossible so long as elected representatives of the people will be kept out of power. It is waste of time to argue that Governors have acted autocratically by refusing to give assurance demanded by the majority party. We need not be on the defensive. We need not justify our refusal to accept on the ground of this or that constitutional technicality.

We should stand on firm ground that we refuse to accept responsibility without requisite power.

The refusal of the Governors to give assurance that they would not interfere with the constitutional activity of his ministers clearly means that these have no power under the new constitution, is obvious. The way before congress is obvious. The will of the majority must be enforced. People must be led to assert their will and right of self-determination.

Any other action on our part would be interpreted as a sign of weakness and as such any search for formula of reconciliation must be deprecated. That would only encourage the imperialist intransigence

Continuing Mr. Roy says:—"The victory at the polls has placed Congress in a favourable strategic position. The parliamentary crisis can become an impetus for mass struggle for the capture of power by the people.

If Governors do not convene the session of the legislatures the elected representatives of the people should patiently wait till the proud satraps will find it convenienc to permit them to perform their function. The question is that, if we do not take initiative the field will be left free to the Government and its henchmen to carry on disruptive propaganda against Congress.

"The Government does not want reelection immediately. If we wait till we are given an opportunity to turn out interim ministries we shall have to fight the new six elections in an atmosphere of depression and even of distrust brought about by official propaganda."

"Therefore we must demand immediately the convocation of the Legislative Assemblies. The Governors failing to comply with the demand within a specified time the majority party should issue invitation to all opposition groups to meet with the object of discharging their obligation to the electorate.

"That will be a demonstration to effect that Legislative Assemblies derive their authority not from the Act of British Parliament but from the electorate. That will be practical assertion of democratic principle of popular sovereignity. That will be a step towards asserting of right of self determination.

Majority

"The majority of elected representatives of the people will then constitute themselves as a body constitutionally and morally competent to condemn the autocratic behaviour of Governors and demand the resignation of puppet ministries and pass a resolution advocating legislative measures for promoting the welfare of masses".

"Should the Governors still resist" says Mr. Roy in conclusion "the will of the majority only is the honourable course left to opposition. The majority party will have to resign enbloc and launch a mass campaign for the immediate general election to secure the verdict of the people.

"The alternative course for elected majority would be to defy the autocratic power of the Governors and declare itself as legitimate custodian of popular sovereignty.

But conditions for that final bid for power and for that conclusive assertion of right of self determination are still to be created. They will be gradually brought about in the course of progressively developing Mass Struggle against imperialism which will force series of re-assuring re-elections.—United Press.

BIHAR COUNCIL OF MINISTERS

Likely To Consider Sugar Cane Production Problem

PATNA: April 9.

The Associated Press understands that a meeting of the Council of Ministers, presided over by the Governor will be held tomorrow at 7 p.m. to consider the questions relating to provision for relief to cane-growers and the supply of sugarcane to factories.

Prior to the meeting of the Council of Ministers the members of the Cabinet, including Mr. M. Yunus, Chief Minister, will receive a detutation of cane-growers and factory owners.

It is understood that the Local Government has also moved the railway authorities for a reduction in the freight of sugarcane to be transported to factories.—A.P.

STAND BY CONGRESS, SAYS RANGA

Compel Governors To Summon Assembly

(From A Correspondent.)

Prof. N. G. Ranga M.L.A., while addressing a meeting in the National Week at Nagpur on Wednesday said:

• "I wish to congratulate you and your leader Dr. Khare on having given an excellent lead to the rest of India by organising a United Front of all the anti-Imperialist forces to oppose this unconstitutional action of the Governor in appointing the Provisional Ministry.

" It is also a matter for congratulations that your leader is trying to convene the provincial convention of all the elected M.L.A's and P. C. C. members with a view to bring pressure to bear upon the Governor to respect the verdict of the electorate.

"I wish however to suggest that your convention should proceed with its legislative work, concerning the immediate need of the peasants and thus utilise the time available, before the Governor actually convenes the Assembly for preparing, discussing and working out the necessary legislation, so that all that the legislature has to do, once it is convened, is to put its seal upon the work of the convention.

Prof. Ranga appealed to the masses to stand by the Congress at this juncture and enable it to develop the necessary strength to convene the Assembly, discharge all its functions and carry on the Government irrespective of the wishes of the Governors and his special responsibilities.

INDIAN RAILWAY POLICY

(Continued from page 16)

land to pay the sterling interest charges was in that year equivalent to a payment of interest of over 7 per cent, on the total capital raised, converted at the con-

"The guaranteed rate of interest payable to the old Guaranteed Companies was nominally 5 per cent, per annum in sterling, but it actually amounted to about 9.12 cent. in the Indian currency in some years."

Objections have been raised by some critics not only against the high rate of interest guaranteed to the Companies, but also to the giving of any guarantee at all. They have denied that English capital could have been attracted only by a guarantee of interest. It was put in evidence before the Parliamentary Committee of 1872 by William Thornton that unguaranteed apital would have gone into India for the construction of railways, had it not been for the guarantee. He said: "The guarantee system has not served any purpose which might not have been better served without it."

Speaking at a subsequent examination by the Committee, Thornton said: "I do believe that unguaranteed capital would have gone into India for the construction of railways had it not been for the guarantee. Considering how this country (England) is always growing in wealth, and what an immense amount of capital is seeking investment which it cannot find in England, and goes to South Africa and other countries abroad, I cannot conceive that it would persistently have neglected India. I conceive that, as a result of the capital going to India and not being guaranteed—and it being known that if the investors made great mistakes, they would have to take the consequences of those mistakes—very much greater care and very much greater economy would have been adopted in the construction of the railways." "But," said he, "when once Companies had been guaranteed, then there was no chance of unguaranteed Companies coming forward."

But that does not finish the story of the extraordinary favouritism shown to the British Companies at the expense of voiceless India. On important points the contracts were favourable to them and did not protect Indian interests.

In his book "India in the Victorian Age," Romesh Dutt wrote: "It is difficult to believe, but nevertheless it is true, that the contracts were so hastily and carelessly drawn up, that they afforded no protection to the Indian revenues on important points."

"A Perfect Disgrace"

We now revert for a moment to Thornton's evidence. He said: "I think that the contracts are a perfect disgrace to whoever drew them up, for they contradict themselves two or three times in the course of their several clauses, and they are seldom appealed to for the protection of Government interests without turning out to be practically worthless for that purpose."

G. B. Jathar, and S. G. Beri, are of the opinion that the guarantee was not necessary, and that, in any case it was excessive. In their book "Indian Economics" they write as under:—

"England had an immense amount of capital which had no scope for remunerative investment at home, and which, therefore, was seeking outlets in South America and other countries, and it was not conceivable that it would have persistently neglected India. It also remains an unproven assumption that the rate of interest that was actually guaranteed was in point of fact necessary. There are good grounds for believing that British capital and enterprise could have been tapped by the offer of an appreciably lower rate, having regard to the then prevailing easy conditions of borrowing in the English money-market."

(To Be Continued)

ASTHIKA SAMAJ WINS CASE

Judge Upholds Samaj And Building Fund Are Identical

In the Court of Small Causes, Bombay, Mr. Champaklal G. Mody, Judge, decreed a suit filed by the secretary of the Asthika Samaj on a promissory note passed in favour of the Asthika Samaj building fund

The following is the text of the judgment:—

"This is a suit on a demand promissory note for Rs. 940 passed by defendant in favour of the Asthika Samaj Building fund. The plaintiff in this suit is "Asthika Samaj a society registered under Act 21 of 1860, being the owners and proprietors of a fund called the Asthika Samaj Building which is vested in the President and Managing committee of the said Samaj and managed by them as trustees for the Asthika Samaj Building committee by its Hon. Secretary A. S. Krishna Iyer." On the evidence, I find that the Asthika Samaj is a society registered under the society's Registration Act, and the suit as framed is properly filed through the Hon. Secretary of the Samaj who has been only authorized to file this suit on behalf of the Samaj as per Section 6 of the Registration Act.

It has been urged before me that the Asthika Samaj and the Asthika Samaj Building fund are two different entities, and as such the suit as framed is not maintainable. No evidence has been led by defendants to prove this bare assertion. On the other hand, plaintiffs have led evidence before me which clearly goes to prove that the fund was started by the Samaj, and the fund has as well remained the property of the Samaj and has always been administered and managed by the Samaj through the managing committee appointed for the purpose.

HIGH COURT JUDGMENT QUOTED.

Defence raised by the defendants are amply met in the judgment of His Lordship the Chief Justice in civil Revision Application No. 339 of 1936 decided on 26th November 193 and which and which forms part of the proceedings in suit 2174 of 1935 put in Ex. 3.

The defendants are emboldened to make an attempt to defeat the plaintiffs' just claim as the promissory note sued upon (Ex A) happens to have been executed in favour of the Fund but this defendants seem to forget that if the fund cannot sue on the promissory note Ex A the proprietors of the fund—the plaintiffs can always enforce Ex A.

CHITTARANJAN SEVA SADAN (CALCUTTA)

Leaders' Appeal For Funds

We are requested to publish the following appeal issued by the prominent persons:—

"The noble ideal nursed and nurtured by the Chittaranjan Seva Sadan justly claims ample and generous support from the countrymen. They will win eternal merit by such largeness of heart. This is our appeal to our people."

(1) Rabindranath Tagore, (2) Prafulla Chandra Roy, (3) M. K. Gandhi (4) Jawaharlal Nehru, (5) Sarojini Naidu, (6) Shyamprasad Mukherjee, (7) Abala Basu, and (8) Subhas Chandra Bose.

MINISTRY REACTIONS IN U. P.

(From Our Correspondent)

ALIGARH (By Mail).

The personnel of the Chhatari Cabinet has created absolutely no interest in the local political circles. Approached by me a prominent Muslim leader remarked that the inclusion of Raja of Salimpur, the President of the U. P. Muslim League, in the ministry should expose the true nature of the leadership of the Muslim League to those all who still put their confidence in the leadership of the League. He further remarked that the recent events have convinced the Muslim masses that no political party other than the Indian National Congress is above these temptations. However he waited for the attitude of the Muslim League Dictator, Mr. Jinnah, regarding Salimpur in U. P. and Rahimtoola in Bombay.

STUDENTS' ARRESTS.

The news of the arrests of the students in Bombay and Bihar have created great resentment among Aligarh students. A representation is being sent to the Civil Liberties Union to move in the matter. An appeal is also being issued to the students to maintain the students' front against all reactionary forces inspite of impending policy of repression which is manifested in Bombay, Bihar and U. P.

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ABSCESSES
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P.M.

7-30 Big Ben, A Recital. By Victoria Anderson (Australian Contralto), Viola Morris (Australian Soprano), and Marie Dare (Violoncello). 8-15 'Five Counties of Ulster.' A programme from Northern Ireland, presented by Henry McMullan. 8-45 The BBC Dance Orchestra. Directed by Henry Hall. 9-15 The Football Association Cup: Interval Summary and Commentary on the Second Half of a Match in the Semi-final Round. 10-15 The News and Announcements.

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

a.m.

8-0 Instrumental Music. (Clarionet Solo.) A VUB Artists. 8-15 Light Music. M. G. Basarkar. Khayal and Titala. (With Organ, Sarangi and Tabla). 8-30 Talk (Urdu): "Traits of Indian Life". Superstitions. By Munshi M. Ismail Khan. 8-45 Devotional Songs. M. G. Basarkar. In Marathi and Hindustani Bhajans. (Assisted by the orchestra). 9-15 Hindi and Gujerati Songs.

p.m.

1-0 Market Report and Announcements. Lunch Hour Music. (Recorded H.M.V.) 5-30 Recorded Hits. 5-40 Popular Music. Sardar Hussein of Bareilly. "Dayi piya bin nahi ave chain"—Bhimpalasi. "Mai to hogayi papihara piya piya raat"—Thumri. "Jak min dil garsiya nahi jata"—Ghazal. (Assisted by the orchestra). 6-10 A Recital of Konkani Songs. D. Dimel. "Cazar para Cazar" Veper Narann" "Moga chem Duens", "Bail Mirieamnim Functa". (Accompaniments: Violin and Guitar.) 6-45 Talk (Gujerati): "Folk-lore of Gujerat". No. 1. By Diwan Bahadur Krishnalal M. Jhaveri. 7-0 To the Bhumijan. A programme arranged for the villager. 8-0 Light Classical Music. Kumar Gandharva. "Una ayi badariya" Miya Malbar—Jhaptala. "Tana direna direna" Tarana Durga.—Teental. "Sachi kaho mose batiyan—Thumri Khamnaj. (With Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla). 8-30 Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 Talk (English): "The Week in Sport" By (Raddy) 9-15 The News 9-30 A Sonata Recital. Beethoven's Sonata in E Flat Op. 12 No. 3. Franz Von Vecsey. Violin. Guido Agosti. Pianoforte. (Recorded). 10-0 A Review of Gramaphone Records. By Ronald Alexander Babonau.

Delhi Programme

CUD 340.13 metres,. 882 kc/s.

a.m.

7-0 Air Orchestra. Deshkar. 8-10 Master Vasant Classical and Light Music. 7-50 Bilawal On Sarod. 7-55 Vilayat Khan. 8-25 Zohra Khatoon. Thumri, Ghazal and Punjabi Geet.

Noon.

12-0 Indian Music (Recorded)

P.M.

12-55 1st News Bulletin (Hindustani). 1-0 1st News Bulletin (English). 1-5 Time Signal. A Diveesity of Ditties. 6-0 Air Orchestra. Siri Rag. 6-10 Vilayat Khan. "Ab hi gae Ram," Thumri Pilu. "Kahne deti nahin kuihh munh se mohabbat teri Lab peh reh jati hai a ake shikayat teri". (Dagh). 6-30 Rageshwari On Sitar 6-40 Zohra Khatoon. Light Music. 7-0 "For Villagers Only." (7-30 p.m. Time Signal and Delhi Market Rates). 8-0 Talk (Hindustani): "Odds and Ends." No. 2. By Shaukat Thanvi. 8-15 Master Vasant. Classiial and Light Music. 8-45 Tilak Kamod On Sitar. 8-50 Zohra Khatoon. Light Music. 9-15 2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 9-30 2nd News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 Talk (English): "From Script to Screen." No. 1. How a picture is made. By Rafi Peer. 10-0 Play (Hindustani): "Mareez." By Abid Husain. (Performed by air artists). 10-20 Recorded Music (Indian). 10-35 Play (Hindustani): "Rishte-Ki-Bat." By S. A. Alvie. (Performed by air artists).

Calcutta Programme

All transmissions will be on VLC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s and 49-10 metres, 6,109 kc/s. (Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).

p.m.

12-36 A Variety Programme. Also Loritto Soprana. A. Banbo—Clarionet. A. Schimek—Violin. Con Aston—Piano. Supported by full Orchestra. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft. 1-36 Somdev and Gandharva Dance Manibardhan and Party. "Ramprosad". A Religious Play. 2-6 Talk: "Faith in Talismans and Taboos". By Bella Halder. 2-21 Bengali Song. Niva Nag. 2- adaptations from the Pilgrim's Progress. With appropriate music and sound effects. 2-46 Piano Recital. Basant Kumar Ganguli. 2-56 Recitations. Sitesh Kumar Sachindra Nath Palodhi. Sen. 3-0 Modern Song. 5-6 A Broadcast for Rural Areas. 5-36 Modern Bengali Song. Mrinal Kanti Ghose. 5-56 Thumri (Bengali), Binapany. 6-16 Bhajan and Light Bengali Songs. K. C. Dey. 6-36 "Bidaya Ratey". A Feature programme signifying farewell to Spring. A Musical Extravaganza. Written by M. L. Roy. Produced by Suranath Mazumdar. 7-36 Talk: "Sunny Side Up." No. I Humour in Court. By Sourindra Mohan Mukerjee. 7-51 Violin Solo. Akinchan Dutta. 8-6 The News and Weather Report (In Bengali). 8-21 Kheyal and Thumri (Hindustani). Bhishmadev Chatterjee. 8-41 Thumri and Gazal (Hindustani). Mustaq Hossain. 9-1 Commercial News and Weather Report (In English.) 9-6 the News and announcement. 9-24 Excerpts from Gilbert and Sullivan. The Gondoliers. The Mikado. 9-36 Music. By Paul Strauss and his Orchestra. From Prince's Restaurant.

Peshawar Programme

VUP 200 metres, 1,500 kc/s.

P.M.

6-0 Naghma Multani. Kheyber Radio Orchestra. 6-10 Fazle Ilahi. Thumri and Ghazal. 6-30 Abdul Aziz. Punjabi Song. 4-40 Ilahi. Persian Song—Ghazal. 6-55 Sarenda. 7-0 "Hagha Dagha". (A Programme Arranged for Villagers). 8-0 Talk (Hindustani): "The Trio—Religion, Science, and Philosophy." By Prof. Siri Ram. 8-15 Afghan Dance Gat. Kheyber Radio Orchestra. 8-20 Fazle Ilahi. Dadra and Ghazal. 8-35 Abdul Aziz. Ghazal. 8-45 Rabab Solo. By a K.R. Orchestra Artist. 8-50 Fazle Ilahi Ghazal—Popular Song. 9-15 The News and Weather Report (In Hindustani). 9-30 The News and Weather Report (In English). 9-45 Indian Music (Recorded).

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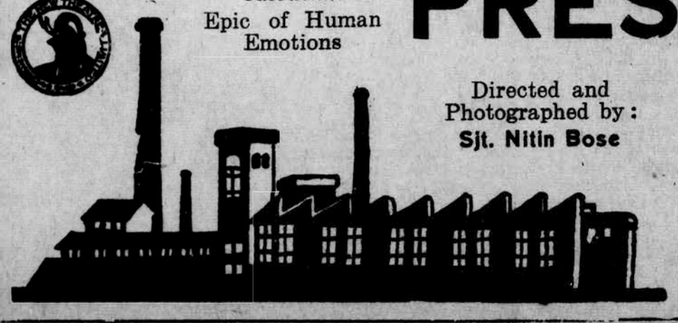

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Congress Must Revise Policy Towards States

Dr. Pattabhi On Subjects' Keen Desire For Resposible Govt.

AHMEDABAD, (By Mail).

"We could not help feeling—and in this we only reflect in our own kind the feelings of the people of the States and perhaps of even some of the Princes—that in hammering out a joint scheme of political reorganisation for the States and the Provinces, no effort has been made to bring the accredited representatives of the two parties together. A third party is planning for the two and that in their absence.

Congress Should Act

"The time has come when the Congress as the really progressive and responsible body may appropriately and even advantageously take the initiative in working for such an exchange of counsels on the subject.

Will Princes Welcome It?

"Whether it should approach the rulers is more than we can tell. They had once (in 1928) disdained to confer with the Congress. But times have rapidly changed and the Princes must undoubtedly be feeling that the Federation they are getting will be without that central responsibility, which they had made the "sine qua non" of their acquiescence in the principle of Federation", said Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, President of the All-India States Peoples Conference who has just returned from a tour of Kathiawar States, giving his impressions, in the course of a statement.

At the end of about a fortnight's tour in the Kathiawar States, it would be just as well to give the public, a short summary of our experiences in this part of India which is chiefly composed of states and in which few public men happen to make a political tour.

In all we did a thousand miles—all on car and visited the following 22 places, between the 23rd of March and 3rd of April. At two places there were no public meetings. There we had met workers and exchanged thoughts with them. At Junagadh, on our way to Porbandar, we had only the pleasure of visiting the Asoka rock on which the fourteen edicts of Asoka were inscribed. Altogether 30 meetings were held small and large and while the meetings at Bhawanagar, Rajkot and the two at Wadhawan and Dhranghadar had an attendance ranging about three thousand each, that at other places was varying below this figure and in the aggregate we had the privilege of addressing about 50,000 friends.... Wherever there was a chance, interviews were arranged with the Princes and we had thus an occasion to discuss with them various matters of public interest.

WIDE AWAKENING.

Wherever we went we were gratified to note the keen interest evinced by the public—official and non-official in the burning topic of the day. Federation, Provincial Autonomy, the formation of Ministry by Congress leaders, the raison d'etre of the Delhi decisions, the immediatee future in view of the deadlocks in the provinces, all these were the subjects of conversation and therefore had to figure as topics of public lectures. Young boys of fourteen asked for messages from the Congress and sought to ascertain the repercussions of the coming of contemplated Federation on the interests of the people of the States. The level of political thinking was indeed high and there was universal resentment at the effacement of the States people from the picture of Federation.

DESIRE FOR ORGANISATION.

There is a general desire to organise independent taluka and District Congress Committees in the states.

Nor is Kathiawar behind hand in respect of constructive work.

We were deeply grieved to find that three constructive workers at Panchtalabda were externed from the Lila district of Bhawnagar State after 10 years of hard and unostentatious service in the cause of the poor. I earnestly hope that this blemish on the progressive state of Bhavnagar may still be removed. The centre at Tarawada is delightful in itself and boasts of a Mussalman worker. The people of the states want to share responsibility with their rulers or even to monopolize it in matters internal to the states.

NEED FOR VIRILE POLICY.

The Congress would not treat with the rulers of states unless as a minimum of reform, they agree to occupy the position of constitutional heads of their states in a reorganised scheme of responsible Government. There is a real deadlock in the progress of ideas as there is in implementing the reforms before the country and only a tripartite conference of the accredited representatives of the rulers and their peoples and the Congress can unravel the tangle.

The time has come for the Congress to pursue a vigorous and virile policy in regard to the problem of the states instead of merely marking time or adopting temporizing methods. The fact is that to-day the people of the states are not a whit behind the people of the provinces in their passion for Swaraj or in their appreciation of the issues arising therefrom. They want guidance both internal and external. The former can only arise from a richer sacrifice the part of the leaders within the latter can only emanate from the Congress by an immediate expansion of its outlook and an equally immediate advance in its methods of approach to the people and the problems of the states as an integral part of the larger problem of Swaraj.—A. P.

Appalling Tragedy At Dohad

80,000 Bhils Remain Without Relief From Govt.

(From Our Correspondent).
DOHAD, April 8.

So far as the result of the scarcity works opened by the Government approximately 20,000 Bhil labourers, i.e., one-fifth of the total peasant population of the talukas of Dohad and Jhalod are getting famine wages barely sufficient to keep body and soul together. Even then many people are refused admission on the scarcity works.

Under the prevailing conditions and circumstances it is imperative that the Government should open more works enough to absorb all who are in dire necessity of labour and loaf.

But the problem of scarcity of fodder and water is very great and requires immediate solution in spite of the fact that it is baffling all concerned.

After a good deal of pressure being brought upon by the non-official agencies like the Bhil Seva Mandal 50 lacs lb. of old grass stored in the Government Depot at Dohad is being sold to bonafide agriculturists at a rate of Rs. 3 per thousand lb. Even this meagre stock of grass is exhausted and the shortage of fodder is very keenly felt. The stock of grass required to keep alive the most useful agricultural and milch cattle is estimated to be six crores of lb. Whence to bring this huge stock is an urgent problem.

The famished Bhil family of peasants who, it is alleged, sold their child.

The Bhil peasant who was forced to sell his son for a meagre sum of Rs. 5/- owing to starvation.

Government Keep Silent

When the Government is practically silent over this huge problem, which requires immediate solution as the condition of the cattle is serious the Bombay Humanitarian League and the Go-Grass Mandal have come to the rescue of the live-stock of the talukas and under the management of the Bhil Seva Mandal which has already purchased 16 lacs lb. of grass from the Government Depot have opened a cattle camp at Dohad in the pacca building of the Dohad Mahajan Go-Shala and two cheap grass shops, one in Dohad and the other in Jhalod.

It is understood that about a thousand cattle of Bhil peasants are to be maintained for three months, i.e., upto the beginning of monsoon. Two bullocks and one cow of each peasant will be maintained. The Bhil Seva Mandal with the Bombay Humanitarian League is also arranging to import a huge stock of grass required for the purpose.

The Dohad Taluka Local Board has begun the scheme of deepening 60 pacca wells with the help of the Government grant and the Bhil Seva Mandal has started digging katcha wells in the river beds and tanks and it has started 25 parabs in different centres in order to provide water facilities to the travellers. All this work depends on the public sympathy and charities and it is hoped that the public will give the best response possible.

NO PASSPORT TO TOURISTS?

Protest Against India Govt.'s Action

(From A Correspondent).
BARODA, (By Mail).

The world-tourists Mr. Sonalakar and Mr. Gambhine have toured the whole of India. They have covered nearly 10,000 miles in India, but the Government of India have, it is learnt barred all possible, routes for them to go abroad. The Government cancelled their passports not mentioning any reason. They point out that Mr. Sonalkar had been sent twice into jail in the political movement in 1930 and 1932. They seem to have over-estimated the radical views of Mr. Sonalkar. The tourists, it is learnt, have protested at this attitude of the Government.

They are very much eager to start on their tour if they are granted passports.

ALLEGED MURDER AND THREAT OF MURDER

BARODA, April 9.

A sensational report as to how American gangster method is being employed for extorting money under threat of murder has been received from Jetpur in Kathiawar.

It is reported that a rich Memon merchant has been threatened with murder if he fails to keep Rs. 25,000 in a certain place before a particular date.

The police authorities are keeping strict guard over the person of the Memon merchant and investigating the plot.

From the same place it is reported that a Sindhi murdered another Sindhi killing him with an axe over a trivial dispute of a match box. The culprit has been arrested.—United Press.

INDIAN DELEGATES TO CORONATION

NEW DELHI, April 7.

On behalf of the Legislative Assembly and the Aligarh Muslim University, Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed gave a farewell party yesterday at 17, Windsor Place, in honour of the Indian delegation to the King's Coronation. Sir Abdur Rahim, President of the Assembly, conveyed their sense of gratitude to Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed for affording an opportunity to meet so many friends.

Among those who attended were Sir Frank Noyce, Sir Mohd. Zafrullah Khan, Rai Bahadur Ramsaran Das, Mian Mohd. Rafi, Mrs. Ghiazuddin, Mr. Ramsay Scott and several members of the Assembly and Council of State.—United Pres.

Gujerat Socialist Party Meeting

DOHAD, (By Mail).

The Secretary, Gujerat Congress Socialist Party, writes:—

Members of the Gujarat Congress Socialist Party desirous of moving resolutions at the forthcoming Gujarat Provincial Congress Socialist Conference to be held at Dohad on 24th and 25th April 1937, should send them so as to reach Mr. Kamalashankar Pandya, Secretary, Gujerat Congress Socialist Party before April 17.

An unconfirmed report states that telegraphic wires were found cut three days back in Gorakhpur District along the railway line. Mischief is suspected and investigations are proceeding.

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WHY NOT RELEASE THEM GRACEFULLY?

Dr. Pattabhi Condemns Kathiawar Arrests

(From Our Special Correspondent)
RAJKOT, (By Mail).

"What have you to say regarding the recent arrests of two public workers of Kathiawar for alleged breach of orders under the Foreigners Act?" In reply to the above question Dr. Pattabhi said: "Having studied the facts connected with these cases one finds that while they will be entitled to full legal relief on contesting their cases in a law court, the facts remains that the conduct of Government in arresting these gentlemen nearly 3 years after their release from jails for alleged breach of Foreigners Act is wholly arbitrary.

REAL POINT

In the first place the Foreigner's Act is a time-worn measure of early legislature days. Then there are legal flaws in its application to the cases on hand. But the real point is the absurdity of digging up this Act which whatever the propriety of its application during the Civil Disobedience campaign cannot for one moment be thought of to-day. I gather that out of the 300 patriots to whom the Act was applied in 1932-33-34, there are still nineteen persons harassed by it who cannot enter British India. Instead of gracefully releasing these persons who are still imprisoned in the larger prisons of the States. Government unfairly ropes in others who have enjoyed freedom for 3 years. This attitude only betoken the spirit lying behind and beneath the reforms."

11 DROWNED INTO NERBUDDA RIVER

Series Of Tragedies In Jubbulpore

JUBBULPORE, April 8.

There have been a number of drowning tragedies in and around Jubbulpore during the week-end.

In the first instance, a party of British soldiers, belonging to the Leicestershire Regiment stationed at Jubbulpore, was out for fishing and boating in the river Gour, about five miles away from here. In the midstream the boat capsized, and one of the soldiers was drownes, while others were rescuer.

In the second case, according to a report from Mandla, eleven persons were drowned in the river Nerbudda. From the details available, it transpires that a party of twenty-one passengers was crossing the river in a country boat, the boat incihentally capsizes anh all were thrown in the water. Of the 21 persons, eleven including several women and children were drowned.

Another case of a 15-year old son of Mr. M. L. Shrivastava, Barrister-at-Law, Additional District Judge, Seoni, who is reported to have committed suicide by jumping in the Ranital Lake from the fort walls at Gwalior. has been recorded.—United Press.

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

A. I. V. I. A's Achievements

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It is over 2 years since the A.I.V.I.A. was born by which time it has not only justified its existence, but proved beyond doubt its utility and indispensability. Much work has been carried out by way of rural sanitation and hygiene and dietetics. Villages included in the programme of work were one by one swept clean of their filth, dungheaps and disease-germs. A nutritional and culinary science, as it were, is being slowly developed to the advantage of the villager and towns man alike. The public, especially the village folk, have been educated as to the nutritive value of hand pounded rice, gur etc., and as to the necessity of a balanced diet.

But all this knowledge is of little use to the villager, sunk in poverty and misery of whom gruelling hunger saps the life out by slow degrees. Attention has therefore been concentrated upon the means of adding to his income. Industries connected with food viz., rice pounding, wheat grinding, oil pressing, gur making, bee keeping etc., were first taken up and improvements effected in instruments and methods to make them paying and attractive. Others, going and totally gone to ruins, like ginning, blanket, paper and mat making, comb and soap manufacture, have been revived rehabilitated and improved upon giving bread to many a starving man, woman and child. Great filip has been given to the Tanning Industry, so much so that the cottage chrome leather can compare well with any factory finished product. And the animal carcasses hitherto cast off to putrefy and vitiate the air, are well made use of, and a great many industries, like gut making etc., have sprung up therefrom.

A duty lies with every son and daughter of the land, to back this movement. Unless products from the village are purchased by the townsman, the industries will naturally come to a stand still.—Yours, etc.

K. K. C. PILLAI.

"Drowning Incident Near Rewas"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Our attention has been drawn to a letter appearing in your issue of the 3rd inst. headed: "Drowning Incident near Rewas". It would appear that your Correspondent's version of the incident is not altogether correct as will be seen from the Panchnama drawn up at Rewas, which we reproduce below:—

"At the request of Captain Ebrahim Jainoo of S. L. "Lakshmi" we the undersigned Panch state as follows:—

"S/L "Lakshmi" which left Bombay at 7-20 a.m. was nearing Kasa Rock about 8-15 a.m. Some passenger shouted out that a woman was seen floating in the sea. The Captain immediately stopped the engine, threw the life buoys and turned the steamer in the direction of the woman. He lowered the life-boat but the woman was drowned in spite of all possible efforts made by the Captain and crew to save her.

"The Captain then made all possible enquiries about the deceased as to how she fell in the sea, whether any of her relations were on board or she jumped over board but no information could be gathered from the passengers. In fact no one saw her falling into the sea".

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Home Dept. Secretariat, Bombay.
" D. A. Joshi,
G. E. I's Nature Institution, Uran, Dt. Kolaba.

We have made a full enquiry into the matter with the Captain and crew and understand that when the alarm was raised, the steamer was under way and it will be appreciated that, as she was in restricted waters where navigation can only be undertaken with circumspection, a little time had perforce to elapse before she could be stopped and turned round. Naturally the boat could not be lowered until this manoeuvre had been completed. Passengers may not always notice the difficulties and dangers of navigation when a strong current is running, which was the case on this occasion.

While we greatly regret the loss of life, it would appear that all that could be done in the circumstances was done to render assistance, but unfortunately owing to the strong current and the presence of fishing nets these efforts proved unavailing.

It may not be out of place to mention here that our crews are frequently drilled in the handling of life saving apparatus and on the occasion of the last accident of this nature, the crew of the "Lakshmi" was complimented on the smart and effective manner in which they handled the ship's boat.

Incidentally, the writer states that the number of passengers on board was double the capacity of the steamer. This statement is unwarranted by facts as there were only 505 passengers on board, whereas the carrying capacity of the steamer is 557. As stated by him a special steamer was put on the run to meet the rush of passengers on that day.

We trust in fairness to this Company you will publish this letter in your next issue.—Yours, etc.

For The Bombay Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.,
KILLICK NIXON & CO.,
Agents.

The Road Problems

To The Editor of "The Chronicle",

Sir,—In an inspired letter a correspondent writes in the columns of the "Times of India" complaining of the unsatisfactory condition of the Bombay-Poona road and suggesting that 3,000 Road Navvies should be imported from England to re-construct this road. He does not mention whether British reinforcement and cement should also be used in the process but it is apparent from the tone of the letter that he is concerned with only one aspect of the issue and that is—he must have a road absolutely equal to the British standard so that he can drive his car in comfort along the route that lies between Bombay and Poona. Our Government may reasonably ask this gentleman as to whether he is aware of the condition of the poverty-stricken population which dwell on both sides of this much abused road, and whether in return of the hospitality in accommodating 3000 British road navvies, the correspondent of the "Times of India" will undertake to secure settlements on the English soil for 3,000 Indian peasants from the distressed area of Poona. That will be a fair and equitable arrangement and the public may well leave the matter of details such as passage allowance, leave allowance and health insurance to be mutually arranged between our Finance Minister and the Minister of Health, London.

The Indian members of the W.I.A.A. should make it their care to see that the Association is run in a spirit which cannot be interpreted as anti-Indian. The best thing to do is to secure the control—for undoubtedly Indians from the bulk of the membership and they can lay down rules for the guidance of the paid officials. An article appeared in the recent issue of the W.I.A.A. journal insinuating against the integrity of the Gujerati members of the Association. It is obviously an improper taste to make reflection on a section of members of the Association in a journal for the publication of which the responsibility lies with the Association itself. I am told by a Bengali friend that such incidents could not happen in Bengal. The Association must realise that they represent a minority interest and must not try to take up an attitude in the matter of pedestrians and road traffic which is alien to the interests of the general public. The general public do not exist for the convenience of the members of the W.I.A.A. but they exist on their own rights and they have very potential privilege which will be evidenced more and more with the establishment of responsible Government.

This must come back. We copied, rather, Bombay Police copied London when the latter abolished the speed limit. London has re-introduced it for several years past, our motoring accidents are too frequent and I therefore appeal to the Ministers to see that this measure is brought into force again.

Should a member of the W.I.A.A. act as a trial magistrate in a case where another member of the same association is involved? The answer is obviously No.—Yours etc.,

A CITIZEN.

Reply To Dr. Ambedkar

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In his statement appearing in your issue of the 8th instant Dr. Ambedkar asked "But the question I would like to ask all Congressmen is this. What is it that they would have gained if the Governor had given the understanding in the terms of the A. I. C. C. resolution"? I beg to sumbit the following answer:—"By this simple tactics of demanding an assurance from the Governors, that they would not interfere in the constitutional discharge of their duties the Congress has gained enormously. The Congress all along were urging the people not to be deceived by the thundering propaganda of the British that they have given a golden opportunity to the people of India to shape their destiny themselves. The demand of the Congress has compelled the cat to come out of the bag. The mask has been torn out by this simple demand of assurance. Now even the people of ordinary intelligence are in a position to understand what kind of freedom have been given to them, by keeping the key of freedom in the Governors' hands. What wretched autonomy is that while Governors have got all the powers to interfere at every movement of the ministers in whom the people have complete confidence? To me it appears to be an enormous gain to enlighten the people to the true state of affairs obtained by the simple demand of assurance of non-interference. Another gain is that—and it is also not at all insignificant—it would be a god-sent weapon in the hands of the Congress for propaganda throughout the length and breadth of the country.—Yours etc.,

A. C. SEN.

Bombay.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta And Labour

To The Editor of The "Chronicle."

Sir,—Much is being made of the fact that Mr. Jamnadas Mehta is a Labour leader and in acceptance of the Ministry will be a great boon to the Labour in the Bombay Presidency.

The huge public meeting held on the Chowpatty sands on the 1st of this month to denounce the new Constitution, was called not only by the Congress but also by a number of Labour organizations.

Under these circumstances it will be fairly presumed that the Labour of this Presidency is against the acceptance of the Ministership without first taking assurances from the Governor that he will not use his special power.

Will Mr. Jamnadas Mehta therefore resign the various offices that he holds in a number of Labour organization and stand for re-election in order to prove to the public that he has the backing of the Labour in his Presidency?

Moreover there are rumours to the effect that Mr. N. C. Kelkar resigned from the leadership of the Democratic Swarajya Party and retired from the political life altogether simply because of the action of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta. Will Mr. Jamnadas explain if this is a fact or not?—Yours, etc.

S. N. NATU.

A. I. V. I. BOARD'S ANNUAL MEETING

WARDHAGANJ: April 9.

The All-India Village Industries Board annual meeting will take place at Hubli on the 20th.—A. P

Chambers' Federation

NEW DELHI: April 9.

The Federation of Chambers of Commerce and Industry adopted a new draft constitution substituting the existing one in an amended form.—United Press.

NATIONAL WEEK OBSERVANCE IN FORT

Under the auspices of the "A" Ward District Congress Committee a public meeting in connection with the observance of the National Week will be held to-night at 8-30 p.m. at Ghoga Street, Fort.

FIRE IN J. J. SCHOOL OF ARTS

Pictures And Paintings Removed To Places Of Safety

The Commercial Art Shed of the J. J. School of Arts was partially destroyed by fire on Friday night. The shed was being used for the purpose of the annual examination of the students and it contained their paintings and models.

At about 8 p.m. the sentry on duty noticed smoke issuing from the west end of the shed, which was used as a store house in which furniture, canvas, stands and empty packing cases filled with straw were stacked. An alarm was raised and in response to the fire-alarm, five fire brigades arrived promptly on the scene with the Salvage Corps. The brigade men set to work immediately and smashed opened the door and the east end of the shed. They removed several pictures and paintings to a place of safety and within an hour thereafter brought the fire under control and extinguished it.

The cause of the fire nor the damage caused by the fire is not known at present.

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST KHEDGIKER

Emphatic Refutation By G. I. P. Workers Union

The Secretary writes:—

The Executive Committee of the G. I. P. Railway Workers' Union which met in Bombay on the 4th instant has issued the following statement to the Press:—

During the last two months, absolutely false and mischievous allegations have been made against Comrade Khedgikar, the General Secretary of the G.I.P. Railway Workers' Union. Men who are in the know of the activities of the reformist organisations will not pay any attention to those allegations.

The main object of those making those charges was that the voters at Sholapur might be prejudiced against comrade Khedgikar. This sort of propaganda had no effect on the brave workers of Sholapur who are pledged to the Red Flag. The heroic workers of Sholapur inflicted a staggering defeat on Mr. Bakhale. The effect that Mr. Bakhale's propaganda had on the mind of Sholapur workers can be clearly seen from the fact that while Comrade Khedgikar obtained more than 8,000 votes, Mr. Bakhale could hardly collect about 800 and had to forfeit his deposit.

EMPHATIC REFUTATION

The workers of Sholapur were not misled, but it is likely that this sort of propaganda, if allowed to continue, may have some effect on other workers. It is, therefore, necessary to counteract it. The main allegation made by the Staff Union against Comrade Khedgikar is that he presented to the G.I.P. Railway Agent certain conditions likely to injure the interest of the workers, without the consent of the Union. As regards this, we have to say most emphatically that neither Comrade Khedgikar nor any other member of the Union has given any such assurances to the Agent. The policy of the G.I.P. Railway Workers' Union has all along been not to curry favours with the Agent but to strengthen the workers' movement.

The Staff Union is in the habit of giving assurances to the Agent. JoshiB-akhale group had all along assured the Agent by their own actions that it would not curry on any propaganda against officers, will not allow any politics except a politics of the most reactionary type, will not inconvenience the Agent by following a militant policy, will always carry on propaganda against the radical groups, will always combat all militant forces of the working class, etc.

The charges made by Joshi Bakhale group against Comrade Khedgikar are absolutely false. Comrade Khedgikar possesses a bright past, the past of a strike leader. We have no desire to discuss the matter any further at this period of a renewed offensive against the workers. It is our task to unite all the workers to counteract this new offensive.

Congress Speaker For Frontier Assembly?

PESHAWAR: April 9.

It is understood that there is a move in the Congress Party of the Frontier Assembly to put up Lala Bhanjuram Gandhi as a candidate for Speakership.

It is further understood that the Hindu-Sikh Nationalist Party will support the Congress candidate.—United Press.

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TRADE AND FINANCE

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DECLINE IN GILT-EDGED ARRESTED

Rapid Fluctuations In Shares

GOLD PRICES WEAKER

Weekly Market Reviews

(From Our Special Correspondent)
Bombay, April 9.

MONEY

Money rates were steady during the week under review, call funds being quoted at 1 3|4 p.c. to 2 p.c. Large requirements in connection with monthly settlements of shares and bullion accounted for the hardening of money rates. Term money rates were also a little better, six months being quoted at 1-3|4 to 2 p.c. and twelve months at 2 to 2 1|2 p.c. Treasury Bill maturities amounted to Rs 2 crores against renewal of only Rs. 1 crore. The average rate of acceptance of tenders was 1-0-11 p.c. against Re. 1 p.c. in the last week. The market received its novel weekly quota of about Rs. 1.33 crores through the sale of one million sterling to Government.

SECURITIES

The downward trend of prices in gilt-edged manifest last week was arrested and a better feeling prevailed in this section following improvement in Indian sterling stocks, where 3 1|2 p.c. India stock improved to £88 1|2. In the local market, 3 1|2 p.c. Paper which had closed at Rs. 92-5, last Friday advanced to Rs. 93, and finished thereat. The volume of turnover was, however, not large. Other stocks showed minor fluctuations. 3 3|4 p.c. 1948-52 new loan moved between Rs. 99-4 and Rs. 99-6. 3 p.c. 1941 loan was almost unchanged at Rs. 102-12 and 1951-54 loan at Rs. 101-4. 3 1|2 p.c. 1947-50 loan closed at Rs. 105 and 4 p.c. 1943 bonds eased slightly from Rs. 106-14 to Rs. 106-10. 4 p.c. 1960-70 loan showed little variation at Rs. 110-9 and 4 1|2 p.c. 1955-60 loan at Rs. 117-3. 5 p.c. 1939-44 loan kept steady at Rs. 105-8 as also 1940-43 loan at Rs. 108-4. 5 p.c. 1945-56 loan showed some activity, the quotation rising from Rs. 118-8 to Rs. 118-14. 5 1|2 p.c. 1938-40 loan was unchanged at Rs. 105.

EXCHANGE

Sterling exchange continued steady during the week with sellers of ready T.T. quoting 1s. 6-7|64d and buyers at 1s. 6-9|64d. Large turnover in gold for spot and near deliveries for export was responsible for the firmness. Merchandise export bills showing, however, were on a diminished scale. There were heavy applications for sterling tenders this week and allotments were only about 2 p.c. intermediates to the extent of £30,000 were accepted by Government at 1s. 6-5|32d.

The principal feature of the foreign exchange market in London during the week was the appreciation of sterling in terms of the dollar. The sterling-dollar cross rate rose from dollars 4.89 1|4 to as high as dollars 4.91 1|8. This was largely due to heavy selling of dollars on Continental account. Later, however, the sterling-dollar rate declined and closed at dollars 4.89-1|3. The London-Paris cross rate after moving up from 106.33 to 106.63 declined to 106.43 but closed at 107.37. The Belga and the Italian lira after touching 29.12 and 93.52, eased to 29.06 1|2 and 93.05 to the £ sterling. The guilder following in the wake, improved from 8.93-9|16 to 8.96-3|8, but closed at 8.94-5|16.

GOLD.

Following the appreciation of sterling in terms of the dollar as a result of large shipments of Russian gold to America necessitating the sale of the latter currency, the price of gold registered a sharp fall locally. from Rs. 35-2-0 to Rs. 34-10 for ready. Rumours in the London market on Wednesday that the American Government contemplated a change in the monetary policy affected adversely the price of gold despite official denials. There was a nervous feeling in all the markets and the repurcussions were fully felt in the local market. There was a pressure to sell with buyers reserved towards the close the quotation being Rs. 34-14. The turnover, however, was large, chiefly of a speculative nature. Banks bought considerable quantities of ready during the early part and moderate turnover transpired for forward towards the close. The daily arrivals averaging some 10,000 tolas were readily absorbed and stocks are estimated at about 50,000 tolas. The daily offtake continues poor at about 1,500 tolas. Imports during the week amounted to Rs. 286,020 in bar and coin. Exports of gold during the week amounted to Rs. 12.18 lakhs per s.s. 'Viceroy of India' sailing on the 3rd instant and Rs. 10.54 lakhs per s.s. 'Pres. Munro' sailing on 5th April. In London the quotation for gold persistently declined from 142|1 to 141|7, but closed 141|11 1|2. The highest and lowest rates in the local market were Rs. 35-2-9 and Rs. 34-10 for ready, May and June settlements. Sovereigns eased towards the close to Rs. 22-4-6 both for ready and forward.

SILVER

Continued rise in commodity prices, higher advices from foreign centres coupled with greater interest exhibited by Calcutta during the first half of the week were the factors responsible in giving a filip to the prevalent bullish feeling in this market. Silver prices soared as high as Rs. 56 for ready on Tuesday and in London to 21-1|2d., a rise of nearly Rs. 2-4 and 5|8d. respectively since last close On Wednesday, however, large speculative selling following weaker raw commodity prices caused silver rates to decline in London to 21-1|8 (spot) and in the local market to Rs. 54-8. The turnover was large, primarily speculative, the daily off-take averaging some 70 bars. Stocks, however, continue unchanged at the large figure of about 35,000 bars. The tone of the market is uncertain, prices remaining quiet. Owing to unloading by nervous holders, ready declined further to Rs. 54-2 but closed at 54-6. Imports during the week amounted to Rs. 53,090 in coin. The highest and lowest rates in London were 21-1|2d. and 20-7|8d. for spot and 21 1|2 and 20-15|16d. for forward. In the local market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 56 and Rs. 53-13 for ready, Rs. 53-12 and Rs. 51-10, ex-duty for May settlement and Rs. 56-6 and Rs. 54-3 cum duty for June Settlement.

SHARES

The continued rise in commodity prices all over, particularly cotton, following in the wake of increased import duty, added a fresh incentive to the textile section. The cotton mill shares, as a result, exhibited a firm tone with an all-round improvement in share values. Bombay Dyeings rose to Rs. 1090, Centurys to Rs. 251|4. Kohinoor to Rs. 343 and New Great to Rs. 275. Profit taking at level caused the rates to decline. Later, however, the decline was further augmented by advices of a slump in commodity prices from outside markets. Bombay Dyeings suffered a fall to Rs. 980, Centurys to Rs. 225, Central India to Rs. 321-4, Kohinoor to Rs. 330 and New Great to Rs. 243-12.

Steel shares found good support at the opening, but later suffered a sharp fall in sympathy with this sections and also due to a heavy decline in Indian Irons. Tata Defds. which had closed previously at Rs. 1925 improved to Rs. 2015, but eased off to Rs. 1755. Tata Ordys. similarly improving from Rs. 372 to Rs. 387 fell to Rs. 342. Hydro-Electric shares were, on the other hand, maintained. Tata Powers improved during the period from Rs. 1477|8 to Rs. 1507|8, but finished at Rs. 1492|8, and Andhra Valleys from Rs. 1697|8 to Rs. 1705. Tata Hydros continued steady closing at Rs. 181-4. Cements were featureless and price movements were narrow. Bundis ranged between Rs. 44|12 and Rs. 46, Indian Cements between Rs. 605 and Rs. 585. Katni Ordys. were unchanged at about Rs. 433-12 and Shahabad at Rs. 577|8. Belapur Sugar showed little variation. moving between Rs. 123|12 and Rs. 191-4. Bombay Burmahs along with the rest suffered a decline from Rs. 781|4 to Rs. 717|8. Scindia Steams were in good demand, the price after rising from Rs. 28|2 to Rs. 30|4 finished at Rs. 29|12. Bank shares kept steady, Imperial Bank (Fully paid) after improving from Rs. 1505 to Rs. 1520 closed at Rs. 1515. Contributories were almost stationary at Rs. 374|6. Bank of India shares steadied to Rs. 131|4 and Central Banks to Rs. 34. Reserve Bank shares were placed at Rs. 129|8 at the close.

RAMAKRISHNA MISSION

Review Of Activities In 1936

The 28th annual general meeting of the Ramakrishna Mission was held at the headquarters of the Mission at Belur Math, Howrah, with Srimat Swami Vijnanananda-ji, the President, in the chair. A large number of monastic and lay members were present. The Secretary, Swami Virajananda, presented the report for 1936.

There are at present 93 centres of the Ramakrishna Math and Mission in India, Burma, Ceylon, St. Settlements, N and S. America, England and Europe. The number of centres of the Mission in India, Burma, Ceylon and St. Settlements was 42 at the end of 1936.

RELIEF WORK.

Temporary relief work was done in time of distress caused by floods, famine, cyclone or epidemics in the districts of Bankura, Hooghly, Burdwan, Khulna, Birbhum, Guntur, Cawnpore and Midnapore, as well as in Burma, during the year.

In the seven indoor hospitals of the Mission, including the Maternity Hospital at Bhowanipore, Calcutta, more than 7,700 cases were treated in the year as against 6,839 in 1935. In the 31 outdoor dispensaries, including the Tuberculosis Dispensary at New Delhi, 10,29,349 were treated as against 9,00,000 in the year before. The Sevashrama at Benares continues to be the largest, and the Hospital at Rangoon, which treated more than 2,27,000 cases in 1936, holds the highest record for both indoor and outdoor service. There are large hospitals and dispensaries of the Mission also at Hardwar, Brindaban, Allahabad, Bombay, Cawnpore, Lucknow and other cities and towns, which treated lakhs of patients during the year. Medical and other general service was done also by such rural centres as Bhubaneswar in Orissa, Sargachhi in Murshidabad and Jayrambati in Bankura.

EDUCATIONAL WORK.

In India there were 15 Students' Homes, 3 Orphanages, 3 Residential High Schools, 4 High Schools, 2 M. E. Schools, 35 Primary Schools and a Sanskrit "tol", 10 Night Schools and 3 Industrial Schools, and in Ceylon and St. Settlements 14 High Schools and vernacular schools. Some of the schools and students' homes are situated in or near the University centres of Bombay, Madras and Calcutta, as well as in Cawnpore, Coimbatore, Jamshedpore, Deoghar and Barisal and other cities and towns. Rural educational work was done by such centres as Sarisha near Diamond Harbour, Contai in Midnapore and Habigunj and Sylhet in Assam. The centre at Sarisha had nearly 500 boys and girls in its schools. The Sister Nivedita (High) School at Calcutta had 490 girls in the year under review. The Vidyapith at Deoghar and the Students' Home at Calcutta are also important institutions. The centre at Madras had the highest number of pupils in its institutions, the total number in 1936 being 1317. It spends nearly Rs. 50,000 annually for its work.

The Industrial Schools taught one or more of the arts, crafts and industries given below:—(1) Mechanical and Automobile Engineering, (2) Spinning and weaving, dyeing, calico-printing and tailoring, (3) Cane work, (4) Shoe-making. In the Industrial School at Madras the mechanical and automobile engineering covers a period of five years and is recognised by the Government. The centre at Habigunj conducts two shoe factories and runs two co-operative credit societies for the benefit of the cobbler boys and cobblers.

In all there were 7,390 students in all the centres in 1936 as against 6,034 in 1935.

The total expenditure of the Mission for its permanent educational and philanthropic work in India, Burma, Ceylon and St. Settlements was over 6-1/2 lakhs of rupees in 1936. There were 60 Libraries and Reading Rooms in all the centres together.

MISSIONARY ACTIVITIES.

The monastic members of the Mission went on propaganda tours in India and abroad. The universal teachings of the Vedanta as interpreted by Sri Ramakrishna and Swami Vivekananda were disseminated chiefly through the publications in English, some principal Indian vernaculars and some European languages, translations of the Sanskrit scriptures in English, the periodicals of the Indian and foreign centres such as the "Prabuddha Bharata," the "Vedanta Kesari" and the "Message of the East"—all in English—and the "Udbodhan" in Bengal an the "Sri Ramakrishna Vijayam" in Tamil, and similar other works. Classes were held and lectures and often radio talks given at or near the various centres or on invitation at Universities and other associations.

There are colonies for the Harijans and other backward classes in some centres. The centre at Trichur in Cochin State and Shella in Khassia Hills are two of the important ones. Here the monks of the Mission have been conducting for over a dozen years past educational and other work for the uplift of the neglected communities.

IDEAL OF SERVICE.

Swami Vivekananda who founded the Mission in 1897 sounded the clarion call of "Tyaga" and "Seva" (self dedication and service), and it is to be hoped that the youth of India will respond to it in ever-increasing measure.

Financial Survey

London Brokers Uneasy About Rise In Cotton Prices

Bank Of England Fears Roused By Rearmament

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
LONDON, March 24
(By Air Mail).

Parliament adjourns to-morrow (Thursday, March 25) for a ten days' Easter recess. It resumes on 6th April and a fortnight later Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, will open his Budget.

Mr. Chamberlain is then expected to announce the first of the series of loans which the Treasury is empowered to take for defence purposes. The amount is expected to be in the neighbourhood of £100,000,000. It will be Mr. Chamberlain's final Budget. The Government Whips are arranging to complete financial business afterwards in time for a fortnight's respite during the Coronation, and before members return at Whitsun the Government reconstruction will be completed. It is now more or less settled that Mr. Baldwin will resign immediately after the Coronation. Mr. Neville Chamberlain will be unchallenged if, as now seems probable, he will be asked to assume office as Prime Minister. The Whips are satisfied that their pre-Budget programme will be completed in ample time. The Government's rearmament policy has been overwhelmingly supported and the Labour Party, although critical, has not offered vigorous opposition to the financial arrangements for it.

A Cotton Crisis

Cotton brokers are becoming uneasy about the rapidity of the recent rise in cotton. A gradual advance would be more welcome as there would in that case be less likelihood of violent fluctuations in the future. There is a good deal of domestic and foreign speculation taking place in the forward market due to the confidence inspired by the statistical position. Consumption in the U.S.A., continues to expand in a very satisfactory manner, the figures for February constituting a record for that month, and in spite of the big release of Loan cotton (now estimated at about 1,000,000 bales) there is said to be still a shortage of American cotton. Genuine consumption demand in other countries is also running very high. Based on the International Federation's statistics a world consumption is indicated for the present season of 13,000,000 bales of American and over 16,000,000 bales of other growths of cotton.

World consumption of Egyptian cotton during the half-year is a new high record of 603,000 bales, compared with 601,000 bales in the first half of last season. Deliveries of cotton to Lancashire spinners are very happy, with a demand for quick delivery. Business is said to be hindered by the difficulty in making deliveries with sufficient rapidity. Although there is a prospect of a larger acreage being planted with cotton in America, this is causing no concern at all in view of the certainty of a small carry-over from the old crop. Neither are the possibilities of inflation in the U. S. A. and the average attitude of Washington towards soaring commodity prices causing any check to the activities of speculators. It is argued that armament stimulus to commodity prices will carry them to much higher levels yet and that cotton is bound to participate in the general upward movement.

Respite For City

However, things quietened down a bit in the City last week. A pause in the stream of big events that has been flowing steadily since the beginning of January, gave City men time to sit back and relax. And these are the times when they begin to talk—and usually let out a number of very interesting things. First of all, cal. The trade as a whole is doing very well—in comparison with recent years. The miners may not have noticed this as much as the coal owners and shareholders have but then they only produce the coal. Inland sales are booming, so much so that in some districts there is almost a famine of certain classes of coal. Export sales to most parts of the world are going ahead better than for years past. Production quotas for the current quarter have just been increasd by 2,366,000 tons and for the first time in seven years the country's total weekly production has been more than 5,000,000 tons for four weeks running. Prices have been doing just as well as production, having increased steadily for more than twelve months. This rise in coal prices is beginning seriously to frighten the capitalists, for whom coal is an important raw material.

Reichsbank And Bank Of England

The Reichsbank has been holding its annual general meeting. Dr. Hjalmar Schacht, who, with one interval, has been the head of it since 1934, made a speech. The Bank of England has in the same week been holding its general court, and Mr. Montagu Norman, who has been head of this institution since 1919, said a few words. Dr. Schacht enlarging upon arguments already developed at some length in the annual report of the institution, said that in the last four years the Reichsbank has had to perform a task of financing the Government's great programmes which was at first no more than a problem of mobilising resources, but later, as the volume of credit was progressively and unforeseeably expanded, was a problem in currency management. Without forgetting the experiences of the past, the Reichsbank had faced the new decision required in the new circumstances.

"Financial Disciplins"

The whole secret of their success had been, said Dr. Schacht, "financial discipline". From the day of the National Socialist accession to power the control of the German money and capital market had been in a single hand, and thereby the utility of the limited available volume of money and capital had been increased. By a successful series of funding loans and by the short-term borrowing, through the Gold Discount Bank and other agencies, of all available cash balances they had checked the consequence of credit expansion. Direct control of prices by the Reich Price Commissioner was, Dr. Schacht hoped, not going to be permanent, but was at the present moment a necessary reinforcement of price control through currency policy. Neither in print, nor yet certainly by the spoken word of its chief, does the Bank of England render any such account of what it is trying to do, or what it is achieving. Mr. Montagu Norman announces the profits and dividend of the bank, and quickly retires to his own room. Most rarely does he contribute, even by a slight remark, to public knowledge of what the bank has done or proposes to do. When the Bank of England in a single operation buys £60,000,000 of gold (that is £100,000,000 worth at present prices) expert observers may be pretty sure of the purpose, but not for anything that the Bank of England, as such, will ever divulge. The Midland Bank, in its monthly review, praises, admonishes, or, as in its most recent issue, earnestly advises the Bank of England. But the Bank of England never replies unless by action or inaction.

New Problems

The Midland Bank's advice was that the Bank should put the clearing banks "in cash" by a special purchase of Government securities. A fortnight later the Bank did show a substantial purchase of securities. Was it for the purposes indicated by the Midland Bank, in order to maintain cheap money and a high value of Government securities? ask practically all the City editors.

Whether it takes to explaining itself or not the Bank of England in the next years will be tackling new problems. In their desire that rearmament shall not bring ever new opportunities for gainful financial speculation, for tin, copper, and rubber were all up in the market during the week, and ever new burdens to producers, people will look to the Bank of England. True, since the Treasury established its Exchange Fund, the Bank of England cannot be said to "control" the short-term money market. But it has still great powers, direct and indirect, as the Bankers' Bank.

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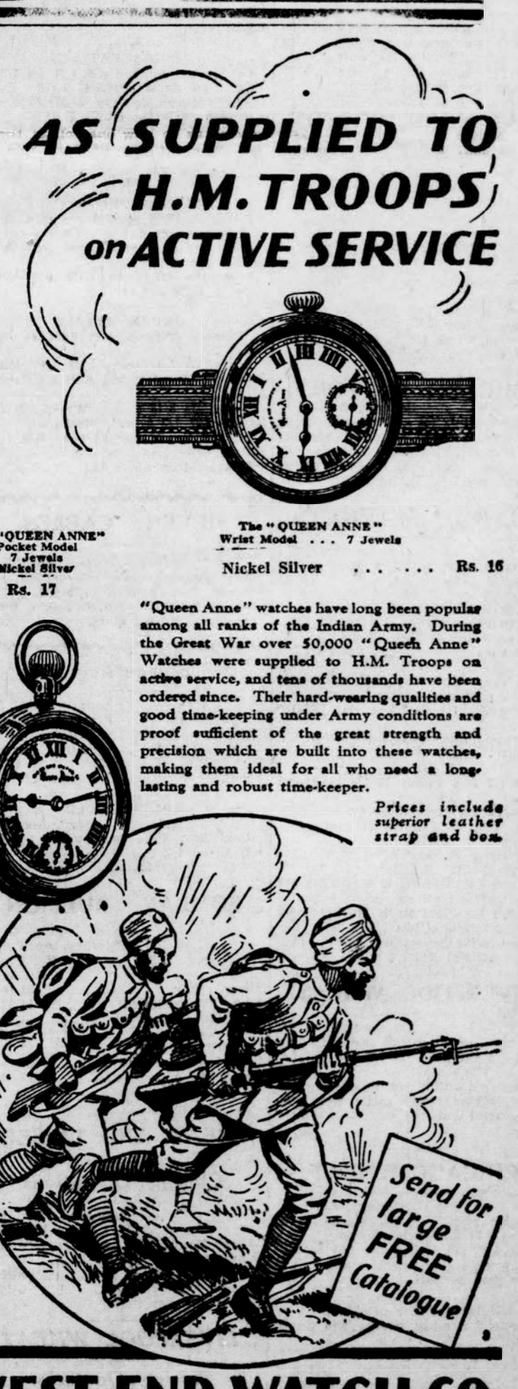
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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 21 POINTS DOWN

Silver Steadier & Wheat Better

BOMBAY, April 9

On Friday cross rates registered quick fluctuations.

NEW YORK COTTON EASY

New York cotton was easy at first but prices improved later.

VIOLENT FLUCTUATIONS IN GOLD

London gold fluctuated violently. Silver was a shade higher.

WHEAT FIRM

Wheat was firm at Chicago but easy at Liverpool.

SHARP RALLY IN WALL STREET

The London Stock Exchange showed an easier tendency with hardly any important enquiry. Giltedged securities remained very quiet. Wall Street rallied sharply after early weakness.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MAY 1937

New York, April 9

Previous closing	14.20
To-day's opening	14.06
Difference	—14
To-day's closing	13.99
Difference	—21

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MAY 1937

Liverpool, April 9

Previous closing	7.72
To-day's opening	7.72
Difference	nil
To-day's closing	7.65
Difference	—.07

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May ..... Rs. 244-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, April 9

Cotton eased on general liquidation following, uncertainty with regard to the gold clause while unsettled foreign political situation brought further selling pressure.

Trading in May commenced at 14.06 i.e. 14 points lower than previous closing. Prices declined on lower Liverpool cables and general liquidation and local and foreign selling but at the lower level some resistance was offered with prices maintaining a better tone.

New York cotton finally closed at 13.99 with a decline of 21 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 9

The following were the opening ranges:—

May (14.20/14.18) 14.06/14.06
July (14.06/14.04) 13.95/13.94
October (13.54/13.52) 13.45/13.42

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 9

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American May (7.65) 7.68
American July (7.69) 7.72
Egyptian March (11.53) 11.68
Egyptian May (11.58) 11.73

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, April 9

Broach cotton for July-August delivery moved between Rs. 251-12 and Rs. 249-0 at night. The closing rate at 10 p.m. was Rs. 250-8. Broach April-May delivery was Rs. 5-4 lower.

LONDON MARKETS

London, April 9

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-2) 1-2
Indian Pekoe higher (1-2 3/4) 1-2 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-2 3/4) 1-2 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-4 1/2) 2-4 1/2

JUTE

New Crop April May (£21 5/8 sellers) £21 3/8 paid and buyers

Dunlop April (£23 1/4 sellers) £23 1/4 sellers.

Lightning April (£20 3/4 sellers) £20 3/4 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (12 3/16 value) 12 1/8 paid and sellers

Forward July September (12 5/16 paid and buyers) 12 3/8 paid and sellers

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay April May (£14 5/8 sellers) £14 1/2 sellers

Linseed Calcutta April May (£15 1/4 sellers) £15 1/4 sellers

Linseed La Plata April May (£13 5/8 sellers) £13 7/16 sellers

Groundnuts Coromandal April May (£15 3/4 sellers) £15 7/8 sellers

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 9

Liverpool wheat opened easy with May at 122 3/4 and July 121 1/2 and October 113 1/2. The market was easier following scattered selling and liquidation due to the lack of better cables from outside support but the undertone kept steady.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, April 9

Chicago wheat opened steady with July at 1.24 3/4. Prices advance on scattered commission house buying and covering with July further rising to 1.25 3/8 on good support.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association.)

Delivery May 1937

Bombay, April 9

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	8 5 3
Rates at 12-0 noon	8 5 9
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	8 5 6
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	8 5 9

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, April 9

Previous closing	4.89 19/32
To-day's opening	4.88 29/32
To-day's closing	4.89 5/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, April 9

Previous closing	4.89.32
To-day's opening	4.89.25
To-day's closing	4.89.81

FRANC RATE

London, April 9

Previous closing	107.37
To-day's opening	108.25
To-day's closing	108.93
Difference	plus 1.56

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 9

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.89.25 and then fell to 4.89.12 with a steadier tendency.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.89.81

Franc opened at 108.25 and then further weakened to 108.62 on the absence of support.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 108.93.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (8.074) 8.270
New York on Bombay (37.02) 36.99
London on Milan (93.00) 92.97
London on Shanghai (0.92 1/2) 0.92
London on Shanghai (1-2 19/32) 1-2 19/32
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent

4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent

6 months (11/16 to 11/16 per cent) 11/16 to 11/16 per cent.

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£274 3/4 buyers £275 1/4 sellers. Steady) £276 3/4 buyers £277 1/4 sellers. Steady.

Lead (£29 3/16 sellers. Weak) £27 3/8 buyers £27 1/2 sellers. Steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£70 to £72 1/2) £69 to £71

Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, April 9

The following cable information was received from London to night.

"India bought. Speculators sold. Business small. Market quiet."

LONDON SILVER

London, April 9

	Previous closing Prices.	To-day's Prices.
Spot	21d.	21 1/16d.
Forward	21 1/16d.	21 1/8d.

LONDON GOLD

London, April 9

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-1-11 1/2) £7-1-9 1/2

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, April 9

10-0 p.m

	Rs. a. p.
Silver ready	53 14 0
Silver 1st settlement	51 12 0
Silver 2nd settlement	54 4 0
Gold ready	34 10 0
Gold 1st settlement	34 10 0
Gold 2nd settlement	34 8 0
Sovereigns	22 4 0

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, April 9

	Rs. a. p.
Wheat May	6 4 3
Wheat September	6 3 3
Linseed May	8 6 3
Linseed September	8 11 0

The tone was firm.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, April 9

Liverpool wheat May closed at 123 7/8 as against the previous closing at 123 3/4.

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

Bombay, April 9

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted at Rs. 92-15 at 2 p.m. The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was Rs. 93-4-0.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

	Rs. a. p.
Opening	92 14 0
Highest	93 4 0
Lowest	92 14 0
Closing	93 4 0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, April 9

The 3 1/2 p. c. Indian Sterling Loan closed at £88 1/2 as against the previous closing at the same rate.

INDIAN LOANS

London, April 9

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Loan (£97 1/2) £97 1/2

3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£88 1/2) £88 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£111) £111

4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£113 1/2) £113 1/2

4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£106) £106

5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2

3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£102) £102

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£108 7/8) £109 3/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£76 3/4) £76 3/4

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£102) £102

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 5/8) £107 5/8

5 per cent Funding Loan (£110 3/4) £110 3/4

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£103) £103

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 5/8) £109 5/8.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 9

The general tone was dull and easier in the absence of fresh support. Kaffirs especially weakened. Copper shares however ruled steady.

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese Second Preference (17-9) 17-9

Marks and Spencer Ordinary (83-1 1/2) 83-1 1/2

Hydro Electric (£10 5/8) £10 1/2

Musical Industries (22-7 1/2) 22-4 1/2

Princhin Johnson (47-0) 46-6

Imperial Chemical (38-6) 38-1 1/2

Woolsworth Ordinary (76-10 1/2) 76-6

Realisation 1930 (£95 3/4) £95 1/2

Dunlop Rubber (35-6) 35-6

Unilever Ordinary (40-4 1/2) 40-9

Ford Motors (31-10 1/2) 31-3

Cables and Wireless (£7 3/8) £7 3/8

British American Tobacco (127-6) 127-6

Carreas A (£8 5/8) £8 5/8

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (152-6) 152-6

P and O S N Company Deferred (36-9) 36-9

Distillers (112-0) 110-6

Bredfords Dyers (£9 5/8) £9 5/8

British Celanese (£9) £9

J and P Coates Ordinary (49-6) 50-0

Courtaulds Ordinary (51-6) 51-6

Fine Cotton Spinners (12-3) 12-3

Vickers Limited Ordinary (31-6) 31-0

Inter Nickels (67-7 1/2) 66-10 1/2

Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (85-0) 87-6

Tata Iron and Steel (£105) £105

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (21-3) 21-3

Donaro Tea (55-0) 55-0

Empire of India (35-0) 34-6

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (46-6) 46-6

Gula Kelampong (60-0) 57-6

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (44-9) 44-9

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£10 1/2) £10 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (57-6) 57-6

Burma Corporation (20-10 1/2) 20-3

Rio Tintos (£25 1/2) £25 1/2

East Rand Proprietors (74-0) 70-7 1/2

Rand Mines (£8 1/4) £8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£14 1/8) £14 1/8

Gedule New (£9 3/4) £9 1/2

New Modders (£30) £30

Sub Nigel (£11 1/2) £11

Spring Mines Split Shares (36-3) 35-0

Union Corporation (£9 3/4) £9

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (£60) £59 3/8

Anglo Iranian (121-10 1/2) 120-0

Burma Oil (113-9) 110-7 1/2

Musical Eagle (23-9) 23-3

Shell Transport (113-9) 113-1 1/2

Royal Dutch (£46 3/4) £46 5/8

HUME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£57 1/2) £57 1/2

L and S Ordinary (£29 1/2) £29 1/2

L N E R Defd (£4 7/8) £4 7/8

Southern Paris 5 per cent (£22 1/2) £22 1/2

London Paris 5 per cent (£124 1/2) £123 3/4

London Transport 'C' Stock (£89 1/2) £89 1/2

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 9-4-37.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.009 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.9 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 74.0 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 85.8 degrees 2.1 (below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 72.2 degrees 2.4 (below normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 82 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. S

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 5 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 115 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 20 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 1

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 9-4-37

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 81.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.05 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.85 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

GOLD RUMOURS DENIED BY ROOSEVELT

Sharp Rally All Round After Early Depression

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, April 9

The Stock Exchange and commodities continued depressed till late afternoon, when President Roosevelt's denial was issued. Then Volteface occurred in all markets.

Kaffirs, which were earlier exceptionally depressed soared inactive after hours' market, oils and internationals following suit.

All commodities likewise improved after news while in the active foreign exchange market operators who aerlier were selling francs and sterling buying dollars made about turn hurrying to buy back and selling dollars

Early afternoon gold fell to sh 141 2d. but rallied on news to 12. 141 11d. Big business was reported on eastern selling. Generally speaking the city shows every sign of recovering from the depression caused by United States gold rumours.

Wall Street opened easy and then rallied briskly on President's denial.

TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC AGENCIES

Total Units Generated

Messrs. Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Limited, Agents for The Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd., The Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd., and The Tata Power Company, Limited, report that the total electrical (Board of Trade) units generated at the three Power Stations (Khopoli, Bhivpuri and Bhira) of the Hydro Group were as follows:—

14th Week (ended 8th April)

1935	10,950,000
1936	10,921,800
1937	12,767,900

Total for 14 Weeks (1st January to date)

1935	151,659,000
1936	151,536,000
1937	163,761,600

For the calendar month of March, the total units of energy generated at the three Stations amounted to 51,799,400 and the total units sold by the three Companies to 44,259,655 (an all-time monthly record), the percentage of sales to generation being 86.46 per cent.

INDIAN EDISON

Second Anniversary Of Late Dr. S. A. Bhise

(From A Correspondent.)

Second anniversary and unveiling of the portrait of late Dr. Shankar Abaji Bnise, B.Sc., Ph.D., the Indian Edison, was celebrated under the presidentship of Mr. R. R. Sabnis, in the C. K. P. Dnyanagriha, Dadar, on Wednesday last. Principal Khopkar dealt with Dr. Bhise's life and his mission and pointed out that he was not only successful in the mechanical line but equally successful in chemistry. His 'Atomidin' was a boon to the world. Out of about forty inventions, he took patents for more than half the number. But in later life he turned to philosophy. He saw the sufferings of human life and determined to divert all his energy to world peace and happiness of mankind. Some of his inventions would have destroyed thousands of men in a very short time, but he did not sell those inventions. After the Great War he was craving for the world peace and was firmly convinced that only one religion for the whole human race would solve this problem. He had chalked out plans of a temple in which all people without distinction of caste and creed could come together and pray.

His aim in life was not to mass wealth but to work for the relief of the human sufferings. He was really a Yogi and many people thronged round him to consult on various subjects.

The President depicted the early life of Dr. Bhise and said that it was due to the encouragement of Sir Raghunathrao Sabnis that he could go to a foreign country like America, where due to his brilliant intellect he was styled as Indian Edison. His life was really a guide to the younger as well as old generations. It is the duty of every Indian to keep alive his memory by celebrating his anniversaries throughout the length and breadth of the country.

Raja Bahadur Moni Lall Singh Roy, Chairman of the District Board of Burdwan, opened on Monday evening the Rajpur-Nandi Hari Dasi Charitable Dispensary at Nandi. The dispensary is the gift of Mr. Sudha Krishna Nayak in memory of his late wife.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Consolidated statement of the position of the Banks scheduled to the Reserve Bank of India Act, as at the close of business on Friday, the 2nd April 1937.

(i) Demand Liabilities—	
(a) In India	129,97,39,000
(b) In Burma	5,65,68,000
(ii) Time Liabilities—	
(a) In India	99,04,30,000
(b) In Burma	5,14,73,000
(iii) Cash—	
(1) Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank notes—	
(a) In India	4,95,50,000
(b) In Burma	15,66,000
(2) Burma notes—	
(a) In India	—
(b) In Burma	5,02,000
(3) Rupee Coin—	
(a) In India	48,18,000
(b) In Burma	1,03,000
(4) Subsidiary Coin—	
(a) In India	19,60,000
(b) In Burma	78,000
(iv) Balance with the Reserve Bank	22,72,73,000
(v) Advances—	
(a) In India	113,60,02,000
(b) In Burma	7,26,57,000
(vi) Bills discounted—	
(a) In India	7,97,04,000
(b) In Burma	43,74,000

Published under Section 43 of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

NEW INSURANCE BILL

(Continued from page 6)

commission may also be reviewed here in passing. As the law stands, an agent has no right to get the renewal commission on the policies introduced by him in a company after the agency ceases (F. K Basu v. Phoenix Assurance Co., Ltd.) if there is no clause to the contrary in the agency contract. An agent must, therefore, try to get a clause about the non-forfeiture of the renewals inserted in his contract with the company. Apart from the right to renewals under such a clause, an agent will also have an equity to earn the renewal commission if he continues to render the necessary services to his old policy-holders, even after leaving a company. But the companies being strongly entrenched and the agents, at present, unorganised, may refuse this equity to them. I therefore suggest that a clause be inserted in the Bill which would entitle the agent to get his renewals after the termination of the agency, provided he acts in the interests of the *old* policy-holders. This will not only protect the interests of the *bona fide* agent but also of the policy-holder.

Make Out A Case For Protection

One also notices a marked absence of any provision in the Bill, regarding protection to indigenous concerns. Of course, clauses relating to deposits, etc., will now apply equally to the foreign companies and the Governor-General in Council is also authorised to impose reciprocal disabilities on non-Indian companies, but they, practically, give little or no advantage to the Indian insurers.

The Law Member has turned down this plea in no uncertain terms. While speaking on the motion to refer the Bill to the Select Committee he, after forcefully denying the charge of 'dumping' and 'unfair competition', concluded his speech as follows:—

"Sir, I know there are some who will not be satisfied unless all non-Indian Companies are prevented from doing insurance business in India on any terms or under any conditions. But except these, I hope, others will agree that neither Indian interest from the broad point of view nor the interest of the policy-holders—be they Indian or non-Indian—have been overlooked in drafting this Bill."

It is, therefore up to the Indian Companies' Associations and our leading insurance men to take up this challenge and prove the necessity of protection to indigenous companies by quoting facts and figures and by showing what is being done, in this matter, by the Governments of the other countries of the world.

I shall now conclude. In this fourth and last article, I have pointed out what the Bill does not provide for, but which ought to find a place therein, in the interests of the policy-holders, the agents and the Indian Companies. It is practically after a period of 25 years that changes of a far-reaching nature are being made in the present law and another opportunity to revise the same may not come in the near future. It is, therefore, hoped that the members of the Central Legislature will properly weigh the Indian point of view, in all its bearings, before giving a final verdict on each and every clause of this very important Bill.

Prince and Princess Ali Khan, the Prince of Berar and the Maharaja of Udaipur and many other distinguished guests attended a cocktail party given by the Raja Dhanrajgirji at his residence, Dhanraj Mahal, on Thursday evening, at which over 200 people were present.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombay, April 9

P and O ss Kaiser-i-Hind of 6013 reg tons, Captain L J Edwards arrived from Marseilles via Portsaid and Aden with passengers and general cargo.

Turner Morrison ss Nawab of 3424 reg tons, Captain W N Dyett arrived from Moulmein via Rangoon, Colombo and Marmagoa with rice, timber and general cargo.

Lloyd Triestino ss Caboto of 3145 reg tons, Captain L Mancusi arrived from Trieste via Venice, Fumie, Brindisi, Portsaid, Suez, Massowa and Aden with passengers and general cargo.

B I S N ss Durenda of 4450 reg tons, Captain A A Parker arrived from Karachi via Cutch Mandvi, Bedi Bunder, Navlakhi and Bhavnagar with general cargo.

Graham's Trading ss Innesmoor of 2649 reg tons, Captain J O Roberts arrived from Manchester via Portsaid and Aden in water ballast.

DEPARTURES

Lionel Edwards ss Rinda of 3821 reg tons, Captain J Evandt sailed for Madras, Calcutta and Rangoon with passengers and same bottom cargo.

Lloyd Triestino ss Aussa of 3426 reg tons, Captain M Scaret sailed for Genoa via Aden with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 9-4-1937.

S S Buyo Maru (O S K) for China, Japan Ports via Penang and Singapore.

Vessels In Docks

Bombay, April 9

ALEXANDRA DOCK

1 Rinda 3821 Calcutta 9-4 L Edwards
2 Caboto 3147 Karachi 10-4 L Triestino
8 Aussa 3426 Genoa 9-4 L T
9 Kaiser-i-Hind 6014 U Kingdom 1-5 M M
10 Silverelm 2637 Koleshell 9-4 Volkart Bros
12 City of Barcelona 3524 Karachi N F, K Nixon
13 H T Neuralia 5624 Southampton 12-4 P Sea T Officer.
14 Karanja 4646 Durban 14-4 M M
16 Anyo Maru 5739 Yokohama 10-4 N Y Kaisha
17 Naples Maru 4225 Kobe 14-4 O S K

VICTORIA DOCK

3 Vita 1955 Karachi 10-4 M M
9 Janaki 530 Karachi 9-4 M S
10-11 Taijin Maru 3654 Karachi 12-4 O S Kaisha

PRINCES DOCK

B Gazana 3191 Rangoon 10-4 M M
C/R Nawab 3424 Calcutta 14-4 T Morrison.
D/E Alavi 2161 Jeddah 10-4 T Morrison
K Sonavati 944 N F, N F, B S N

FROM LONDON

Rawalpindi 15-4-47 P & O
Strathmore 22-4-37 P and O
Corfu 29-4-37 P and O
Chitral 6-5-37 P and O

FROM LIVERPOOL

Clan Mcbryne 12-4-37 James Finlay.
Clan Macinnes 13-4-37 J Finlay
City of Hongkong 17-4-37 K N

FROM HAMBURG

Wolfshurg 18-4 L Edwards
Nijkerk 22-4 L Edwards
Trenenfels 29-4 L Edwards
Lindenfels 12-4-37 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Pres Adams 17-4-37 F F Campbell
City of Rangoon 22-4-37 F F Campbell
Tampa 10-4-37 L Edward
City of Norwich 15-4-37 F F Campbell
Atlanta City 20-4-37 M M

FROM OSLO

Tungsha 23-4 L Edwards

FROM TRIESTE

Volpi 15-4-37 L Triestino
Conte Verde 20-4 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Toyama Maru 15-4-37 N Y K
Celebes Maru 23-4-37 O S K
Ranchi 16-4-37 P and O
Alipore 20-4-37 P and O
Victoria 15-4-37 L Triestino
Jaypore 12-4-37 P and O
Fukuyo Maru 26-4 O S K
Yoshida Maru No. 1 18-4 N Y K
Tango Maru 30-4 N Y K

FROM SYDNEY

Strathnaver 10-4 P and O
Comorin 24-4 P and O

FROM BASRA

Varela 10-4 M M and Co.
Bamora 22-4 M M and Co
Bandra 15-4-37 M M
Vasna 17-4 M M

FROM DURBAN

Takliwa 17-4-37 M M

FROM KARACHI

Trautenfels 12-4 L Edwards
Vita 15-4-37 M M

FROM BASSEIN

Jalarajan 14-4-37 S S N
Jalaratna 14-4-37 S S N
Jaladuta 17-4-37 S S N

FROM RANGOON

Gambhira 10-4-37 M M
Garbeta 12-4 M M and Co.
Cranfield 13-4-37 M M
Golpara 15-4 M M
Naringa 21-4-37 M M

FROM CALCUTTA

Gurna 19-4 M M

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON

Strathnaver 10-4-37 P &O
Durenda 14-4 M M
Ranchi 17-4-37 P & O
Strathmore 24-3-37 P &O
Comorin 24-3-37 P & O

FOR LIVERPOOL

California 8-4-37 Grahams Trdg.
City of Venice 19-4-37 Killick

FOR HAMBURG

Trentenfels 22-4-37 L Edwards

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Verde 22-4 L Triestino
Conte Rosso 27-4-37 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Victoria 15-4-37 L Triestino.

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Harrison 30-4-337 F F Campbell
City of Norwich 17-4 F F Campbell
City of Rangoon 24-4 F F Campbell
Silveray 15-4-37 Vol Bros
Pres Adams 18-4-37 F F Campbell

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Anyo Maru 10-4-37 N Y K
Rawalpindi 15-4-37 P and O
Toyama Maru 18-4-37 N Y K
Naples Maru 12-4-37 H and K
Taijin Maru 23-4-37 O S K
Borneo Maru 10-4-37 O S K

FOR BASRA

Baroda 14-4-37 M M
Varela 15-4-37 M M

FOR DURBAN

Takliwa 28-4-37 M M
Karanja 14-4-37 M M

FOR RANGOON

Gazana 10-4 M M

FOR JEDDAH

Alavi 10-4 T Morrison

FOR CALCUTTA

Nawab 14-4 T Morrison

FOR KARACHI

Vita 10-4-37 M M
Lindenfels 15-4-37 L Edwards
Wolfsburg 23-4-37 L Edwards
Toyama Maru 24-4-37 N Y K
Yoshida Maru No. 1 21-4-37 N Y K

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Janaki 8-4-37
S S Bhadravati 8-4-37
S S Dayawati 8-4-37
S S Vita 9-4-37

EXPORTS

S S Strathnaver for London: 13 bdls lamb skin with fur Haji A Aminoff; 73 cases Jubbulpore bristles B P and Hayley; 18 cases bristles D Abraham.

S S Nawab for Pondicherry: 200 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 600 bales cotton raw Gill

S S Duranda for Hull: 27 drums castor oil Gujarat Oil Mill and Mfg; 77 bags castor seeds Trading Co; 1634 bdls teakwood scantling S D D Gilder; 2400 bags cotton seed K Devchand; 495 bags dill seed S M Rajgor.

For Ghent: 279 bales cotton raw N Rajaram; 110 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha; 165 bales cotton raw K M Nathoo.

For Havre: 38 bags gum karaya N Mulji.

For Antwerp: 1900 tons mangan se ore S Syndicate; 140 bales cotton raw N Rajaram; 1310 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 330 bales cotton raw K M Nathoo; 43 bales cotton raw V Ladha.

S S Innismoor for Liverpool: 15 woollen rugs C Nanalal; 20 bales wool raw H A Mahomed; 5925 bags linseed Oil Seeds Trading; 1920 bags groundnut oil cake A Oomerbhoy; 39 drums castor oil W Latham; 27 drums castor oil A Hargovindas; 1360 bags g nut oil cake Continental Oil Cake Export; 175 bales cotton twist waste L Oghaddas Vora; 50 bales raw wool Meyer Nissim.

For Manchester: 100 bales cotton waste clean B Karsondas; 151 drums castor oil W Latham; 70 bales cotton raw B Karsondas.

S S City of Barcelona for Manchester: 100 bales cotton fly V P Maskai; 50 bales cotton waste oily M Chandulal 10 bales cotton rags cutting M Chandulal; 140 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha; 150 bales cotton raw Jakhsia; 150 bales cotton raw B Karsondas; 25 bales cotton raw A H Diab.

S S Aussa for Venice: 110 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

For Trieste: 110 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 165 bales cotton raw K M Nathoo.

S S Auyo Maru for Kobe: 200 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros; 300 bales cotton raw S Karamshi; 200 bales cotton raw G Dossa; 200 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha; 100 bales cotton raw A Clayton.

For Hongkong: 36 bags gum olibanum A Abdulla.

For Osaka: 100 bales cotton raw A Clayton.

For Yokkaichi: 100 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

S S Taijin Maru for Yokohama: 268 bundles tin clippings Burmah Shell Oil.

For Nagoya: 220 tons scrap iron Faiz.

For Osaka: 110 tons scrap iron Faiz.

S S Tampa for New York: 4300 bags myrabollams J Moolchand.

S S Kaiser-i-Hind for London: 10 bales cowhides tanned A Gulamhussein.

S S Naples Maru for Osaka: 100 bales cotton raw K Devchand.

For Kobe: 200 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading; 500 bales cotton raw S Karamshi; 300 bales cotton raw Langley; 229 bales cotton raw N Fatehally; 213 bales cotton raw B Gangadhar; 100 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

IMPORTS

S S Talamba, Agents M Mackenzie & Co from Calcutta: 25756 pieces fire bricks; 4728 bags rice; 819 bags betelnuts; 151 bags paddy; 3682 tons steam coal; 20 bags twine; 45 bags I twills greys; 497 bags d w flour (sacking g bags); 55 bags plained d w flour (sacking g bags); 26 cases lead bullets; 105 bales b twills g bags; 6 bales d w jute canvas; 1040 bales hess cloth; 187 bales gurmias (sacking); 11 dn rectified spirit; 156 coils yellow rope; 1802 chests tea; 50 tins earth oil; 1000 bags sugar; 37 bags corn sugar; 80 kegs white zinc plates; 250 bags potatoes; 15 cases camphor powder; 67 bags boiler cement; 18 cases kabirji medicine; 49 cases gramophone goods; 8 bundles card boards; 309 drums mawoa oil; 420 kegs red lead dry; 28 packages aniline dyes dry; 22 cases wire nail; 18 cases brass locks; 15 cases cigarettes; 45 bundles cane; 16 crates porcelain cane; 1618 bundles mild steel bars; 895 kegs paint; 6153 bundles m s rounds; 10 cases slate pencils; 20 cases m o p buttons; 75 cases n oats; 16 bundles surgical dressing; 530 kegs stiff paint; 386 drums mixed paint; 47 kegs best dark roof paint; 94 kegs red oxide iron paint; 50 bags steel rivets; 14 cases printed books; 15 cases umbrella fittings; 15 cases rubber shoes; 25 drums light creosote oil; 70 kegs best dark green paint; 18 cases soar and toilet preparation; 46 cases biscuits; 37 rolls gell i wire netting; 26 cases hardware; 291 bundles cast iron pans; 3765 pieces cast iron pipes; 300 said to be cut pieces, pipes; 17 cases w apparel; 40 bags umbar (dry colour); 31 cases playing cards; 14 cases stationary; 124 bales straw boards; 18 cases enamelware; 350 pieces pig lead; 55 bundles lead scrips; 20 cases sewing needles; 64 cases printed tinned sheets; 3825 (said to be pieces) cast iron fittings.

DON BOSCO SCHOOL SPORT.

(From A Correspondent)

The annual athletic sports of the Don Bosco High School at Tardeo, Bombay, were held at the Cooperage on Thursday afternoon. The Hon'ble Mr. Justice K. W. Barke presided. There was no less than 25 items on the programme all of which were well contested. The Senior Championship Cup went to J. Rodricks, while Marcelino D'Souza was the Juniors' champion. The proprietor of the Majestic Hotel supplied the refreshments.

Cotton Prices Improve On Replacement Demand

NEW CROP PREPARATIONS BACKWARD

Need Of International Agreement to Deal With Surplus Gold

Bombay, April 9.

On Thursday the New York Cotton futures market was fairly steady on replacement demand. It is generally believed that the U. S. Government will do nothing seriously to interfere with business recovery. Crop preparations are reported backward and it is generally believed that to deal with the surplus gold, there should be international agreement. The recent liquidation has improved the technical situation and while we do not look for any decided improvement, it will be advisable to await further developments. Less apprehension over a change in the gold policy was in evidence on the market which recovered substantially despite the weakness of the franc and feeling of uneasiness in connection with the U. S. Governments attitude on commodities generally.

The market opened very steady and was steady and then turned feverish. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and Wall Street, Liverpool and replacement buying but thereafter reacted sharply on renewed liquidation on a setback in the stock market. The undertone later was nervous but prices rallied partially in sympathy with the stock market. Finall short covering and trade buying appeared.

At the opening May was quoted 11 points up at 14.18 and soon advanced to 14.25 which was the highest level for the day. Later on there was long liquidation and prices declined to 14.05 which was the lowest level. Thereafter prices again rallied and the market closed at a net rise of 13 to 22 points. Spot Cotton prices advanced 13 points at 14.80c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was fairly steady on improved buying and closed at a rise of 15 to 16 points. Spot Cotton prices advanced 15 points at 14.45c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool Cotton futures opened at a decline of 5 points with May 7.64. Uncertainties in connection with United States gold parity policy unsettled sentiment but had not weight in selling apart from some stop orders. Bombay and straddle buying and autside replacement buying on local speculative support. The market closed at a rise of 7 to 6 points. Middling American Spot Cotton prices declined 3 points at 7.84d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian Cotton futures market was fairly active on improved buying Sakels futures closed 15 points but Spot Cotton prices declined 27 points. Uppers futures advanced 6 to 4 points with Spot Cotton 9 points down at 9.41d.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria Cotton futures market was easy on increased selling. Sakels futures declined 23 to 31 points and Ashmouni futures closed 25 to 31 points down.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. May Highest (10-22 a.m.)	14.25 plus 18
N. Y. May Lowest (11-28 a.m.)	14.05 —02
Liverpool May Highest	7.77 plus 08
Liverpool May Liwest	7.62 —07

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:

Liverpool. Think gold scare is discounted. Think confidence is returning. Prefer buying to selling.

Liverpool. Think present prices safe even if the market should go temporarily lower.

Liverpool. Rumours change in Washington monetary policy responsible for ware of liquidation. Think unfounded. Although sentiment may depress further prefer long side.

Liverpool.—Considerable new buying at decline but uneasiness likely to continue until Roosevelt announces next step regarding United States monetary policy. Financial press considers international agreement essential to cal effectively with surplus gold problem.

New York.—Market declined in sympathy with all markets Expect traders market for time being However would buy on any declines Cotton goods market—yarn market quiet and steady.

New York.—Think market has discounted adverse conditions. Think liquidation is completed. Statistical position more favourable. Domestic consumption growing larger. Prefer buying July.

New York.—Improve with outside markets on replacement demand.

New York.—While uncertainty persists, expect Washington will do nothing seriously to interfere with business recovery. Reported crop preparation backward. Expect higher prices moderately.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable:—

Their Liverpool Agents cabled:

Would buy on further decline. Responsible opinion treats U.S.A gold rumour with contempt

Messrs. M. and B. Stern have received the following cable from their Head Office:—

Cotton.—"Continued liquidation but we now have a favourable opinion of the market and would buy."

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, April 8.

May	14.20 plus 13
July	14.06 plus 15
October	13.55 plus 18
December	13.48 plus 22
January	13.47 plus 15
March	13.53 plus 17
Middling Spot	14.80 plus 13

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, April 8.

May	14.10 plus 15
July	14.00 plus 15
October	13.52 plus 16
Middling Spot	4.45 plus 15
11-00 a.m. Ranges.—	
May	14.18/14.18
July	14.07/14.07
October	13.58/13.57
Noon Call—	
May	14.07
July	13.95
October	13.43

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, April 8.

	bales.
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	10,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	Nil.
Day's Exports to the Continent	8,000
Day's Exports to China and Japan	14,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, April 8.

April	7.71 plus 07
May	7.72 plus 07
June	7.74 plus 07
July	7.76 plus 07
August	7.70 plus 06
September	7.65 plus 06
October	7.60 plus 06
November	7.53 plus 06
December	7.54 plus 06
January	7.54 plus 06
February	7.53 plus 06
March	7.53 plus 06
Middling Spot	7.84 —03
10-12 a.m. quotations.—	
May	7.60
July	7.64

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, April 8.

F.G.F. SAKELLARIDIS	
April	11.65
May	11.70
July	11.75
September	12.10
F.G.F. Spot	12.18

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, April 8.

BROACH—	
Fully Good (good staple)	6.23
Fine (good staple)	6.38
Superfine (good staple	6.53
OOMRA—	
Fine (No 1 staple)	6.13
Superfine (No 1 staple)	6.28
Choice (No 1 staple)	6.43
Bengal—	
Good	5.51
Fully Good	5.25
Fine	5.37

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 9.

Following a rise of 13 points in New York Cotton futures, the local market opened at Rs. 252 for Broach J/A. delivery but declined to Rs. 251/6 on scattered selling. Later on there was some covering and prices rallied to Rs. 252/4. The tone of the market was fairly steady but we do not look for any important improvement in prices.

Liverpool market opened unchanged and the local market was quiet but steady at Rs. 252/4. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Broach A/M	247	4	0
Broach J/A	252	4	0
Oomra	234	8	0
Oomra July	236	8	0
Bengal May	201	12	0
Bengal July	203	8	0

Cotton Tenders

Bombay, April 9

	To-day	Total
Broach A/M	650	2,300

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, April 9

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M*G—					
Bengal U P	207	204	201	198	
Punjab	207	204	201	198	
Oomra No. 3	242	239	236	233	...
C P No. 1	255	252	249	246	...
C P No. 2	246	243	240	237	...
Broach No. 2	252	250	247	244	
Punjab-Ame	260	258	255	252	
Surat	317	315	312	309	
Rajpipla	312	310	307	304	
Navsari	327	325	322	319	

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, April 9

Bengal Superfine	208/09
Bengal Fine	203/05
C P 1	241/42
C P 2	2332/34
Arvi	232/34
Ellichpur	232/34
Berar	229/32
Khamgaon	229/32
Mulkapur 9	224/27
Khandesh	219/22
Jalna/Sailu	219/22
Burwah Sanavad	227/32
Mathia	204/09
Broach Fine	252/55
Punjab/American	247/57
Sind N T	322/27
Punjab 289F	337/42
Jagadia Ankleshwar	307/11
Kim-Kosamba	312/15
Surat	319/22
Navsari	329/32
Kampala	442/43

Indian Cotton Figures

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Bombay, April 9 Since 1st Sept

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday.	This year
Khandesh	2,019	201,587
Central India	1,629	312,432
Barsi and Nagar	151	157,771
Hyderabad Gaorani	836	88,452
Berar	435	521,417
Central Provinces	285	167,159
Total Oomras	5,255	1,388,868
Dholera	488	68,774
N W Provinces	50	8,27
Rajputana	1,053	72,743
Sind Punjab	930	290,959
Broach	4,586	237,289
Coompta and Dharwar	2,196	19,638
Westerns Northerns	258	22,300
Cocoanada	...	124
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	100	4,177
Persian	...	10
American	...	6,901
Egyptian and African	5,527	233,256
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		
Total	20,543	2,353,808

Export From Bombay

1st Sept to 1st April

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday.	This year.
Europe	8,560	307,326
Japan and China	1,600	957,410
Coast Ports	865	14,506
Up-country by Rail	...	173,038
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	67,714
Total	11,025	1,519,984

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 7th April	19.393
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	?.333.265
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	2,009,039
Increase	324,225

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York—Liverpool:—

May 153 July 175 October 194 at Cross Rate 4.89 19/32.

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach A/M. 1937 247—Liverpool May 7.71 Rs. 88 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach J/A. 1937 252—Liverpool July 7.75 Rs. 85 1/2 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach A/M. 1937 247—New York May 14.20 Rs. 76 at Cross Rate 4.89 19/32.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach J/A. 1937 252—New York July 14.06 Rs. 67 1/4 at Cross Rate 4 89 19/32.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, April 8.

Broach A/M. 1937 Op. 245; Highest 246 1/4; Lowest 244 1/2; Closing 246

Broach July/Aug. Op. 249 3/4; Highest 251 1/4; Lowest 249 1/2; Closing 251

Oomra May Op. 233; Highest 233 1/4; Lowest 232 1/4; Closing 233 1/4

Oomra July Op. 234; Highest 234 3/4; Lowest 234; Closing 234 3/4.

Bengal May Op. 199 1/4, Highest 200 1/2; Lowest 199 1/4; Closing 200 1/2.

Bengal July Op. 202; Highest 202 1/2; Lowest 201; Closing 202 1/2.

T/Mandi for Broach July/August (21-4-37) Rs. 6 1/2

T/Mandi for Broach July/August (30-6-37) Rs. 19.

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, April 9.

June	81.40 plus 50
July	82.20 plus 60

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, April 9.

Yesterday London gold prices advanced 2 1/2d. to £7-1-11 1/2. London-Paris Exchange rate advanced 14 points at 107.37 Dollar-Sterling cross rate was quoted 4 89 19/32. London silver prices declined 1/8d to 21d. India bought at the decline. Speculators sold the market was quiet. There were buyers at 1/16 to 1/8th over fixed rates. New York silver prices declined 1/8 New 45 7/8 cents and Montreal futures were 45 to 75 points down. The local market was fairly steady with a moderate turnover.

GOLD.—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready	34	13	0
Chaitra	34	13	0
Vaishakh	34	13	9
Ready	34	8	0
Chaitra	52	4	0
Vaishakh	54	13	0

Montreal Silver

Montreal, April 8.

April	46.35—45
May	46.13—57
July	46.00—75

N. Y. Silver

New York, April 8.

Spot silver prices were reduced 1/8 cent to 45 7/8 cents.

LONDON SILVER

London, April 8.

Spot	21
Forward	21 1/16

LONDON GOLD

London, April 8.

Gold Bars Fine per oz.	£7-1-11 1/2

METAL PRODUCTION INCREASING

Bombay, April 9.

Messrs. M. and B. Stern have received the following cable late last night after the closing of the market.

"Metals Expect somewhat erratic markets and with production rapidly increasing. We prefer to look on"

LONDON METALS

London, April 8.

Copper	£65 5 0
Spelter	£28 10 0
Lead	£27 0 0
Tin	£272 0 0

LINSEED & WHEATS

Bombay, April 9

The local market was fairly steady today with a moderate turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Foreign markets also displayed steady tone. The statistical position is likely to influence prices.

Linseed May	8 5 6
Linseed September	8 10 6
Wheat May	6 3 9
Wheat September	6 3 0

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, April 8

April £15-12-6

Groundnut And Seeds

Bombay, April 9

Groundnuts May—			
Opening	43	11	0
Highest	44	0	0
Lowest	43	11	0
Closing	43	14	6
Groundnut August—			
Opening	45	6	6
Highest	45	10	0
Lowest	45	6	6
Closing	45	9	0
Castorseeds May—			
Opening	37	0	0
Highest	37	3	0
Lowest	36	15	9
Closing	37	1	6
Castorseeds September—			
Opening	39	3	0
Highest	39	3	6
Lowest	38	15	6
Closing	39	1	6
Cottonseeds May—			
Opening	21	7	0
Highest	21	8	0
Lowest	21	5	6
Closing	21	6	3
Cottonseeds September—			
Opening	22	10	0
Highest	22	11	0
Lowest	22	9	6
Closing	22	10	0

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, April 8

May 123 3/4d.
July 122 5/8d.
October 114 1/4d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, April 8

May dol 1.38 3/4
July dol 1.25 1/4
September dol 1.21 3/8

New York Sugar

New York, April 8

July 2.49 —1
September 2.49 —1
December 2.51 unchanged
January 2.46 plus 1

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, April 9

Ready Javas Rs. 13-10-0
Shipment April June Rs. 4-15-6
Shipment July September Rs. 4-15-0
Shipment October December Rs. 4-15-6
Kesar Rs. 11-4-0
Saraya Rs. 10-13-0
Java Spot F 5.65

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, April 9.

April	275.80 plus 30
June	272.50 —10
July	271.30 plus 90
August	268.80
October	267.10 plus 10

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, April 9.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	99/5
3 per cent 1951/54	101/4
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	102/12
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	93
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	105/1
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	106/10
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	110/10
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	117
3 per cent U P Bonds	97
5 per cent 1939/44	105/8
5 per cent 1940/43	108/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	104/14
TAX FREES	
5 per cent 1945/55	118/13
4 per cent 1953 63 Loan	111
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	104/12
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	124
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T 1974	106/4
4 per cent M Deb 1974	106
5 per cent M Deb 1959	117
5 per cent 1954	129
6 per cent K P T 1956	129
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937	101/8

Tone:—Steady with a slightly better enquiry.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, April 9.

B C. RATES—	
T T D	1/6 1/16
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 mos.	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK	
B C Rate T T	273 5/8
Banks selling T T	271 5/8
Banks buying T T	269 1/2
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	805
Banks buying T T	820
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T (1/8 lower from May)	77 1/2
Banks buying T T	77
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	67 1/8
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	66 7/8
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	83 3/8
SHANGHAI	
Banks selling D D	81 1/2
BERLIN—	
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	90 3/4
Banks selling D D	156 1/4
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 8th instant	4.89 1/2
Japan/London— 9th instant	1/2 1/32
Java/London— 9th instant	8.92
Hongkong/London— 9th instant	1/3
Shanghai/London— 9th instant	1/2 19/32
London/Paris 8th instant	107.37
London/Belgium 8th instant	29.06 1/2
London/Switzerland 8th instant	21.52 1/2
London/Berlin 8th instant	12.18
London/Stockholm 8th instant	19.39 1/2
London/New York 8th instant	4.89.32
London/Amsterdam 8th instant	8.94 1/4
London/Italy 8th instant	93.05
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Firm.	
Gold 7th instant	£7-1-9
8th instant	£7-1-11 1/2
Silver London Ready 7th instant	21 1/8
8th instant	21
Silver London Forward 7th instant	21 3/16
8th instant	21 1/16
Silver New York Ready 7th instant	45
8th instant	45
London Discounts 3 months 7th instant	9/16 p.c.
8th instant	9/16 p.c.
London Discounts 6 months 7th instant	11/16 p.c.
8th instant	11/16 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money:—	
Call	1 p.c.
3 Months	1 1/4 p.c.
6 Months	1 1/4 p.c.
Tone:—Steady.	

Indian Sterling Loans

London, April 8.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	76 1/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	102 1/4
4 per cent 1948/53	106
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	111
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	113 1/2
5 per cent 1942/47	112 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	97 1/2
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	76 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	102
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	103

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES

London, April 8.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£69
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£76 1/4
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£88 1/2
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£111
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£76 3/4
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£102
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£103
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£110 3/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£109 5/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	£15 1/2
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg.	£117
National Bank of India	£40 3/4
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/2

LONDON DISCOUNT RATE

London, April 8.

London Discount Rate was unchanged.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 8.

T. T. London on.—	
New York	4.89.32
Paris	107.37
Berlin	12.18
Madrid	78.50
Amsterdam	8.94 5/16
Brussels	29.06 1/2
Milan	93.05
Berne	21.52 1/2
Prague	140.25

Professional Operators Bid Up Steels

COTTON MILL SHARES STEADY

Sensitive And Unsettled Feeling

BOMBAY: April 9.

Under Professional support the local Market ruled very steady to-day. It is believed that there will not be any important change in the U. S. Monetary Policy.

This belief seems without any foundation. There is too much surplus stock of Gold, and, if Washington Administration refuses to absorb, naturally, it will have considerable effect. The general feeling was sensitive and unsettled.

To-day's improvement in Tata Steel shares was mainly due to improved technical situation as a result of recent liquidation. The improvement may be carried further, but we do not think it safe to follow it and prefer to liquidate holdings on all strong markets.

The Market is still manipulated and there are persistent rumours of huge budlee differences paid to accommodate large budlee business.

Brokers have adopted cautious attitude and in the absence of outside business we believe the market will be restored to normal conditions. The big drop in Indian Iron shares is suggestive and was mainly due to excessive enthusiasm.

Our market is now used to wide fluctuations and while we do not look for any trouble, certainly recent happenings in world markets will force local Operators to remain within bounds.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened to-day at Rs. 1,800 and after declining to Rs. 1,780 advanced to Rs. 1,865, which was the highest level reached at the close. Ordinary shares also rallied to Rs. 367.

Cotton Mill shares also ruled steady in sympathy with firmness in Steel shares.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, April 9.

	Rs.	as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 8)	320	0
250 BOM. DYEING (Rs. 25)	1,015	0
100 CENTURY	234	6
100 CEN. INDIA (Rs. 4)	330	0
100 COLABA (nil)	156	4
100 Coorla	107	8
250 David	75	0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	375	0
I. E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0 11	0
100 Finlay (Rs. 2-8)	152	8
100 GOKAK (Rs. 2-8)	235	0
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1,725	0
100 Indore	55	0
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	105	0
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 8)	336	4
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	665	0
250 Madras United	11	0
1,000 Morarji (nil)	1,100	0
250 Model	71	14
50 MYSORE (Rs. 3)	118	12
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	261	4
100 Oosmanshahi (Rs. 1)	55	8
100 Phoenix (10)	412	8
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs. 8)	77	8
1,000 Sholapur (Rs. 50)	2,600	0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 1-2)	108	12
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 4)	278	12
100 Swan (nil)	110	0
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1440	0
100 Western	805	0
BANKS.		
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	110	0
25-50 Central (As. 12)	34	0
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1.515	0
125-500 I. Conty (Rs. 7-8)	374	6
50-100 India (Rs 2-8)	131	4
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-8)	130	0
5 Union (As 4)	5-10	6
CEMENTS		
100 Associated	182	0
10 BUNDI (As. 10)	45	4
100 Coimbatore (Rs. 10)	221	4
70 Gwalior (Rs 4)	155	0
160 INDIAN (Rs. 24)	593	12
40 Katni Def. (Rs. 83-8-9)	2,600	0
100 KATNI ORD. (Rs. 10)	433	12
75 Okha (Rs. 7)	345	0
10 PUNJAB (As 12)	33	4
100 SHAHABAD (Rs. 15)	570	0
70 United (Rs. 5)	184	0
INSURANCE.		
80-500 Empire (Rs. 14)	1250	0
15-100 Jupiter (As. 12)	15	0
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	44	0
20 Mercantile	55	0
200 Oriental (125)	5,900	0
10-50 Universal Fire (As. 4)	5	7
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	7	9
ELECTRIC.		
100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	182	8
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY (45)	1705	0
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	13	8
50 B'BAY TRAM (Rs 2-8)	151	4
100 Bom Suburban (Rs. 6)	190	0
10 Broach	14	4
100 Karachi (4)	267	8
100 Poona (4)	285	0
100 Surat (Rs 6)	210	0
100 T. HYDRO (Rs. 5)	181	4
1000 T. POWER (Rs. 40)	1500	0
RAILWAYS		
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	910	0
100 C. Province	94	8
100 Dhond Baramati	102	0
100 Gujarat	92	0
100 Mandra Bhon	97	8
100 Pachora Jamner	97	8
100 Sara Sirajgunje	100	0
500 Tapti Valley	763	12
MININGS		
10 SHIVRAJPUR (As. 8)	64	8
30 TATA STEEL DEF (Rs. 7-8)	1865	0
75 T STEEL ORD. (Rs. 6)	367	0
MISCELLANEOUS.		
100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5)	361	4
50 B. SUGAR (Rs. 7)	187	8
200 B Bay Sale Dep (Rs 40)	00	0
250 B. STEAM (Rs. 15)	302	8
125 B. BURMA (Rs. 12-9)	746	4
50 Do Contry (Rs. 5)	240	0
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	7-8	0
50 B. TELEPHONE (1-8)	117	4
9 Burma Corp. (As. 8)	14	12
2sh. Indian Copper	4	9
10 Indian I. and S.	57	0
100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 4)	155	0
50 I Invest Trust (Rs 2)	54	0
100 I. Radio Defd. (12)	650	0
100 I. Radio Ord. (15)	530	0
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	620	0
15 Scindia	30	0
30 PREMIER CON.	100	8
25 Tata Oil (nil)	30	4
PREFERENCE.		
7 p.c Andhra Valley	1550	0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	299	6
7 p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F.)	84	8
5 p.c Central India (T.F.)	537	8
7 p.c Katni 1st	136	4
7 p.c. Katni 2nd (T.F.)	146	4
7-1/2 p.c Punjab Cement	13	10
6-1/4 p.c. Prem. Const 1st	104	8
6 1/4 p.c Prem Const. 2nd	100	0
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	153	12
7-1/2 p.c Tata Power	1560	0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st.	200	0
7½ p.c. Tata Steel 2nd.	178	12
7 p.c Vishnu	692	8
DEBENTURES.		
3-3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	101	0
6 p.c. Andhra Valley	110	0
4 p.c. Bom. Telephone	51	4
7 p.c Sholapur	84	12
6 p.c Tata Hydro	110	0

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares ex forward list.)

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, April 9.

Century (225) 227 226 235 233 234
Bom. Dyeing (980) 1000 1007 1012 1011 1016 1015
Kohinoor (330) 335 336 333 337 335 336
Central India (321/4) 327 328 331 330
New Great (243/12) 251 257 260 261
Simplex (103/12) 106 109 108
Swadeshi (270) 272 275 278
Bundi (44/12) 44/8 45/4
I. Cement (585) 592 595 593
Punjab (33/) 33/2
Shahabad (565) 570 572 570
Andhra (1705) 1700
Tata Hydro (181/14) 182/8 181/4
Tata Power (1492/8) 1495 1492 1487 1500
Tram. Ord. (151/4) 151/4
T. Steel Dfd. (1755) 1800 1790 1800 1775 1825 1805 1840 1820 1855 1865
T. Steel Ord. (342) 350 353 350 359 356 360 358 361 359 366 367
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (178/4) 178/4 178/12
Bellapur 187/8) 189 191 187 185
B. Steam (301/4) 302
B. Burma (717/8) 732 735 728 740 737 742 746

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, April 8.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have received the following quotations from New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Amr. Water Works Com.	21
Amr. Gas and Electric	35
Ame. Power and Light Com.	11
Ame Power and Light Pfd 5 p c A	57
Electric Power and Light 7 p.c. Pfd	77
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd.	70
Electric Bond 6 p.c. Pfd.	78
Columbia Gas	14
United Corpn.	6
American Tel. and Tel.	168 3/4
Western Union Telg.	71
Baltimore and Ohio Rly.	35
Great North Pfd. Rly.	49
New York Central Rly.	48
Southern Pacific Rly.	57
Union Pacific Rly.	138
Amr. Rolling Mills	38
Brazilians Traction	26
Republican Steel	42
United States Steel	113 1/4
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	16
Amr. Car Foundry	51
Anaconda Copper Mining	58
Int. Nickel of Canada	65 1/2
Chrysler	115
Ford Motors of Canada A	24
General Motors	59 1/4
General Electric	53 3/4
Kelvinator	21
Consolidated Oil	16
Mid Cont. Oil	31
Socony	18 3/4
Chase Bank	56
National City Bank	50
Sun Life of Canada	715
Amr. Celenase	33
National Steel	83
St. Regis Paper	11
United S. Smelting	92

General Motor sales for March 260,000 units. Brokers loans for the week down 11 million dollars. Market steadier with some advances commodities stronger sentiments less confused, possibility exists further selling but of less importance.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, April 9

Wheat	8,171 cwts.
Wheat	8,171 cwts.
Linseed	16,413 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	2,045 cwts.
Gingellyseed	1,833 cwts.
Groundnuts	5,112 cwts.
Castorseed	4,892 cwts.
Rice	15,956 cwts.
Myrabollams	971 cwts.
Cottonseed	5,069 cwts.
Gram	1,468 cwts.
Joowar	3 004 cwts.
Barley	555 cwts.
Bajree	1,446 cwts.
Indian sugar	4,775 cwts.
Coal	478 tons.

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 8-4-37	6285000	6573000
Receipts yesterday 8-4-37	10000	3000
Exports to date 8-4-37	4712000	5161000
Stock at Ports 2-4-37	1820000	2071000
Stock at Interior Towns 2-4-37	1566000	1902000
Stock at Liverpool 2-4-37	1020000	690000
Visible Supply 2-4-37	5037000	5383000
Quantity in sight 2-4-37	11792000	11261000
Quantity out of sight 2-4-37	10007000	89840000

LONDON PRODUCE

London, April 8.

Wheat Rozaria Santa Fe May-July sellers	50/3
Wheat Barletta Russo	unquoted
Wheat South Australian April sellers	50/3

LONDON MARKETS

Bombay, April 9

London market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£66-0-0
Standard copper 3 months	£65-7-6
Electrolytic copper	£71-0-0
New York—	
Blue Eagle	17 cents.
Non-Blue Eagle	16.50 cents.
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 46
Copper Sheets	Rs. 61
Tone: Steady.	

LONDON SEEDS

London, April 8.

Linseed La Plata Hull C. I. F. April sellers	£13/12/6
Linseed Calcutta London C. I F. April-May sellers	£15/5/0
Linseed Bombay London C. I. F. April-May sellers	£15/17/6
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont. C. I. F. April-May sellers	£14/17/6
Castorseed Bombay Hull S. I. F. April-May sellers	£14/12/6

LONDON RUBBER

Londin, April 8.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb. sellers	12 1/8

NEW YORK COF

JUPITER GENERAL
Insurance Co., Ltd. has its Head Office in Fort, Bombay.
J11

REGD. NO. B. 1068

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, APRIL 10, 1937

JUPITER GENERAL
has branches and agencies in principal towns in India.
J12

Our Cairo Letter

PREPARATIONS FOR KING FAROUQ'S CORONATION

Ban On Publication Of Queen-Mother's Photograph: Unrest Among Students

(From Our Correspondent.)
CAIRO, (By Air Mail.)

The Egyptian Government is busy now preparing for the Coronation Ceremony of King Farouq.

It is understood that on the first day of the Celebrations His Majesty will proceed to the Cairo, Fort, where there is the old Palace, which was formerly used for the Coronation of the Khediv rulers. From the Cairo Fort, the King will return to his own Palace in a huge procession and will thence pay a visit to the Parliament House. In the Parliament, itself, official arrangements are being made for the Coronation Ceremony, Her Majesty the Queen Mother will officially attend the function.

There will be a special palanquin reserved for the Queen Mother, while other palanquins will bear the King's Royal sisters, noblemen and political representatives. The Royal Family is also busy with the preparations of the new system of Coronation ceremony they would perform. The Princes will attend in a special new dress which will have a broad green ribbon attached from the neck to the waist.

ACCORDING TO SHARIAT

The ceremony, itself, will be performed according to the Mahomedan Shariat and His Majesty will announce to his subjects that he would do everything in his capacity to carry on reforms with a view to the attainment of prosperity of the country. His Majesty will award all the officials of the Palace medals. The Government officials as well as political representatives and noblemen and other important persons will also be suitably awarded on the occasion. Next the King will announce the donation of large amounts of money to the needy and poor and public and charitable institutions from his private privy purse.

QUEEN-MOTHER'S PHOTOGRAPH

Mr. Taabi, the Egyptian journalist, who is accompanying H. M. King Farouq and his retinue on his Continental tour, has written a letter to the Editor of the local Illustrated weekly "Al Latief" informing him that he (Mr. Taabi) has been instructed by King Farouq's A.D.C. to request all Egyptian newspapers and journals to refrain from publishing any photographs of the Queen Mother.

The Editor of the "Tayib" has replied back regretting his inability to comply with the request since all the Continental papers have published the photographs of the Queen Mother and their refraining from giving publicity to these would not be just. The letter from Mr. Taabi was received in Cairo by mail while the photographs had been received by air and published much earlier.

STRICT PURDAH.

It will be recalled here that on his accession to the throne, King Fuad had forbidden any photographs of his royal wife to be taken or published. He had enjoined on her the strict order of "purdah" and he did not want any one to take photographs of the Queen and published them.

Once it so happened that at a public function a European gentleman was lucky enough to take a snap of Her Majesty. But before this photograph could be exposed, King Fuad came to know of it and immediately ordered the destruction of the negative as well as the camera.

After this no photograph of the Queen Mother had been taken before she left for Europe with her son, King Farouq, this time. It was also for the first time that she removed her "purdah" when she left the shores of her native country on her visit to the Continent.

The Queen Mother has been keeping indifferent health for some time past and that was the reason why King Farouq left this time for a Continental tour with his royal mother and his royal sisters. Though the Royal party will after some time proceed to Britain to be present at the time of the Coronation in London. His Majesty will not officially participate in the Coronation celebrations.

KAPURTHALA CHIEF ENTERTAINED.

H. R. H. Shareef Sabri Pasha, uncle of His Majesty King Farouq and member of the Egyptian Council of Regency, entertained His Highness the Maharajah of Kapurthala and his two sons at Cairo. H. R. H. Nahas Pasha, the Premier, and many high politicians were present on the occasion.

It will be recalled here that the Maharajah always likes to halt in Egypt on his way from India to the continent or "vice versa" on his usual annual rounds. The Maharajah is on his way to London to participate in the Coronation ceremonies of King George VI

His Highness the Agha Khan has arrived at Cairo from Nairobi "en route" to England to attend the Royal Coronation, and was given a warm reception by the authorities.

TROUBLE AMONG STUDENTS

Recently there has been trouble brewing among the students in regard to the attitude taken by the present Government in its national policy as well as other matters especially in regard to the capitulation tribunal conference which is meeting at Montreaux (Switzerland) on April 12. There has been an unhappy split among the student community and they are sharply divided on the question of the present Government's policies. The result has been that there have been many clashes between the two sections of the student world of Egypt, one side supporting the Wafd party policy while the other upholding the anti-Wafdist party. And in this fight newspapers who have been taking sides or otherwise have been also a target to the hooliganism of the students. "Al Balagh", one of the leading dailies of Cairo, had its share, too. Some of the recalcitrant students threw stones at its offices and smashed its window panes.

"PROTECTOR OF ISLAM."

News had been published in the Arab Press of Egypt from Italian agencies that prior to his departure from Tripoli to Rome, Signor Mussolini had announced that he was "protector of Islam and the Arabs. This announcement had caused a great deal of indignation among the Moslems and especially among the religious section of Egypt and other Arab countries. Three days after the publication of this news, the Italian embassy at Cairo has issued a press statement contradicting the message as having ever been made by the Duce and stating that Signor Mussolini did not make any statement of the sort, namely, that he had claimed for himself being "the protector of Islam and the Arabs" before his departure for Rome from Tripoli.

IRAQ MURDER.

Another brother of the late Jaffar Pasha Askari, who fell a victim to the coup in Iraq, has been fatally shot by "an unknown person." There have been many cases after the coup d'etat of friends and sympathisers of the late Government of Iraq being shot at by "unknown persons" or falling victims to "death by natural causes."

25th after a heroic struggle of about one month on the intervention of the Congress President, when the Bhangis' demands were submitted to the arbitration of Sjt. Amritlal Thakkar, the Secretary of the All-India Harijan Sevak Sangh, and the Municipal President, Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, solemnly promised to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru that he would either get the Municipality to implement the terms of Sjt. Thakkar's decision or resign his presidential office.

On June 17th, Sjt. Thakkar gave his award recommending an all round increase of Re. 1 in the sweepers' salary and the grant of all rights of leave, etc., generally granted to the permanent servants of the Municipality. On August 1st the Municipality resolved, in direct contravention of the award to reduce the number of Bhangis to 150 (instead of the 185 mentioned in Sjt. Thakkars award) though none of the beneficial clauses were given effect to by the authorities. On September 1st 35 Bhangis were ruthlessly sacked while some six assistant Mukadams were dismissed before.

Since then we have repeatedly drawn the attention of Sjt. Thakkar as well as the Congress President to the running sore. But they have not been able to effectively interfere in the matter due to their heavy pre-occupation.

We, therefore, appeal to all the Bhangis and their chosen friends to hold meetings and demonstrations to condemn the attitude of the Broach Municipality and to demand the immediate compliance with Sjt. Thakkar's award.

KATHIAWAR STATES FUSION

Scheme Of Amalgamation With Baroda Forges Ahead

(From Our Correspondent.)
BARODA, April 8.

It is understood that the scheme of the fusion of smaller States with Baroda is now being vigorously pushed through and a high official of this State recently visited certain small States of Kathiawar for the purpose. The question of retrocession of the Cantonment limits, it is learnt, is also practically settled. About a score of States have already agreed to the Baroda scheme of amalgamating smaller States within its fold.

NO ADDRESS TO GOVERNOR

Dharwar Municipal Decision

(From Our Correspondent).
DHARWAR, April 9.

President, Dharwar Municipality, in a special meeting yesterday moved the presentation of an address to the Bombay Governor, who is coming next month to Dharwar. Mr. Pathan, pleader, moved the amendment: "In view of the strong representation from rate-payers and citizens and in view of the resolution of the public meeting received by the President and of unpleasant incidents happening as a result, the consideration of presenting the address be adjourned "sine die."

Dr. Narayanarao Kabbur seconded it and it was passed "nem con." The original resolution from the chair was not voted upon. Perhaps for first time in Dharwar Municipal history, the party in power failed to carry out such resolution.

UNDER POLICE SURVEILANCE

Punjab Village Resident Who Returned From New Zealand

JULLUNDUR: April 7.

Sardar Harbans Singh of village Karnana in Nawashahr Doaba tehsil, who returned from New Zealand in 1934, has been placed under police surveillance. During the past three years, he had been many a time summoned by the C.I.D. and questioned about his past career, as also about the whereabouts of his younger brother, Sardar Milkhi Singh.

It is stated that strict censorship is kept over his correspondence, and the constant presence of police officials at his residence, is resented by his people.—United Press.

Babu Rajendra Prasad left for his village home in Ziradi in Chapra district on Tuesday morning. It is understood he will stay there for a week.

COASTAL TRADING IN INDIA

Japanese Ships Increase On Indian Coast

NEW DEHI, April 8.

Official circles are maintaining extreme reticence about the forthcoming Indo-Japanese Shipping Conference

With regard to coastal trading in India by Japanese ships, it is pointed out that although Japanese ships have been free to ply between Indian ports, there has recently been a considerable increase in number of Japanese ships which trade from port to port.

It is further pointed out that most of the countries in the world reserve the right of coastal trading to their own ships. It is also understood that at least one leading British shipping line is somewhat perturbed regarding the growth of Japanese shipping.—A. P.

CONGRESS HELP TO JUTE STRIKERS

Bengal P. C. C. Executive Forms Sub-Committee

CALCUTTA, April 9.

In view of the deplorable condition of the entire jute workers, which has compelled 80,000 of them to undertake a "perfectly justified strike" in 13 jute mills on both sides of the Hooghly river and also in view of the general policy of the Indian National Congress recently enunciated after establishing greater mass contact, the Executive Council of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee at a meeting held to-night formed a Sub-Committee consisting of 15 members to render all possible help to the jute workers' struggle and called upon the people of Bengal to do the same.—United Press.

"MERCY" MURDER OF LEPER

Alleged Crime Of U. P. Villagers

LUCKNOW, April 9.

A "mercy" murder of a leper, who was thrown alive in the river Ganges is reported from the district Unao.

It is stated the man named Buddhu, who had been suffering from leprosy sine long, persuaded the villagers to relieve him of his misery, which the villagers did most reluctantly by throwing him in the Ganges at Kaluagara Ghat.

The corpse could not be taken out, and the abettors of the crime including one woman, are in police custody.—United Press.

TWO MORE KIDNAPPED

PESHAWAR, April 9.

According to information received from Bannu a further kidnapping case occurred yesterday, about mid-day near Janikhel post.

A Muslim overseer and his Hindu munshi were kidnapped by the trans-border gang.—A. P.

Committee Members Of Federation Of Indian Chambers

NEW DELHI, April 9.

The following have been elected to the Committee of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry:—

President—Sir Rahimtulla Chinoy.

Members—Lala Sriram, Messrs. Walchand Hirachand, Kasturbhai Lalbhai, Padampat Singhania, Jamshed Mehta, N. R. Sarkar, Diwan Bahadur C. S. R. Mudaliar, Messrs. B Das, M.L.A., M. L. Dhanukar, C. B. Mehta, D. C. Ghose and P S Sodhadans.—United Press.

Mr. G. M. Garrie of Messrs. Thomas Duff and Company, Limited, Calcutta, has been nominated by the Indian Jute Mills Association, Calcutta, to be a member of the Indian Central Jute Committee, vice Mr. P. S. MacDonald resigned.

FAQIR OF IPI STILL ACTIVE

Alleged Detailing Of Gangs For Raids In Bannu District

NEW DELHI, April 9.

Large bodies of hostile tribesmen are still collected in North Waziristan, looking for opportunities to attack the troops. The Faqir of Ipi is in his cave in the Shaktu valley and is said to have detailed gangs for raids in the Bannu District.

The Bora Khel Wazir Khassadars in the Razmak area were heavily fired on during the night of April 7th-8th by dismissed Tori Khel Khassadars One Tori Khel was killed. A report has been received of the kidnapping of a Muhammadan District Board overseer and a Hindu Munshi on April 8th, apparently somewhere on the Bannu border. Further details of the incident are awaited. Three Hindus kidnapped in the Razmak area on April 6th arrived at Shaktu on April 7th

The Resident in Waziristan interviewed Bakka Khel and Jani Khel Wazir Jirgas at Bannu on April 8th and warned them against the commission of further offences. He told them that until further orders they should not carry out their usual summer migrations to Shawal in the Waziristan Hills.—A. P

SUBHAS' SPLENDID LEAD

He Is A Great Strength To Congress Left Wing, Says Masani

PATNA, April 9.

Interviewed by the "United Press" about his impressions on the first public utterance of Sjt. Subhas Chandra Bose after his unconditional release, Mr. M. R. Masani, a Socialist leader of Bombay, has issued the following:—

"Subhas Babu has given a splendid lead to his province. I am sure, his speech raised great hopes throughout the country, and that Bengal would very soon be able to play an even more significant part in the national struggle than she had done in recent years. Among Socialists, particularly his declaration, "Bengal has to be united on the basis of a common economic, social programme, which unites not only all Congress groups, but the Hindu-Muslim masses as well" will cause great satisfaction.

"We long felt that the comparative weakness in Congress organisation in Bengal was due to inadequate appreciation, and needed aspirations of the Bengal peasantry, largely Muslim in composition, and that Hindu-Muslim unity could only be achieved on the basis of a radical economic programme.

"While Bengal problems undoubtedly call for Subhas Babu's attention, I welcome his assurance that he intends devoting part of his time and energies to the All-India activities. I feel Congress will benefit, if it avails itself to the fullest extent of Subhas Babu's talents and experience in moulding its policy. His reappearance in active politics is bound to mean, in any event, valuable to the occasion and strength to the left-wing of the Congress."—United Press.

EX-DETEU ELECTED BENGAL COUNCIL CHIEF

CALCUTTA, April 9.

Mr. Satyendra Chandra Mitra (who was detenu under Regulation III of 1818 from 1924-27) has been elected President of the Bengal Council with 30 votes, his rival, the Maharaja of Santosh, receiving 29.

Mr. Mitra is the leader of the Congress Party in the Upper House, while the Maharaja was President of the last Bengal Council.—A. P.

The King has approved of the appointment of Mr. J. H. Penson, to be a member of the Commission of the Government of Newfoundland, in succession to Mr. E. M. R. Trentham, who has been appointed Financial Adviser to His Majesty's Ambassador at Washington.

Responsible Govt. Is A Sham

Zetland's Statement Is Moral Victory For Congress

GENERAL ELECTION ON "ASSURANCE" ISSUE FORESHADOWED

BOMBAY, Friday.

(From Our Special Correspondent)

The statement of Lord Zetland has contributed a great deal towards strengthening the determination of Congressmen to stick to the formula on office acceptance by the Delhi meeting of the All-India Congress Committee, and in no circumstance would there be a change in the Congress policy so far as formation of Ministries were concerned.

This is the view of leading Congressmen in the city, with whom I discussed the statement of the Secretary of State for India regarding the deadlocks in the six provinces

The position of the Congress is very clear. The Congress ranks are more united to-day than ever before and "revolutionary Nehru and reformist Rajagopalachariar" are united in their determination to stick to the Delhi resolution, happen what may

MORAL VICTORY.

Statements like the one made by Lord Zetland, it is argued, only contribute towards the justification of the stand taken by the Congress The whole country today knows that the Government is in the wrong. The Congress has gained a moral victory. The masses understand the position very clearly and Lord Zetland has if anything, made the people realise that the so-called responsible Government is a mere sham.

It should be clear to everyone now at least, that while the Governors were inclined to give the assurances demanded by the Congress leaders, it was Lord Zetland, who intervened and stopped those assurances from being given. Men like Lord Zetland little realise that it is they who increase the discontent among the people by the tone of their utterances.

CONGRESS VINDICATED.

Lord Zetland's statement, it is stated, has amply proved the Congress case. It shows that the Congress Executive was justified in calling upon the Governors to give assurances, whether formal or informal. That statement is welcomed in Congress circles as it is bound to keep the Right and the Left close together for any united action that the Congress might decide upon. Where the present deadlocks would lead to one cannot say at present. What would be the immediate result of the present political situation in the country it is difficult to foresee, excepting that the masses have gained enough strength and would willingly support any move that the Congress may decide upon.

STRAIGHT PROGRAMME.

In the meanwhile, enquiries go to show, that there is no change in the programme chalked out for the Congressmen both inside and outside the Legislatures. They will continue with their programme of work as if nothing had happened, excepting that Lord Zetland has helped them in their work of educating the people as to what the Constitution truly is.

It is clear now, that the six stop-gap Ministries will be dismissed by the Governors, immediately they face the Legislatures and the Congress leaders, who will be invited to form Ministries will demand the assurances with greater authority and emphasis than before. If they do not get the assurances, they will refuse to form Ministry.

In that case, it is possible that the Governors might follow the advice of the "Morning Post" and suspend the Constitution by taking over the administration of the Province themselves. If not, a general election is bound to follow, and the Congress will fight the elections on "assurance'" issue and take the verdict of the country.

CONGRESS MEMBERS WILL NOT ATTEND

To-day's Meeting Of Assam Assemlby

SHILLONG, April 9.

Congress members have decided not to attend to-morrow's meeting of the Assembly when the Governor will address the House, in view of the fact that they were not allowed to move any amendment to the Address.

This, according to the Leader of the Congress Party, was against the constitutional practice of the British Houses of Parliament They however meant no personal disrespect to the Governor.

The Leader of the House said that the King's Address was generally drafted by the Ministers in England and as such, it reflected the Government's policy. Therefore, to amendments and criticism. In India, however, the Governor's address was his own. As such, according to the constitution, it was beyond criticism on the floor of the House.

It is understood no motion of no-confidence in ministers will be tabled in this session.—A. P.

ATTEMPT AT TRAIN WRECKING?

Eleven Goods Wagons On E. I. Ry. Derailed

PATNA, April 9.

A report has been received of a derailment involving eleven wagons on the grand chord line of the E. I. Ry. between Karunnas and Durgoti. The wagons were part of the 91 Up Goods train.

It is suspected to be a case of malicious attempt at train wrecking. Police investigations are proceeding.—A. P.

CONGRESSMAN ARRESTED

Sedition Charge Against Ex-Secretary Of 'Pindi Committee

RAWALPINDI: April 8.

Mr Indar Sain Anand, a former Secretary of the Rawalpindi City Congress Committee, was arrested yesterday afternoon under section 124-A, I.P.C., under the warrants issued by the Additional District Magistrate, Mardan.

It is understood that the arrest was made on the basis of a speech he is said to have delivered at Mardan in course of the recent Congress election campaign. —United Press.

At what place the
Funeral tent of the beautiful Queen
ISI-EM-KHEB
made of
LEATHER
was discovered
?
Please See Page 2

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